NATIONAL REGISTER BULLETIN

Technical information on the the National Register of Historic Places: survey, evaluation, registration, and preservation of cultural resources

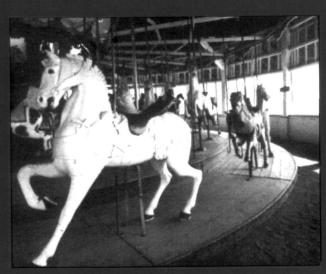


U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service Cultural Resources National Register, History and Education

How to Complete the National Register Registration Form









The mission of the Department of the Interior is to protect and provide access to our Nation's natural and cultural heritage and honor our trust responsibilities to tribes.

This material is partially based upon work conducted under a cooperative agreement with the National Conference of State Historic Preservation Officers and the U.S. Department of the Interior.



1997

Cover

(Top Left) Located in Hillsborough County, Florida, El Centrol Espanol de Tampa is listed in the National Register of Historic Places for its significance as the oldest of the Latin clubs in Tampa and for its architectural design. It was founded in 1891 to provide a social and civic community for cigar workers from Cuba, New York City, Key West, and Spain. The club provided family medical services, educational and citizenship programs, and recreational facilities. The building's architecture is notable for its Spanish and Italian motifs fashioned in pressed brick and terra cotta. (Walter Smalling, Jr.)

(Top Right) Part of the Coronado State Monument in Bernalillo, Sandoval County, New Mexico, the Kuaua Ruin consists of a series of low earth mounds. The ruin is significant as a Pueblo Indian village that was occupied from 1300 A.D. to the Spanish contact period. (Museum of New Mexico)

(Bottom Left) The 1915 carousel at Pullen Park, Wake County, North Carolina, is listed in the National Register of Historic Places as a fine example of the turn-of-the-century carousels built by the Gustav A. Dentzel Company of Pennsylvania. It is also significant for its role in the historical development of recreation in Raleigh. (North Carolina Division of Archives and History)

(Bottom Right) Constructed 1890-1892, the Sheridan Boright House in Richford, Franklin County, Vermont, is significant for its architecture. The design and detailing of this exuberant late 19th-century Queen Anne/Eastlake residence were directly influenced by <u>Palliser's American Cottage Homes</u>, a pattern book published in 1878. (Francis Brawley Foster)

GUIDELINES FOR COMPLETING NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES FORMS

PART A

HOW TO COMPLETE THE NATIONAL REGISTER REGISTRATION FORM

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
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PREFACE

The National Register of Historic Places is the official Federal list of districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects significant in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture. These contribute to an understanding of the historical and cultural foundations of the Nation. The National Register includes:

- All prehistoric and historic units of the National Park System;
- National Historic Landmarks, which are properties recognized by the Secretary of the Interior as possessing national significance;
- Properties significant in American, State, or local prehistory and history that have been nominated by State Historic Preservation Officers, Federal agencies, and others, and have been approved for

listing by the National Park Ser-

By Federal law, National Register listing assists in preserving historic properties in several ways:

- Recognition and appreciation of historic properties and their importance,
- Consideration in planning Federal and Federally assisted projects,
- Making property owners eligible for Federal tax benefits,
- Consideration in decisions to issue surface coal mining permits,
- Qualifying preservation projects for Federal grant assistance.

The Historic Sites Act of 1935 (Public Law 74-292) established the National Historic Landmarks Survey.

The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665) authorized the National Register of Historic Places, expanding Federal recognition to historic properties of local and State significance. The National Park Service in the U.S. Department of the Interior administers both programs. Regulations for these programs are contained in 36 CFR Part 60, National Register of Historic Places, and 36 CFR Part 65, National Historic Landmarks Program.

The National Historic Preservation Act authorizes State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs) in each State and Territory of the United States to nominate properties to the National Register of Historic Places and to carry out other preservation activities. Federal Preservation Officers (FPOs) have been designated in Federal agencies to nominate Federal properties and to fulfill other respon-

sibilities under the Act.

CREDITS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This bulletin was prepared by Linda F. McClelland, Architectural Historian, of the National Register Branch, under the supervision of Carol D. Shull, Chief of Registration. James Charleton of the History Division helped prepare the chapter on documenting nationally significant properties. Maureen P. Danaher, Historian, National Register Branch, and Rebecca Shrimpton provided editorial assistance.

The bulletin reflects the comments and suggestions of many individuals from State historic preservation offices, Federal agencies, and preservation organizations. Special appreciation is extended to the members of the National Register Task Force of the National Conference of State Historic Preservation Officers (NCSHPO), chaired by Edward F. Sanderson, Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer for Rhode Is-

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Preface
I.	Introduction
	What is the National Register of Historic Places? What qualifies a property for listing? What is the purpose of this bulletin? Who may prepare a National Register nomination?
II.	Getting Started
	Where to Start Understanding the Basics Gathering the Facts Making the Case for Significance
III.	Completing the National Register Registration Form
	General Instructions
	1. Name of Property
	2. Location 1 Street and Number 1 Guidelines for Entering Street and Number 1 Not for Publication 1
	City or Town 1 Vicinity 1 State 1 County 1 Zip code 1
	3. State/Federal Agency Certification
	4. National Park Service Certification
	5. Classification 1 Ownership of Property 1 Category of Property 1 Name of Related Multiple Property Listing 1 Number of Resources within Property 1 Number of Contributing Resources Previously Listed in the National Register 1
	6. Function or Use
	7. Description 2 Architectural Classification 2 Guidelines for Architectural Classification 2 Data Categories 2 Materials 2 Data Categories 2 Guidelines for Entering Materials 2 Narrative Description 2 Writing an Architectural Description 3 Guidelines for Describing Properties 3
	8. Statement of Significance 3 Applicable National Register Criteria 3 Criteria Considerations 3 National Register Criteria 3 Areas of Significance 3 Guidelines for Selecting Area of Significance 3 Data Categories 4

	Period of Significance42Guidelines for Selecting the Periods of Significance42Significant Dates43Guidelines for Identifying Significant Dates43Significant Person43Guidelines for Entering Names of Significant Persons43Cultural Affiliation44Guidelines for Entering Cultural Affiliation44Architect/Builder45Guidelines for Entering Name of Architect/Builder45Narrative Statement of Significance45Summary Paragraph45Supporting Paragraphs—History of Property46Writing a Statement of Significance45Guidelines for Evaluating and Stating Significance47Supporting Paragraphs—Historic Context50Guidelines for Developing Historic Context51
9.]	Major Bibliographical References52Bibliography52Guidelines for Bibliographical References52Previous Documentation on File (NPS)52Primary Location of Additional Data53
10.	Geographical Data54Acreage of Property54UTM References54Guidelines for Entering UTM References55Verbal Boundary Description55Guidelines for Verbal Boundary Description58Boundary Justification55Guidelines for Selecting Boundaries56
11.	Form Prepared By
	Additional Documentation 60 Continuation Sheets 60 Guidelines for Continuation Sheets 61 Maps 61 Geographical Map 61 Guidelines for Geographical Maps 63 Sketch Map 61 Guidelines for Sketch Maps 62 Photographs 63 Guidelines for Photographic Coverage 64 Additional Items 65
IV. Docum	enting Properties within Multiple Property Submissions
V. Docum	enting Nationally Significant Properties
VI. Amend	ling National Register Forms
The Completed	Form: The Hartstene Island Community Center
Appendix I Appendix II Appendix IV Appendix V Appendix VI Appendix VII Appendix VIII Appendix IX Appendix X	State Codes County Codes Federal Agency Codes Glossary of National Register Terms National Historic Landmarks Criteria Checklist for Describing Structures of Engineering or Industrial Significance Instructions for Certifying Registration Forms Instructions for Determining UTM References Contacts List of National Register Bulletins

I. INTRODUCTION

WHAT IS THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES?

The National Register is the official Federal list of districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects significant in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture. National Register properties have significance to the prehistory or history of their community, State, or the Nation. The Register is administered by the National Park Service. Nominations for listing historic properties come from State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs), Federal Preservation Officers (FPOs), for properties owned or controlled by the United States Government, and Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (TPOs), for properties on tribal lands. Properties are also determined eligible for listing at the request of SHPOs, TPOs and Federal agencies. While SHPOs, FPOs, and TPOs nominate properties for National Register listing, private individuals and organizations, and local governments, often initiate the process and prepare the necessary documentation. A professional review board in each State considers each property proposed for listing and makes a recommendation on its eligibility. Communities having a certified local historic preservation program, called Certified Local Governments (CLGs), also make recommendations to the SHPO on the eligibility of properties within their community.

WHAT QUALIFIES A PROPERTY FOR LISTING?

Properties listed in the National Register of Historic Places possess historic significance and integrity.

Significance may be found in four aspects of American history recognized by the National Register Criteria:

- •Association with historic events or activities,
- Association with important persons,
- Distinctive design or physical characteristics, or
- Potential to provide important information about prehistory or history.

A property must meet at least one of the criteria for listing. Integrity must also be evident through historic qualities including location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

Generally properties must be fifty years of age or more to be considered historic places. They must also be significant when evaluated in relationship to major trends of history in their community, State, or the nation. Information about historic properties and trends is organized, by theme, place, and time, into historic contexts that can be used to weigh the historic significance and integrity of a property.

WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS BULLETIN?

This bulletin contains instructions for completing the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (NPS 10-900). Registration forms and continuation sheets (NPS 10-900-a) are available from State historic preservation offices, and the National Park Service.

The National Register Registration Form is used to document historic properties for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places It is also used to document properties for determinations of eligibility for listing.

One registration form is completed for each entry in the National Register. The entry may be a single property, such as a historic house or bridge, or it may be a historic district containing many buildings, structures, sites, and objects. Registration forms may be submitted separately or may be grouped within multiple property submissions.

Information on the National Register form has several purposes:

- Identifies and locates the historic property,
- Explains how it meets one or more of the National Register criteria, and
- Makes the case for historic significance and integrity.

The registration form must show that the property meets one of the four criteria. Even if a property appears to qualify under several criteria, only one needs to be documented for listing.

National Register documentation assists in preserving historic properties by documenting their significance and by identifying the historic characteristics that give a property historic significance and integrity. This information can be used in educating the public about significant historic properties and their preservation.

Once a property has been listed in the National Register, documentation, in the form of written records and a computerized data base called the National Register Information System (NRIS), becomes part of a national archive of information about significant historic properties in the United States.

WHO MAY PREPARE A NATIONAL REGISTER NOMINATION?

Any person or organization may prepare a National Register nomination in the form of a completed registration form. This includes property owners, public agencies, private institutions, local historical societies, local preservation commissions, local planning offices, social or merchant organizations, professional consultants, college professors and their students, special interest groups, or interested members of the general public.

Applicants submit completed forms to the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) in the State where the property is located. Forms for properties owned by the Federal government are submitted to the Federal Preservation Officer (FPO) of the agency responsible for the property. Forms for properties located on tribal

land are submitted to the Tribal Preservation Officer (TPO) of the Indian tribe responsible for the property.

Anyone interested in having a property nominated to the National Register should contact the SHPO, FPO, or TPO to learn how nominations are processed and how to get started. A list of SHPOs, FPOs, TPOs, and other contacts is found in *Appendix IX*. The SHPO can also inform applicants if their community is a Certified Local Government (CLG), which also has a role in nominating properties to the National Register.

Persons researching a historic property for the first time may wish to consult National Register Bulletin: Researching a Historic Property, which provides helpful hints and sources for documenting historic houses, commercial buildings, churches, and public buildings. Guidance on deciding whether a property has historic significance and integrity can be found in National Register Bulletin: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation. A sample of a completed registration form is included in this bulletin.

Additional National Register bulletins, which provide guidance on nominating specific types of properties, are listed in *Appendix X* and are available from the SHPO, FPO, TPO, or the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, DC 20240. The bulletins are also available on the Web at: www.cr.nps.gov/nr.

II. GETTING STARTED

WHERE TO START

Before applicants begin to prepare a nomination, they should become familiar with the registration process and be aware of what information has already been gathered about the property or its community. Applicants should first contact the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) for the State where the property is located (see Appendix IX for a list of these officials). Members of the SHPO's staff have professional expertise and a strong knowledge of the history of their State. They are willing to provide assistance throughout the nomination process. If the property is owned by the U.S. government, applicants should contact the Federal Preservation Officer (FPO) for the agency responsible for the property.

SHPOs and FPOs can help applicants:

- Obtain National Register forms and bulletins.
- Understand the process and requirements for nominating properties in their state or agency.
- Learn if the property is already protected by a local or State ordinance and whether it is listed in the State or National Register, either individually or as part of a district.
- Obtain a copy of the survey form if the property has been documented in the statewide survey.
- Learn how the property relates to themes and historic contexts identified as important in history, and obtain information about these that may be used in documenting the property.
- Determine the most likely ways the property may meet the National Register criteria, the information needed to support eligibility, and sources appropriate for further research.

- Obtain guidance for registering special kinds of properties, for example, moved buildings and structures, altered or deteriorated properties, archeological sites, historic landscapes, traditional cultural properties, properties associated with important persons, and maritime resources. (See *Appendix X* for a list of available bulletins.)
- Complete more complex items of the National Register form, such as counts of contributing resources and UTM references.

SHPOs can also inform applicants if the community where the property is located is a *Certified Local Government* (CLG) and has a preservation officer who also can provide information and assistance.

SHPOs have an important role in the nomination process. They review all documentation on the property, schedule the property for consideration by the State review board, and notify property owners and public officials of the meeting and proposed nomination. The SHPO makes a case for or against eligibility at the board's meeting, and, considering the board's opinion makes the final decision to nominate the property for National Register listing. The SHPO also comments on nominations and determinations of eligibility requested by Federal agencies.

UNDERSTANDING THE BASICS

Three key concepts—historic significance, historic integrity, and historic context—are used by the National Register program to decide whether a property qualifies for listing. An understanding of what these concepts mean and how they relate to a historic property can help those

completing National Register forms. These concepts are briefly explained below. The National Register Bulletin entitled *How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation* contains a more detailed explanation. A glossary in *Appendix IV* defines other terms used in this bulletin and the National Register program.

DEFINITION OF HISTORIC SIGNIFICANCE

Historic significance is the importance of a property to the history, architecture, archeology, engineering, or culture of a community, State, or the nation. It is achieved in several ways:

- Association with events, activities, or patterns
- Association with important persons
- Distinctive physical characteristics of design, construction, or form
- Potential to yield important information.

The complete National Register criteria, including the criteria considerations for special kinds of properties, are listed on page 37. In addition to the above criteria, significance is defined by the **area** of history in which the property made important contributions and by the **period** of time when these contributions were made.

DEFINITION OF HISTORIC CONTEXT

Properties are significant within the context of prehistory or history. **Historic context** is information about historic trends and properties grouped by an important theme in the prehistory or history of a community, State, or the nation during a particular period of time.

Because historic contexts are organized by theme, place, and time, they link historic properties to important historic trends. In this way they provide a framework for determining the significance of a property and its eligibility for National Register listing. A knowledge of historic contexts allows applicants to understand a historic property as a product of its time and as an illustration of aspects of heritage that may be unique, representative, or pivotal.

Themes often relate to the historic development of a community, such as commercial or industrial activities. They may relate to the occupation of a prehistoric group, the rise of an architectural movement, the work of a master architect, specific events or activities, or a pattern of physical development that influenced the character of a place at a particular time in history. It is within the larger picture of a community's history that local significance becomes apparent. Similarly State and national significance become clear only when the property is seen in relationship to trends and patterns of prehistory or history statewide or nationally.

DEFINITION OF HISTORIC INTEGRITY

Historic integrity is the authenticity of a property's historic identity, evidenced by the survival of physical characteristics that existed during the property's prehistoric or historic period.

Historic integrity is the composite of seven qualities:

- location
- design
- setting
- materials
- workmanship
- feeling
- association

Historic integrity enables a property to illustrate significant aspects of its past. For this reason, it is an important qualification for National Register listing. Not only must a property resemble its historic appearance, but it must also retain physical materials, design features, and aspects of construction dating from the period when it attained significance. The integrity of archeological resources is generally based on the degree to which remaining evidence can provide important information. All seven qualities do not need to be present for eligibility as long as the overall sense of past time and place is evident.

GATHERING THE FACTS

A person wishing to prepare a nomination needs a thorough knowledge of the property. By physically inspecting the property and conducting historical research, applicants can gather facts such as the physical characteristics of the property, date of construction, changes to the property over time, historic functions and activities, association with events and persons, and the role of the property in the history of the community, State, or the nation.

When gathering information, keep in mind how it will fit into the final form. The form, first of all, is a record of the property at the time of listing: giving its location, defining its boundaries, identifying its historic characteristics, and describing its current condition. Second, it is a statement of how the property qualifies for National Register listing. Claims for historic significance and integrity are supported in the form by facts about the property. These facts link the property to one or more of the four National Register criteria, on one hand, and to the history of its community, State, or the nation, on the other.

Early ideas about how a property meets the National Register criteria can lead applicants to particular sources and types of information that may be more useful than others. For example, historic photographs provide valuable documentary evidence of the stylistic character and architectural form of a property at a given time in history. Newspapers and city

directories may prove valuable for learning how many and what kinds of businesses existed at a particular time in a town's history and the role of a particular store, hotel, or supplier.

First, consult reliable secondary sources, such as published histories and biographies, theses and dissertations, theme studies, and survey forms. If these sources do not provide basic facts about the property, consult primary sources such as wills, deeds, census records, newspapers, maps and atlases, city directories, diaries, and correspondence. Persons documenting archeological sites should also become familiar with related studies and literature concerning the cultural group and period of occupation reflected by the site.

Sources of contextual information include published histories, studies of historic resources of a particular region or topic, and statements of historic context developed for preservation planning at the local, regional, or State level. These contain information about the chronological development of a community or region where the property is located or national trends that the property may be related to. For example, a study on the work of a well-known architect may be useful in determining the significant features of a public building done late in his career.

The National Register bulletin entitled *Researching A Historic Property* has additional guidance and a detailed list of sources for research.

MAKING THE CASE FOR SIGNIFICANCE

Facts, such as date of construction, early owners or occupants, functions, and activities, not only verify the property's history, but also place the property in a particular time, place, and course of events. With this information, applicants can relate the property to patterns of history that extend beyond the doorstep or immediate neighborhood. From this perspective, applicants can begin to sort out the facts that give the property its historic identity and significance. Certain events, associations, or physical characteristics of the property will

take on greater or lesser importance. Properties of the same time and place can be compared to determine whether their character and associations are unique, representative, or pivotal in illustrating the history of a community, State, or the nation.

It is easier to make the case for significance when a property is associated with historic themes or trends that have been widely recognized and fully studied, such as a "textbook" example of an architectural style or the railroad depot that fostered the suburbanization of many American cities. For help in assessing significance and integrity, consult the SHPO, or the National Register bulletin on How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation.

Applicants are ready to complete the registration form when they can answer the following questions:

- What was the property called at the time it was associated with the important events or persons, or took on the important physical character that gave it importance?
- How many buildings, structures, and other resources make up the property?
- Does the property contain any archeological remains? To what period, events, and activities do they relate? To what extent has their significance been evaluated?
- When was the property constructed and when did it attain its current form?
- What are the property's historic characteristics?
- What were the historical influences (such as design, materials, style, or function) on the property's appearance?
- What changes have been made over time and when? How have these affected its historic integrity?
- What is the current condition of the property, including the exterior, interior, grounds, and setting?
- How have archeological sites, if any, been identified (e.g. through intensive survey)? To what extent and by what methods have subsurface deposits been located?
- How was the property used historically and how is it used today?
- Who occupied or used the property historically? Did they individually, or as a group, make any important contributions to history?
 Who is the current owner?
- During what period of prehistory or history was the property associated with important events, activities, or persons?
- Which of the National Register criteria apply to the property? In what areas of prehistory or history is the property significant?
- How does the property relate to the history of the community where it is located?
- How does the property illustrate any themes or trends important to the history of its community, State, or the nation?
- How large is the property, where is it located, and what are its boundaries?

III. COMPLETING THE NATIONAL REGISTER REGISTRATION FORM

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete each section of the form according to the instructions in this chapter. The instructions are organized by the number and name of each section on the National Register Registration Form (NPS 10-900). The instructions for each section include a reproduction of the section as it appears on the form, basic directions for completing each item with one or more examples, and guidelines for special cases. Lists of data categories and special examples are presented in sidebars and charts. Additional information and sources are provided in the appendices.

CORRECTIONS AND PHOTOCOPIES

Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer to complete the form. Written notes or corrections will not be accepted. Also not accepted are corrections made with tapes, pastes, or fluids. To make minor corrections, type them clearly on the original (using tape, paste, or fluid), and then submit a photocopy of the corrected page on archival paper. Any photocopies submitted with National Register forms must have permanent ink that will not rub off or imprint on adjacent pages.

COMPUTER-GENERATED FORMS

Computer-generated forms may be used in place of the National Park Service form and continuation sheet if they meet certain requirements. They must list in order all items as they appear on the National Register form. They must also contain the form number (NPS 10-900) and the

OMB approval number (appearing at the top of the National Park Service form). Forms must be printed with a letter-quality printer on archival paper. The National Park Service can

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Natio	onal Register of Historic P	lares	
Regi	istration Form	14003	
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provide a template of the National Register form that can be used with a variety of personal computers (IBM-DOS compatible) and word processing software. Applicants should check with the SHPO or FPO before using a computer-generated form.

NATIONAL REGISTER TERMS

Certain conventions and terms are used for documenting National Register properties. Although there may be other ways to classify resources, describe functions or architectural influences, or state the significance of properties, the standardized terminology and approaches adopted by the National Register program ensure nationwide consistency of National Register records. They also make the data in the National Register Information System (NRIS) more useful. Definitions of these terms and explanations of how they are used occur throughout the instructions. A glossary of National Register terms can be found in Appendix IV.

TYPES OF INFORMATION REQUIRED ON THE FORM

Carefully follow the directions item by item. Items on the registration form are diverse. Many items correspond to NRIS data elements and require brief facts about the property, such as historic name, or require an "x" in applicable boxes. Other items call for categories selected from lists used in the NRIS or for narrative statements. Some items apply only to special kinds of property, such as buildings or archeological sites.

Where the length of an entry in the NRIS is limited, the instructions note the maximum number of characters that should be entered for a number. The number of entries that can be placed in the NRIS for a certain item maybe limited. In most cases, additional entries will be retained in the National Register files; they will not be entered in the computerized data base.

MAPS AND PHOTOGRAPHS

Additional documentation in the form of photographs, a United States Geological Survey (USGS) map, and, for districts, a site plan or sketch map must accompany completed National Register forms.

HOW TO ENTER INFORMATION

Complete all items accurately and thoroughly. Narrative statements should be concise and well-organized. Enter "N/A" for "not applicable" for any item where the information requested is not relevant to the property being documented. (Do not, however, put "N/A" in each box or line within an item.) Use continuation sheets for additional information and narrative statements (see page 60).

USING LANGUAGES OTHER THAN ENGLISH

Summary paragraphs in the narrative description and statement of significance may be written in languages other than English. This is recommended for properties in communities where Spanish or other languages are commonly spoken. Provide translations of the summaries and all other information in English.

1. NAME OF PROPERTY

1. Nam	e of Property	 	
historic na	ame		
other nan	nes/site number		

HISTORIC NAME

Enter the name that best reflects the property's historic importance or was commonly used for the property during the period of significance. Enter only one name. Do not exceed 120 characters, including spaces and punctuation. List additional historic names under *Other Names/Site Number*

The term "property" refers to the entire geographic area being nominated or considered for eligibility. It may be an individual building, site, structure, or object, or it may be a district comprising a variety of buildings, sites, structures, or objects. Properties may be named for persons, events, characteristics, functions, or historic associations. Archeological sites are commonly referred to by site numbers, but may be given other names as well. National Register files, Federal Register, National Register Information System (NRIS), and any publications will refer to the property by the historic name. The historic name is preferred for general reference because it continues to be meaningful regardless of changes in ownership or use and most often relates to the reasons the property is eligible for National Register listing.

USING NAMES OF PERSONS

When the name of a person is used to identify a property, use the following format: last name, first name, and building type.

Bennett, John, House

Enter the names of well-known persons as they are listed in the *Dictionary of American Biography*.

Willard, Emma Hart

Douglass, Frederick

If a property is significant for more than one person, choose the most prominent. If the persons are equally important, include as many names as appropriate but do not exceed 120 characters for the entry. A property may be named for both the husband and wife who owned it. If there is not enough space for both names, choose the most prominent person's name or eliminate the first names altogether.

Chestnut, General James and Mary, House

or

Chestnut House

NAMING DISTRICTS

Use traditional terms such as "village," "ranch," "courthouse square," or "townsite," or the generic terms "historic district" or "archeological district," to indicate the kind of district when naming districts based on their location or historic ownership. Modifiers such as "prehistoric," "commercial," "civic," "rural," "industrial," or "residential" may also be used to define the predominant historic quality of a district. Names of historic and archeological districts should reflect the area as a whole rather than specific resources within it.

Mystic Townsite Historic District

Snake Valley Archeological District

Burke's Garden Rural Historic District

NAMING ARCHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Name archeological sites and districts by historic or traditional names.

If an archeological property does not have a historic or traditional name, enter "N/A" and list, under Other Names/Site Number, the site number or a name derived from current ownership, an aspect of cultural significance, location, or geographic features. Identify the number or name to be used in National Register records by adding "(preferred)" after the entry.

AK 43287 (preferred)

PROPERTIES WITH COMMON NAMES

Differentiate properties with common names by numbering them or adding the location to the name.

United States Post Office— Walnut Street Branch

World War II Japanese Fortification—Site 2

EXAMPLES OF HISTORIC NAMES

The historic name is generally the name associated with the significance of the property. Historic names fall into several categories:

A. Original owner or builder

Decatur, Stephen, House Hadley Falls Company Housing District

B. Significant persons or events associated with the property

Stanton, Elizabeth Cady, House Hammond-Harwood House American Flag Raising Site Columbus Landing Site Florence Townsite Historic District Quilcene-Quinault Battleground Site

C. Original or later significant uses of the property

Great Falls Portage
Lithia Park
Delaware Aqueduct
Faneuil Hall
United States Post Office—Main Branch
Warren County Courthouse
Louisiana State Capitol
Cathedral of the Madeleine (Roman Catholic)
Lexington Courthouse Square Historic District
Fort Worth Stockyards Historic District
Hohokam Platform Mound Communities

D. Location

House at 21 Main Street Texarkana Archeological District South Lima Township Historic District

E. Innovative or unusual characteristics

Lucy, the Margate Elephant
Fireproof Building
Manuka Bay Petroglyphs
1767 Milestones
Whipple Cast and Wrought-Iron Bowstring Truss Bridge
Moselle Iron Furnace Stack
Holyoke Canal System
Cast Iron Historic District
Painted Cliffs Archeological District

F. Accepted professional, scientific, technical, or traditional names

Wright II Archeological Site
Lehner Mammoth Kill Site
Experimental Breeder Reactor #1
Trinity Site
Parting Ways Archeological District
Monticello
Vieux Carre Historic District
Kawaewae Heiau
Barrio de Analco
Spade Ranch

PROPERTIES WITHOUT HISTORIC NAMES

If a property does not have a historic name, enter "N/A," and follow the instructions for *Other Name Used As Historic Name*.

OTHER NAMES/SITE NUMBER

Enter any other names by which the property has been commonly known on the line provided. Also enter the site number, if one has been assigned to the property. Separate the entries with semicolons (;). List additional names on a continuation sheet. 120 characters, including spaces and punctuation, can be entered in the NRIS.

DEFINITIONS OF OTHER NAME AND SITE NUMBER

"Other names" may reflect the property's history, current ownership, or popular use and may or may not fall into the categories given for historic names. Site numbers are sometimes assigned to properties, especially archeological sites, by a State or local government or Federal agency for identification.

OTHER NAME USED AS HISTORIC NAME

If a property does not have a historic name, enter "(preferred)" after the name or site number that should be used for the property in National Register records and publications. Use this name throughout the form and explain in section 8 why it is preferred.

2. LOCATION

2. Location				
street & number				not for publication
city or town				
state	code	county	code	zip code

STREET AND NUMBER

Enter the name and number of the street or road where the property is located. Do not exceed 120 characters, including spaces and punctuation. This information will also be used for publication in the *Federal Register*. Do not enter rural postal routes (RFD).

120 Commerce Street

Use abbreviations to save space if necessary, for example, "SR" for State route, "jct" for junction or intersection, "N" for north, and "mi" for mile.

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

Mark "x" in the boxes for both "not for publication" and "vicinity" to indicate that a property needs certain protection. To protect fragile properties, particularly those subject to looting and vandalism, the Na-

tional Park Service will withhold information about the location and character of the property from the general public. The *Federal Register* will indicate "Address Restricted" and give the nearest city or town as the property's location (see instructions for *Vicinity*). The NRIS will also refer to the location this way. Further, the National Park Service will exclude this information from any copies of documentation requested by the public.

Enter "N/A" if there is no reason to restrict information about the property.

Any information about the location, boundaries, or character of a property that should be restricted should be compiled on one or more continuation sheets. On the same sheet, explain the reasons for restricting the information.

For further information, refer to the National Register bulletin on *Guidelines* for Restricting Information About Historic and Prehistoric Resources.

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING STREET AND NUMBER

 If the road has a highway route number rather than a name, enter the highway number and indicate whether it is a Federal, State, county, or town road.

SR 2309

 If a property does not have a specific address, give the names of the nearest roads. Describe, if possible, the property's relationship to the roads.

1 mi. w. of jct. US 1 and Middletown Rd.

• For **districts**, enter either the inclusive street address numbers for all buildings and structures or a rough description of the boundaries.

12-157 Main St., 380 Frost St., and 20-125 Oak St.

Roughly bounded by Smithfield Lake, North and Lowell Avenues, and Interstate 73

Eight blocks in downtown Huntersville centered around University Square

• For **federally owned properties**, also enter the name of the district, forest, reserve, or other organizational division identifying the location of the property.

Targhee National Forest

• For properties within the **National Park system**, also enter the name of the park, and place the parks's alphabetic code in parentheses.

Mammoth Cave National Park (MACA)

CITY OR TOWN

Enter the name of the city or town where the property is located. For properties outside the boundaries of a city or town, follow the instructions for *Vicinity*.

VICINITY

For a property located outside the boundaries of a city or town (or where the address is restricted), mark "x" in the box, and enter the name of the nearest city or town found on the USGS map in the blank for "city or town."

Enter "N/A" for other properties.

STATE

Enter the name and two-letter postal code of the State or Territory where the property is located. Codes are given in *Appendix I*. Use a continuation sheet for any additional names and codes.

COUNTY

Enter the name and code of the county, parish, district, or equivalent area where the property is located. County codes are given in *Appendix II*. Use a continuation sheet for any additional names and codes.

ZIP CODE

Enter the postal zip code for the area being registered. Use a continuation sheet for any additional zip codes.

3. STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION

3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
request for determination of eligibility meets Historic Places and meets the procedural and p	Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this \square nomination the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property ster criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant continuation sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	
In my opinion, the property meets does comments.)	not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	

SHPOs and FPOs complete this section. Instructions can be found in *Appendix VII*.

4. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE CERTIFICATION

nereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
entered in the National Register.See continuation sheet.		
☐ determined eligible for the National Register ☐ See continuation sheet.		
 determined not eligible for the National Register. 		
removed from the National Register.		
other, (explain:)		

The National Park Service completes this section.

5. CLASSIFICATION

5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Res (Do not include pre	sources within Property viously listed resources in the	count.)
□ private□ public-local□ public-State□ public-Federal	□ building(s)□ district□ site□ structure□ object	Contributing	Noncontributing	buildings sites structures objects Total
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)		Number of con in the National	tributing resources pre Register	viously listed

OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY

Mark "x" in all boxes that apply to indicate ownership.

Private: Property owned by an individual, group of people, or or-

ganized body such as a church, corporation, or Indian tribe.

Public-local: Property owned by a local government such as a municipality or county.

Public-State: Property owned by the State government.

Public-Federal: Property owned by the U.S. government.

The Barnard Park Historic District, Fremont, Dodge County, Nebraska, contains 187 upper and middle class homes constructed between 1870 and 1929. It typifies the early development of residential neighboorhoods in small towns on the Great Plains. (Joni Gilkerson).

CATEGORY OF PROPERTY

Mark "x" in the box for the kind of property being documented: building, district, site, structure, or object. Mark only one box. See *National Register Property and Resource Types* on page 15 for definitions and examples.

PROPERTIES CONTAINING MORE THAN ONE RESOURCE

Classify a property having a main resource and a small number of related secondary resources by the main resource.

House, garage, and barn = Building (for house)

City park with small fountain = Site (for park)

Lighthouse, keeper's house, and oil shed = Structure (for lighthouse)

Outdoor sculpture with low wall = Object (for sculpture)

Similarly, if **two or more resources are attached**, classify them by the most important resource.

NATIONAL REGISTER PROPERTY AND RESOURCE TYPES

Туре	Definition	Examples
BUILDING	A building, such as a house, barn, church, hotel, or similar construction, is created principally to shelter any form of human activity. "Building" may also be used to refer to a historically and functionally related unit, such as a courthouse and jail or a house and barn.	houses, barns, stables, sheds, garages, court- houses, city halls, social halls, commercial buildings, libraries, factories, mills, train de- pots, stationary mobile homes, hotels, theaters, schools, stores, and churches.
prehistoric or historic occupation or activity, or a building or structure, whether standing, ruined, or vanished, where the location itself possesses historic, cultural, or archeological value regardless of the value of any existing structure.		habitation sites, funerary sites, rock shelters, village sites, hunting and fishing sites, ceremonial sites, petroglyphs, rock carvings, gardens, grounds, battlefields, ruins of historic buildings and structures, campsites, sites of treaty signings, trails, areas of land, shipwrecks, cemeteries, designed landscapes, and natural features, such as springs and rock formations, and land areas having cultural significance.
STRUCTURE	The term "structure" is used to distinguish from buildings those functional constructions made usually for purposes other than creating human shelter.	bridges, tunnels, gold dredges, firetowers, canals, turbines, dams, power plants, corncribs, silos, roadways, shot towers, windmills, grain elevators, kilns, mounds, cairns, palisade fortifications, earthworks, railroad grades, systems of roadways and paths, boats and ships, railroad locomotives and cars, telescopes, carousels, bandstands, gazebos, and aircraft.
ОВЈЕСТ	The term "object" is used to distinguish from buildings and structures those constructions that are primarily artistic in nature or are relatively small in scale and simply constructed. Although it may be, by nature or design, movable, an object is associated with a specific setting or environment.	sculpture, monuments, boundary markers, statuary, and fountains.
DISTRICT	A district possesses a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of sites, buildings, structures, or objects united historically or aesthetically by plan or physical development.	college campuses; central business districts; residential areas; commercial areas; large forts; industrial complexes; civic centers; rural villages; canal systems; collections of habitation and limited activity sites; irrigation systems; large farms, ranches, estates, or plantations; transportation networks; and large landscaped parks.

Lighthouse with attached keeper's house= Structure

House with attached garage = Building

District applies to properties having:

- a number of resources that are relatively equal in importance, such as a *neighborhood*, or
- large acreage with a variety of resources, such as a large farm, estate, or parkway.

A district may also contain individual resources that although linked by association or function were separated geographically during the period of significance, such as discontiguous archeological sites or a canal system with manmade segments interconnected by natural bodies of water. A district may contain discontiguous elements only where the historic interrelationship of a group of resources does not depend on visual continuity and physical proximity (see page 57 for further explanation).

NAME OF RELATED MULTIPLE PROPERTY LISTING

Enter the name of the multiple property listing if the property is being nominated as part of a multiple property submission. This name appears on the multiple property documentation form (NPS 10- 900-b). Instructions for preparing multiple property submissions are found in Chapter IV and in the National Register bulletin on How to Complete the Na-



This limepot is one of many contributing archeological sites in Burke's Garden Rural Historic District, in Tazewell County, Virginia. The site contains evidence of the industrial activities that took place during the area's early settlement. (Virginia Department of Historic Resources)

tional Register Multiple Property Documentation Form. Check with the SHPO or FPO for further information about multiple property listings.

Enter "N/A" for other properties.

NUMBER OF RESOURCES WITHIN PROPERTY

Enter the number of resources that make up the property in each category. Count contributing resources separately from noncontributing ones. Total each column. Do not include in the count any resources already listed in the National Register.

Completing this item entails three steps:

- Classify each resource by category: building, site, structure, or object. (See National Register Property and Resource Types on page 15.)
- Determine whether each resource does or does not contribute to the historic significance of the prop-

- erty. (See *Determining Contributing and Noncontributing Resources* below.)
- Count the contributing and noncontributing resources in each category. (See Rules for Counting Resources on page 17).

DETERMINING CONTRIBUTING AND NONCONTRIBUTING RESOURCES

The physical characteristics and historic significance of the overall property provide the basis for evaluating component resources. Relate information about each resource, such as date, function, associations, information potential, and physical characteristics, to the significance of the overall property to determine whether or not the resource contributes.

A contributing building, site, structure, or object adds to the historic associations, historic architectural qualities, or archeological values for which a property is significant because:

- it was present during the period of significance, relates to the documented significance of the property, and possesses historic integrity or is capable of yielding important information about the period; or
- it independently meets the National Register criteria. (Identify contributing resources of this type and explain their significance in section 8).

A noncontributing building, site structure, or object does not add to the historic architectural qualities, historic associations, or archeological values for which a property is significant because:

- it was not present during the period of significance or does not relate to the documented significance of the property;
- due to alterations, disturbances, additions, or other changes, it no longer possesses historic integrity or is capable of yielding important information about the period; or
- it does not independently meet the National Register criteria.

NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTING RESOURCES PREVIOUSLY LISTED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

Enter the number of any contributing resources already listed in the National Register. This includes previously listed National Register properties, National Historic Landmarks, and historic units of the National Park system.

If no resources are already listed, enter "N/A."

For the nomination of a district with 5 previously listed buildings, enter "5."

For a district being enlarged from 26 buildings to 48, enter "26."

RULES FOR COUNTING RESOURCES

- Count all buildings, structures, sites, and objects located within the property's boundaries that are **substantial in size and scale**. Do not count minor resources, such as small sheds or grave markers, unless they strongly contribute to the property's historic significance.
- Count a building or structure with attached ancillary structures, covered walkways, and additions as a single unit unless the attachment was originally constructed as a separate building or structure and later connected. Count rowhouses individually, even though attached.
- Do not count interiors, facades, or artwork separately from the building or structure of which they are a part.
- Count gardens, parks, vacant lots, or open spaces as "sites" only if they contribute to the significance of the property.
- Count a continuous site as a single unit regardless of its size or complexity.
- Count separate areas of a discontiguous archeological district as separate sites.
- Do not count ruins separately from the site of which they are a part.
- Do not count landscape features, such as fences and paths, separately
 from the site of which they are a part unless they are particularly
 important or large in size and scale, such as a statue by a well-known
 sculptor or an extensive system of irrigation ditches.

If a group of resources, such as backyard sheds in a residential district, was not identified during a site inspection and cannot be included in the count, state that this is the case and explain why in the narrative for section 7.

For additional guidance, contact the SHPO or refer to the National Register bulletin entitled *Guidelines for Counting Resources*.

EXAMPLES OF RESOURCE COUNTS				
A row of townhouses containing 12 units	=	12 contributing buildings		
A train station consisting of a depot with an attached system of canopies, platforms, tunnels, and waiting rooms	=	one contributing building		
A firetower consisting of a tower and attached ranger's dwelling	=	one contributing structure		
A church adjoined by a historically associated cemetery	=	one contributing building or one contributing site		
A district consisting of 267 residences, five carriage houses, three privies of a significant type, a small land-scaped park, and a bridge built during the district's period of significance plus 35 houses, 23 garages, and an undetermined number of sheds built after the period of significance	=	275 contributing buildings, one contributing structure, one contributing site, and 58 noncontributing buildings. The sheds are not counted.		
An archeological district consisting of the ruins of one pueblo, a network of historic irrigation canals, and a modern electric substation	=	one contributing site, one contributing structure, and one noncontributing building		

6. FUNCTION OR USE

6. Function or Use	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

HISTORIC AND CURRENT FUNCTIONS

From the list, Data Categories for Functions and Uses, on pages 20 to 23, select one or more category and subcategory that most accurately describe the property's principal functions. Enter one category and subcategory in each blank on the form. Use a continuation sheet, if additional space is needed. For categories with several names, such as COMMERCE/TRADE, enter the one that best relates to the property.

DOMESTIC/single dwelling = House COMMERCE/financial = Bank TRADE/trade = Prehistoric storage

RELIGION/religious facility = Church or temple

DOMESTIC/hotel and COMMERCE/restaurant = Inn, hotel, or way station providing both lodging and meals



Functions and uses often change. Built as the Stockgrowers Bank in 1916, this building in Carbon County, Wyoming, became the Dixon Town Hall in 1975. By serving the region's farmers and ranchers from 1916 to 1923, the bank played an important role in fostering the frontier town's development. (Richard Collier)

pit

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING FUNCTIONS

GENERAL

- Enter the most specific category and subcategory. For example, "EDUCATION/education-related housing" rather than "DOMESTIC/institutional housing" for a college dormitory.
- If no subcategory applies, enter the general category by itself. If, in addition, none of the general categories relates to the property's function, enter "OTHER:" and an appropriate term for the function.
- For **properties with many functions**, such as a farm, list only the principal or predominant ones, placing the most important first.
- For **districts**, enter the functions applying to the district as a whole, such as DOMESTIC/village site or EDU-CATION/college.
- For districts, also enter the functions of buildings, sites, structures, and objects that are:
 - of outstanding importance to the district, such as a county courthouse in a commercial center (GOVERNMENT/county courthouse) or,
 - 2. present in substantial numbers, such as apartment buildings in a residential district (DOMESTIC/multiple dwelling) or storage pits in a village site (TRADE/trade).
- For districts containing resources having different functions and relatively equal importance, such as a group of public buildings whose functions are GOVERNMENT/city hall, GOVERNMENT/courthouse, and GOVERNMENT/post office.

HISTORIC FUNCTIONS

- Enter functions for contributing resources only.
- Select functions that relate directly to the property's significance and occurred during the period of significance (see *Period of Significance* on page 42).
- Enter functions for extant resources only.
- Enter only functions that can be verified by research, testing, or examination of physical evidence.
- Enter functions related to the property itself, not to the occupation of associated persons or role of associated events. For example, the home of a prominent doctor is "DOMESTIC/single dwelling" not "HEALTH CARE/medical office" unless the office was at home (in which case, list both functions).

CURRENT FUNCTIONS

- Enter functions for both contributing and noncontributing resources.
- For properties undergoing rehabilitation, restoration, or adaptive reuse, enter "WORK IN PROGRESS" in addition to any functions that are current or anticipated upon completion of the work.

DATA CATEGORIES FOR FUNCTIONS AND USES

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	EXAMPLES
DOMESTIC	single dwelling	rowhouse, mansion, residence, rockshelter, homestead, cave
	multiple dwelling	duplex, apartment building, pueblo, rockshelter, cave
	secondary structure	dairy, smokehouse, storage pit, storage shed, kitchen, garage, other dependencies
	hotel	inn, hotel, motel, way station
	institutional housing	military quarters, staff housing, poor house, orphanage
	camp	hunting campsite, fishing camp, summer camp, forestry camp, seasonal residence, temporary habitation site, tipi rings
	village site	pueblo group
COMMERCE/TRADE	business	office building
	professional	architect's studio, engineering office, law office
	organizational	trade union, labor union, professional association
	financial institution	savings and loan association, bank, stock exchange
	specialty store	auto showroom, bakery, clothing store, blacksmith shop, hardware store
	department store	general store, department store, marketplace, trading post
	restaurant	cafe, bar, roadhouse, tavern
	warehouse	warehouse, commercial storage
	trade (archeology)	cache, site with evidence of trade, storage pit
SOCIAL	meeting hall	grange; union hall; Pioneer hall; hall of other fraternal, patriotic, or political organization
	clubhouse	facility of literary, social, or garden club
	civic	facility of volunteer or public service organizations such as the American Red Cross
GOVERNMENT	capitol	statehouse, assembly building
	city hall	city hall, town hall
	correctional facility	police station, jail, prison
	fire station	firehouse
	government office	municipal building
	diplomatic building	embassy, consulate
	custom house	custom house
	post office	post office
	public works	electric generating plant, sewer system
	courthouse	county courthouse, Federal courthouse

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	EXAMPLES
EDUCATION	school	schoolhouse, academy, secondary school, grammar school, trade or technical school
	college	university, college, junior college
	library	library
	research facility	laboratory, observatory, planetarium
	education-related	college dormitory, housing at boarding schools
RELIGION	religious facility	church, temple, synagogue, cathedral, mission, temple, mound, sweathouse, kiva, dance court, shrine
	ceremonial site	astronomical observation post, intaglio, petroglyph site
	church school	religious academy or schools
	church-related residence	parsonage, convent, rectory
FUNERARY	cemetery	burying ground, burial site, cemetery, ossuary
	graves/burials	burial cache, burial mound, grave
	mortuary	mortuary site, funeral home, cremation area, crematorium
RECREATION AND	theater	cinema, movie theater, playhouse
CULTURE	auditorium	hall, auditorium
	museum	museum, art gallery, exhibition hall
	music facility	concert-hall, opera house, bandstand, dancehall
	sports facility	gymnasium, swimming pool, tennis court, playing field, stadium
	outdoor recreation	park, campground, picnic area, hiking trail
	fair	amusement park, county fairground
	monument/marker	commemorative marker, commemorative monument
	work of art	sculpture, carving, statue, mural, rock art
AGRICULTURE/ SUBSISTENCE	processing	meatpacking plant, cannery, smokehouse, brewery, winery, food processing site, gathering site, tobacco barn
	storage	granary, silo, wine cellar, storage site, tobacco warehouse, cotton warehouse
	agricultural field	pasture, vineyard, orchard, wheatfield, crop marks, stone alignments, terrace, hedgerow
	animal facility	hunting & kill site, stockyard, barn, chicken coop, hunting corral, hunting run, apiary
	fishing facility or site	fish hatchery, fishing grounds
	horticultural facility	greenhouse, plant observatory, garden
	agricultural outbuilding	wellhouse, wagon shed, tool shed, barn
	irrigation facility	irrigation system, canals, stone alignments, headgates, check dams

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	EXAMPLES
INDUSTRY/ PROCESSING/ EXTRACTION	manufacturing facility	mill, factory, refinery, processing plant, pottery kiln
	extractive facility	coal mine, oil derrick, gold dredge, quarry, salt mine
	waterworks	reservoir, water tower, canal, dam
	energy facility	windmill, power plant, hydroelectric dam
	communications facility	telegraph cable station, printing plant, television station, telephone company facility, satellite tracking station
	processing site	shell processing site, toolmaking site, copper mining and processing site
	industrial storage	warehouse
HEALTH CARE	hospital	veteran's medical center, mental hospital, private or public hospital, medical research facility
	clinic	dispensary, doctor's office
	sanitarium	nursing home, rest home, sanitarium
	medical business/office	pharmacy, medical supply store, doctor or dentist's office
	resort	baths, spas, resort facility
DEFENSE	arms storage	magazine, armory
	fortification	fortified military or naval post, earth fortified village, pali- saded village, fortified knoll or mountain top, battery, bunker
	military facility	military post, supply depot, garrison fort, barrack, military camp
	battle site	battlefield
	coast guard facility	lighthouse, coast guard station, pier, dock, life-saving station
	naval facility	submarine, aircraft carrier, battleship, naval base
	air facility	aircraft, air base, missile launching site
LANDSCAPE	parking lot	
	park	city park, State park, national park
	plaza	square, green, plaza, public common
	garden	
	forest	
	unoccupied land	meadow, swamp, desert
	underwater	underwater site
	natural feature	mountain, valley, promontory, tree, river, island, pond, lake
	street furniture/object	street light, fence, wall, shelter, gazebo, park bench
	conservation area	wildlife refuge, ecological habitat

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	EXAMPLES
TRANSPORTATION	rail-related	railroad, train depot, locomotive, streetcar line, railroad bridge
	air-related	aircraft, airplane hangar, airport, launching site
	water-related	lighthouse, navigational aid, canal, boat, ship, wharf, ship-wreck
	road-related (vehicular)	parkway, highway, bridge, toll gate, parking garage
	pedestrian-related	boardwalk, walkway, trail
WORK IN PROGRESS	(use this category when work is in progress)	
UNKNOWN		
VACANT/NOT IN USE	(use this category when property is not being used)	
OTHER		



The Tampa City Hall (1914), Hillsborough County, Florida, was designed by Bonfrey and Elliott, the city's foremost architectural firm in the 20th century. It reflects the influence of both Beaux Arts Classicism and the Commercial Style. (Walter Smalling, Jr.)

7. DESCRIPTION

7. Description		
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)	Materials (Enter categories from instructions)	
	foundation	
	walls	
	roof	
	other	

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

ARCHITECTURAL CLASSIFICATION

Complete this item for properties having architectural or historical importance. Select one or more subcategory to describe the property's architectural styles or stylistic influences from the list, Data Categories for Architectural Classification, on pages 25 and 26. Enter one subcategory in each blank on the form, placing those most important to the property first. Use a continuation sheet for additional entries.

GUIDELINES FOR ARCHITECTURAL CLASSIFICATION

- If none of the subcategories describes the property's style or stylistic influence, enter:
 - 1. the category relating to the general period of time, and
 - 2. if possible, enter in the next blank "other:" and the term (not exceeding 28 characters) commonly used to describe the style or stylistic influence.

Late 19th and 20th Century Revivals

Other: Chateauesque

(Enter the general category by itself if no specific style or stylistic influence is apparent but the general characteristics of the period are present.)

• For properties not described by any of the listed terms—including bridges, ships, locomotives, and buildings and structures that are pre-historic, folk, or vernacular in character—enter "other:" with the descriptive term (not exceeding 28 characters) most commonly used to classify the property by type, period, method of construction, or other characteristics. Use standardized terminology, terms recommended by the SHPOs, or a regionally-based system of nomenclature wherever possible. Do not use function, such as "worker housing" and "industrial," unless it actually describes a design or construction type. Define all terms in the narrative for section 7. Do not enter "vernacular" because the term does not describe any specific characteristics.

Other: Pratt through truss

Other: Gloucester fishing schooner

Other: I-house

Other: split-log cabin Other: Chaco Canyon

- For properties not having any buildings or structures, such as many archeological and historic sites, enter "N/A."
- For buildings and structures not described by the listed terms or by "other" and a common term, enter "No style."

DATA CATEGORIES FOR ARCHITECTURAL CLASSIFICATION

The following list has been adapted from American Architecture Since 1780: A Guide to Architectural Styles by Marcus Whiffen; Identifying American Architecture by John J. G. Blumenson; What Style Is It? by John Poppeliers, S. Allen Chambers, and Nancy B. Schwartz; and A Field Guide to American Houses by Virginia and Lee McAlester.

The categories appearing in capital letters in the far left column, relate to the general stylistic periods of American architecture. The subcategories, appearing in the indented left column, relate to the specific styles or stylistic influences that occurred in each period. The right column lists other commonly used terms. From the two left columns, select the categories or subcategories that most closely relate to the period and stylistic character of the property.

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	OTHER STYLISTIC TERMINOLOGY
NO STYLE		
COLONIAL	French Colonial	
	Spanish Colonial	Mexican Baroque
	Dutch Colonial	Flemish Colonial
	Postmedieval English	English Gothic; Elizabethan; Tudor; Jacobean or Jacobethan; New England Colonial; Southern Colonial
	Georgian	
EARLY REPUBLIC	Early Classical Revival	Jeffersonian Classicism; Roman Republican; Roman Revival; Roman Villa; Monumental Classicism; Regency
	Federal	Adams or Adamesque
MID-19TH CENTURY		Early Romanesque Revival
	Greek Revival	
	Gothic Revival	Early Gothic Revival
	Italian Villa	
	Exotic Revival	Egyptian Revival; Moorish Revival
	Octagon Mode	
LATE VICTORIAN		Victorian or High Victorian Eclectic
	Gothic	High Victorian Gothic; Second Gothic Revival
	Italianate	Victorian or High Victorian Italianate
	Second Empire	Mansard
	Queen Anne	Queen Anne Revival; Queen Anne-Eastlake
	Stick/Eastlake	Eastern Stick; High Victorian Eastlake
	Shingle Style	
	Romanesque	Romanesque Revival; Richardsonian Romanesque
	Renaissance	Renaissance Revival; Romano-Tuscan Mode; North Italian or Italian Renaissance; French Renaissance; Second Renaissance Revival

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	OTHER STYLISTIC TERMINOLOGY
LATE 19TH AND 20TH CENTURY REVIVALS	Beaux Arts	Beaux Arts Classicism
	Colonial Revival	Georgian Revival
	Classical Revival	Neo-Classical Revival
	Tudor Revival	Jacobean or Jacobethan Revival; Elizabethan Revival
	Late Gothic Revival	Collegiate Gothic
	Mission/Spanish Colo- nial Revival	Spanish Revival; Mediterranean Revival
	Italian Renaissance	
	French Renaissance	
	Pueblo	
LATE 19TH AND		Sullivanesque
EARLY 20TH CENTURY	Prairie School	
AMERICAN MOVEMENTS	Commercial Style	
	Chicago	
	Skyscraper	
	Bungalow/Craftsman	Western Stick; Bungaloid
MODERN MOVEMENT		New Formalism; Neo-Expressionism; Brutalism; California Style or Ranch Style; Post-Modern; Wrightian
	Moderne	Modernistic; Streamlined Moderne; Art Moderne
	International Style	Miesian
	Art Deco	
OTHER		
MIXED		More than three styles from different periods (for a building only)

MATERIALS

Enter one or more terms from the list, *Data Categories for Materials*, to describe the principal exterior materials of the property. Enter both historic and nonhistoric materials.

Enter one category or subcategory in each blank for "foundation," "walls," and "roof." Under "other," enter the principal materials of other parts of the exterior, such as chimneys, porches, lintels, cornices, and decorative elements. Use a continuation sheet for additional entries, making sure to list them under the headings: "foundation," "walls," "roof," or "other."

For properties not having any buildings or structures, such as many archeological and historic sites, enter "N/A."

DATA CATEGORIES FOR MATERIALS

EARTH STUCCO

WOOD TERRA COTTA

Weatherboard
Shingle ASPHALT

Log

Plywood/particle board ASBESTOS Shake

BRICK ADOBE

STONE CERAMIC THE

Granite CERAMIC TILE Sandstone (including

brownstone) GLASS Limestone

Marble CLOTH/CANVAS
Slate

CONCRETE

METAL Fiberglass
Iron Vinyl
Copper Rubber

Copper Rubber
Bronze Plastic
Tin

Aluminum OTHER Steel Lead Nickel

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING MATERIALS

• Enter only materials visible from the exterior of a building, structure, or object. Do not enter materials of interior, structural, or concealed architectural features even if they are significant.

Cast iron

- For structures and objects, complete "foundation," "walls," and "roof" only if these features are present, as in a wooden covered bridge on stone piers. Use "other" for exterior features, such as the deck of a ship, that cannot reasonably qualify as a roof, foundation, or wall.
- For historic districts, list the major building materials visible in the district, placing the most predominant ones first.
- Enter the materials of above-ground ruins under the feature they correspond to, such as foundation or walls, or under "other."

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Provide a narrative describing the property and its physical characteristics on one or more continuation sheets. Describe the setting, buildings and other major resources, outbuildings, surface and subsurface remains (for properties with archeological significance), and landscape features. The narrative should document the evolution of the property, describing major changes since its construction or period of significance.

Begin with a summary paragraph that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location and setting, type, style, method of construction, size, and significant features. Describe the current condition of the property and indicate whether the property has historic integrity in terms of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

The Edward Jones House is a 1 and 1/2 story, frame, Arts and Crafts style bungalow with a modified rectangular plan, an intersecting gable roof, and a front porch. The walls and roof are finished with wood shingles, and the foundation, chimneys, and porch piers are built of fieldstone. Above the front porch is an open-timbered end gable with Japanese-influenced joinery. The interior of the house reflects the Arts and Crafts style in the oak woodwork and built-in cabinetry. The house is in the Shadyside neighborhood, a middleclass subdivision with tree-lined streets and 50-foot wide lots. The house fronts west onto Oak Street and is set behind a modest, cultivated lawn which slopes slightly toward the street. Behind the house, a rock garden incorporates the stonework of the foundation and chimney and is enclosed by a stone wall. A garage, echoing the house in design and materials, is set at the northeast corner of the lot and reached by a straight driveway from the street. The property is in excellent condition and has had very little alteration since its construction.

In additional paragraphs provide the information listed in *Guidelines* for *Describing Properties* on pages 31 to 34. Include specific facts and, wherever possible, dates. Organize the information in a logical manner, for example, by describing a building from the foundation up and from the exterior to the interior. Districts usually require street by street description with a more detailed description of pivotal buildings.

The amount of detail needed in the description depends on the size and complexity of the property and the extent to which alterations, additions, and deterioration have affected the property's integrity. For example, the more extensively a building has been altered, the more thorough the description of additions, replacement materials, and other alterations should be. Photographs and sketch maps may be used to supplement the narrative (see *Additional Documentation* on pages 60 to 65).

The description should be concise, factual, and well organized. The information should be consistent with the resource counts in section 5, functions in section 6, and architectural classification and materials in section 7. Identify, in a list or on the accompanying sketch map, all of the resources counted in section 5 and indicate whether they are contributing or noncontributing. Also identify any previously listed resources.

Use common professional terms when describing buildings, structures, objects, sites, and districts. Define any terms regional or local in derivation that are not commonly understood or in general use, including any terms entered under *Architectural Classification*.



Elaborate chimneypiece in the Kildare-McCormick House in Huntsville, Alabama, incorporates Classically inspired details. (Linda Bayer)



Hall's Bridge spanning French Creek, built about 1850 and 116 feet in length, is a surviving example of the Burr-truss design, which, invented in 1806, was a major advance in American bridge design. Over one hundred bridges of this type were built in Chester County, Pennsylvania, between 1812 and 1885. Hall's Bridge is one of the few remaining examples.

The following publications may be helpful:

BUILDINGS

Marcus Whiffen's American Architecture Since 1780: A Guide to the Styles (M.I.T. Press, Cambridge, 1969).

John Blumenson's *Identifying American Architecture* (American Association for State and Local History, Nashville, 1977).

Cyril Harris's Dictionary of Architecture and Construction (McGraw-Hill, New York, 1975).

John Poppeliers and S. Allen Chambers's What Style Is It? (Preservation Press, Washington, DC, 1983).

Virginia and Lee McAlester's A Field Guide to American Houses (Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., New York, 1984).

INDUSTRIAL AND ENGINEERING STRUCTURES

Checklist for Describing Structures of Engineering or Industrial Significance, found in Appendix VI.

David Weitzman's Traces of the Past: A Guide to Industrial Archaeology (Charles Scribner's Sons, New York, 1980).

ARCHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

David Hurst Thomas' Archeology: Down to Earth (Harcourt Brace Jovanovich College Publishers, Fort Worth, 1991).

Charles Orser and Brian M. Fagan's Historical Archaeology (Harper Collins, New York, 1995).

Brian M. Fagan's Ancient North America: The Archaeology of a Continent (Thames and Hudson, 1991).

The Handbook of North American Indians (Smithsonian Institution Press, Washington, DC, 1978+), William C. Sturtevant, editor.



Grant Park Historic District, Atlanta, Georgia, is a showcase of the many housing types and styles that characterized the city's residential development following the Civil War. These one and one-half story dwellings with Queen Anne Revival details are typical of the modest dwellings located in the northwestern part of the district. (David J. Kaminsky)

For guidance in describing maritime resources, historic landscapes, historic archeological sites, and other special kinds of properties, refer to other National Register Bulletins (see Appendix X). A number of publications available from the National Trust for Historic Preservation, American Association for State and Local History, and the Historic American Buildings Survey, Historic American Engineering Record, and Preservation Assistance Division of the National Park Service are also helpful in describing resources such as commercial buildings, architecture of ethnic groups, historic districts, historic landscapes, terra cotta buildings, historic barns, and historic houses.

WRITING AN ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

Some general principles for describing buildings:

- Begin the description with a summary paragraph that creates a rough "sketch" of the building and its site. Use subsequent paragraphs to fill in the details following the outline established in the summary paragraph.
- Describe the building in a logical sequence—from the ground up, facade by facade, from the exterior to the interior.
- Use simple but clear language and avoid complex sentences. If you
 have difficulty understanding and using the terms found in the suggested guides listed on page 29, consult with the SHPO or FPO staff.
- Clearly delineate between the **original** appearance and **current** appearance. Begin by describing the current appearance of a particular feature. Then describe its original appearance and any changes, noting when the changes occurred.
- When describing groups of buildings, including historic districts, begin by describing the general character of the group and then describe the individual buildings one by one. For large districts, describe the pivotal buildings and the common types of buildings, noting their general condition, original appearance, and major changes. Follow a logical progression, moving from one building to the next or up and down each street in a geographical sequence.

GUIDELINES FOR DESCRIBING PROPERTIES

BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, AND OBJECTS

- A. **Type or form**, such as dwelling, church, or commercial block.
- B. Setting, including the placement or arrangement of buildings and other resources, such as in a commercial center or a residential neighborhood or detached or in a row.

C. General characteristics:

- 1. Overall shape of plan and arrangement of interior spaces.
- 2. Number of stories.
- 3. Number of vertical divisions or bays.
- 4. Construction materials, such as brick, wood, or stone, and wall finish, such as type of bond, coursing, or shingling.
- 5. Roof shape, such as gabled, hip, or shed.
- 6. Structural system, such as balloon frame, reinforced concrete, or post and beam.
- D. Specific features, by type, location, number, material, and condition:
 - 1. Porches, including verandas, porticos, stoops, and attached sheds.
 - 2. Windows.
 - Doors.
 - 4. Chimney.
 - 5. Dormer.
 - 6. Other.
- E. **Important decorative elements**, such as finials, pilasters, bargeboards, brackets, halftimbering, sculptural relief, balustrades, corbelling, cartouches, and murals or mosaics.
- F. **Significant interior features**, such as floor plans, stairways, functions of rooms, spatial relationships, wainscoting, flooring, paneling, beams, vaulting, architraves, moldings, and chimneypieces.
- G. Number, type, and location of outbuildings, with dates, if known.
- H. Other manmade elements, including roadways, contemporary structures, and landscape features.
- I. Alterations or changes to the property, with dates, if known. A restoration is considered an alteration even if an attempt has been made to restore the property to its historic form (see L below). If there have been numerous alterations to a significant interior, also submit a sketch of the floor plan illustrating and dating the changes.
- J. **Deterioration** due to vandalism, neglect, lack of use, or weather, and the effect it has had on the property's historic integrity.

K. For moved properties:

- 1. Date of move.
- 2. Descriptions of location, orientation, and setting historically and after the move.
- 3. Reasons for the move.
- 4. Method of moving.
- 5. Effect of the move and the new location on the historic integrity of the property.
- L. For restored and reconstructed buildings:
 - 1. Date of restoration or reconstruction.
 - 2. Historical basis for the work.
 - 3. Amount of remaining historic material and replacement material.
 - 4. Effect of the work on the property's historic integrity.
 - 5. For reconstructions, whether the work was done as part of a master plan.

- M. For properties where landscape or open space adds to the significance or setting of the property, such as rural properties, college campuses, or the grounds of public buildings:
 - 1. Historic appearance and current condition of natural features.
 - 2. Land uses, landscape features, and vegetation that characterized the property during the period of significance, including gardens, walls, paths, roadways, grading, fountains, orchards, fields, forests, rock formations, open space, and bodies of water.
- N. For **industrial properties** where equipment and machinery is intact:
 - 1. Types, approximate date, and function of machinery.
 - 2. Relationship of machinery to the historic industrial operations of the property.

ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES

- A. **Environmental setting** of the property today and, if different, its environmental setting during the periods of occupation or use. Emphasize environmental features or factors related to the location, use, formation, or preservation of the site.
- B. **Period of time** when the property is known or projected to have been occupied or used. Include comparisons with similar sites and districts that have assisted in identification.
- C. **Identity of the persons, ethnic groups, or archeological cultures** who, through their activities, created the archeological property. Include comparisons with similar sites and districts that have assisted in identification.
- D. Physical characteristics:
 - 1. Site type, such as rockshelter, temporary camp, lithic workshop, rural homestead, or shoe factory.
 - 2. Prehistorically or historically important standing structures, buildings, or ruins.
 - 3. Kinds and approximate number of features, artifacts, and ecofacts, such as hearths, projectile points, and faunal remains.
 - 4. Known or projected depth and extent of archeological deposits.
 - 5. Known or projected dates for the period when the site was occupied or used, with supporting evidence.
 - 6. Vertical and horizontal distribution of features, artifacts, and ecofacts.
 - 7. Natural and cultural processes, such as flooding and refuse disposal, that have influenced the formation of the site.
 - 8. Noncontributing buildings, structures, and objects within the site.
- E. Likely appearance of the site during the periods of occupation or use. Include comparisons with similar sites and districts that have assisted in description.
- F. **Current and past impacts** on or immediately around the property, such as modern development, vandalism, road construction, agriculture, soil erosion, or flooding.
- G. Previous investigations of the property, including,
 - 1. Archival or literature research.
 - 2. Extent and purpose of any excavation, testing, mapping, or surface collection.
 - 3. Dates of relevant research and field work. Identity of researchers and their institutional or organizational affiliation.
 - 4. Important bibliographic references.

HISTORIC SITES

- A. **Present condition** of the site and its setting.
- B. **Natural features** that contributed to the selection of the site for the significant event or activity, such as a spring, body of water, trees, cliffs, or promontories.
- C. **Other natural features** that characterized the site at the time of the significant event or activity, such as vegetation, topography, a body of water, rock formations, or a forest.

- D. Any cultural remains or other manmade evidence of the significant event or activities.
- E. **Type and degree of alterations** to natural and cultural features since the significant event or activity, and their impact on the historic integrity of the site.
- F. **Explanation** of how the current physical environment and remains of the site reflect the period and associations for which the site is significant.

ARCHITECTURAL AND HISTORIC DISTRICTS

- A. **Natural and manmade elements** comprising the district, including prominent topographical features and structures, buildings, sites, objects, and other kinds of development.
- B. Architectural styles or periods represented and predominant characteristics, such as scale, proportions, materials, color, decoration, workmanship, and quality of design.
- C. **General physical relationship of buildings** to each other and to the environment, including facade lines, street plans, squares, open spaces, density of development, landscaping, principal vegetation, and important natural features. Any **changes to these relationships** over time. Some of this information may be provided on a sketch map (see page 61).
- D. **Appearance of the district during the time** when the district achieved significance (see *Period of Significance* on page 42) and any changes or modifications since.
- E. **General character** of the district, such as residential, commercial, or industrial, and the **types of buildings and structures**, including outbuildings and bridges, found in the district.
- F. **General condition of buildings**, including alterations, additions, and any restoration or rehabilitation activities.
- G. **Identity of buildings**, groups of buildings, or other resources that do and do not contribute to the district's significance. (See *Determining Contributing and Noncontributing Resources* on page 16 for definitions of **contributing and noncontributing** resources.) If resources are classified by terms other than "contributing" and "noncontributing," clearly explain which terms denote contributing resources and which noncontributing. **Provide a list of all resources that are contributing or noncontributing or identify them on the sketch map submitted with the form** (see *Sketch Map* on page 61).
- H. **Most important contributing buildings, sites, structures, and objects.** Common kinds of other contributing resources.
- I. Qualities distinguishing the district from its surroundings.
- J. **Presence of any archeological resources** that may yield important information with any related paleo-environmental data (see guidelines for describing archeological sites and districts).
- K. **Open spaces** such as parks, agricultural areas, wetlands, and forests, including vacant lots or ruins that were the site of activities important in prehistory or history.

L. For industrial districts:

- 1. Industrial activities and processes, both historic and current, within the district; important natural and geographical features related to these processes or activities, such as waterfalls, quarries, or mines.
- 2. Original and other historic machinery still in place.
- 3. Transportation routes within the district, such as canals, railroads, and roads including their approximate length and width and the location of terminal points.

M. For rural districts:

- 1. Geographical and topographical features such as valleys, vistas, mountains, and bodies of water that convey a sense of cohesiveness or give the district its rural or natural characteristics.
- 2. Examples and types of vernacular, folk, and other architecture, including outbuildings, within the district.

- 3. Manmade features and relationships making up the historic and contemporary landscape, including the arrangement and character of fields, roads, irrigation systems, fences, bridges, earthworks, and vegetation.
- 4. The historic appearance and current condition of natural features such as vegetation, principal plant materials, open space, cultivated fields, or forests.

ARCHEOLOGICAL DISTRICTS

- A. **Environmental setting** of the district today and, if different, its environmental setting during the periods of occupation or use. Emphasize environmental features or factors related to the location, use, formation, or preservation of the district.
- B. **Period of time** when the district is known or projected to have been occupied or used. Include comparisons with similar sites and districts that have assisted in identification.
- C. Identity of the persons, ethnic groups, or archeological cultures who occupied or used the area encompassed by the district. Include comparisons with similar sites and districts that have assisted in identification.

D. Physical characteristics:

- 1. Type of district, such as an Indian village with outlying sites, a group of quarry sites, or a historic manufacturing complex.
- 2. Cultural, historic, or other relationships among the sites that make the district a cohesive unit.
- 3. Kinds and number of sites, structures, buildings, or objects that make up the district.
- 4. Information on individual or representative sites and resources within the district (see *Archeological Sites* above). For small districts, describe individual sites. For large districts, describe the most representative sites individually and others in summary or tabular form or collectively as groups.
- 5. Noncontributing buildings, structures, and objects within the district.
- E. Likely appearance of the district during the periods of occupation or use. Include comparisons with similar sites and districts that have assisted in description.
- F. Current and past impacts on or immediately around the district, such as modern development, vandalism, road contruction, agriculture, soil erosion, or flooding. Describe the integrity of the district as a whole and, in written or tabular form, the integrity of individual sites.
- G. **Previous investigations** of the property, including:
 - 1. Archival or literature research.
 - 2. Extent and purpose of any excavation, testing, mapping, or surface collection.
 - Dates of relevant research and field work. Identity of researchers and their institutional or organizational affiliation.
 - 4. Important bibliographic references.

8. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

8. Statement of Significance Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
□ A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	
□ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
☐ C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and	Period of Significance
distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	
□ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Property is:	
□ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	
☐ B removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
☐ C a birthplace or grave.	Oulbroad Addition
□ D a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation
\square E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
☐ F a commemorative property.	
☐ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Architect/Builder

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

APPLICABLE NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA

Mark "x" in one or more of the boxes to identify the National Register criteria for which the property qualifies for listing. The National Register criteria are listed on page 37.

For districts with properties individually meeting the National Register criteria, mark "x" in the box that identifies the criterion for which that property is significant as well as the criterion for the district as a whole.

A historic district significant for its collection of period revival houses also contains the home of an influential newspaper publisher who contributed to local labor reforms in the 1920s. Check boxes B and C.

Properties are often significant for more than one criterion. Mark only those boxes for qualifying criteria that are supported by the narrative statement of significance. A National Register nomination may claim and document significance for one criterion only, even when a property appears likely to meet additional criteria.

For guidance in applying the National Register criteria to historic properties, refer to the bulletin entitled *How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation*.

CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS

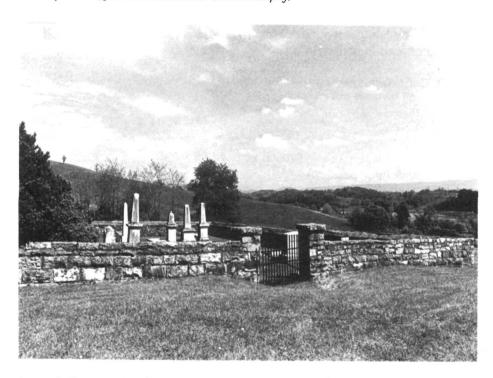
Mark "x" in the box for any criteria consideration applying to the property. Mark all that apply. Leave this section blank if no considerations apply.

The criteria considerations are part of the National Register criteria (see page 37). They set forth special standards for listing certain kinds of properties usually excluded from the National Register.

For **districts**, mark only the criteria considerations applying to the entire district or to a predominant resource or group of resources within the district.



Abraham Castetter House, Blair, Washington County, Nebraska, is significant under Criterion B as the home of a locally prominent banker and businessman. It is also significant under Criterion C for its eclectic late 19th-century architectural design, which combines elements of the Second Empire and Queen Anne Revivals. (David Murphy)



Aspenvale Cemetery, Smyth County, Virginia, is significant for the grave of General William Campbell (1745-1781), a person of transcendent importance. A Virginia-born hero of the American Revolution, General Campbell commanded the Virginia militia in its resounding victory over the Royalist forces at King's Mountain, North Carolina, on October 7, 1780. (Virginia Department of Historic Resources)

THE NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA

Criteria: The quality of **significance** in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and:

- A. That are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history; or
- B. That are associated with the lives of persons significant in our past; or
- C. That embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values, or that represent a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- D. That have yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations: Ordinarily cemeteries, birthplaces, or graves of historical figures, properties owned by religious institutions or used for religious purposes, structures that have been moved from their original locations, reconstructed historic buildings, properties primarily commemorative in nature, and properties that have achieved significance within the past 50 years shall not be considered eligible for the National Register. However, such properties will qualify if they are integral parts of districts that do meet the criteria or if they fall within the following categories:

- A. A religious property deriving primary significance from architectural or artistic distinction or historical importance; or
- B. A building or structure removed from its original location but which is significant primarily for architectural value, or which is the surviving structure most importantly associated with a historic person or event; or
- C. A birthplace or grave of a historical figure of outstanding importance if there is no other appropriate site or building directly associated with his or her productive life; or
- D. A cemetery which derives its primary significance from graves of persons of transcendent importance, from age, from distinctive design features, or from association with historic events; or
- E. A reconstructed building when accurately executed in a suitable environment and presented in a dignified manner as part of a restoration master plan, and when no other building or structure with the same association has survived; or
- F. A property primarily commemorative in intent if design, age, tradition, or symbolic value has invested it with its own historical significance; or
- G. A property achieving significance within the past 50 years if it is of exceptional importance.

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Select one or more areas of prehistory or history, from the list, Data Categories for Areas of Significance, on pages 40 and 41, in which the property qualifies for National Register listing. Enter one category or subcategory in each blank, placing the ones most important to the property first. Use a continuation sheet for additional entries.

If no category or subcategory applies to the property, enter "other:" with the name of the area in which the property attained significance.

An area of significance must be entered for each criterion marked on the form. Enter only areas that are supported by the narrative statement.

For districts, enter areas of significance applying to the district as whole. If properties within the district individually meet the National Register criteria, enter their areas of significance also.



Vista House at Crown Point, Oregon, is significant in architecture and transportation. Commanding a spectacular view of the Columbia Gorge, it has served as an observation station and resting stop along the Columbia River Highway since its contruction in 1918. (Oregon State Highway Division)

GUIDELINES FOR SELECTING AREA OF SIGNIFICANCE

Criterion A: For a property significant under Criterion A, select the category relating to the historic event or role for which the property is significant, such as "transportation" for a railroad station, trolley car, or stagecoach stop.

Criterion B: For a property significant under Criterion B, select the category in which the significant individual made the contributions for which he or she is known or for which the property is illustrative: for example, "literature" and "politics and government" for the home of a well-known political theorist and statesman.

Criterion C: For a property significant under Criterion C, select "architecture," "art," "landscape architecture," "engineering," or "community planning and development" depending on the type of property and its importance. Generally "architecture" applies to buildings and "engineering" to structures; however, if a building is notable for its advanced construction technology it may be significant under both "architecture" and "engineering." For example, a 1930s public building significant for a Depression-era mural is significant under "art," a cathedral noted as the work of Richard Upjohn and for stained glass by Tiffany under "architecture" and "art"; and an early example of a concrete rainbow arch bridge under "engineering."

Criterion D: For a property significant under Criterion D, enter the subcategory of archeology that best describes the type of historic or prehistoric group about which the property is likely to yield information. Also, enter any categories and subcategories about which the site is likely to provide information, for example, "prehistoric archeology," "agriculture," and "engineering" for the ruins of an ancient irrigation system that is likely to provide information about prehistoric subsistence and technology.

ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES

- Do not confuse area of significance with historic function. Historic function, entered in section 6, relates to the practical and routine uses of a property, while area of significance relates to the property's contributions to the broader patterns of American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture. For example, a stage-coach stop's function would be "hotel" and its area of significance would most likely be "transportation."
- When selecting "archeology" or "ethnic heritage," enter the subcategory that best applies to the property's significance. If no subcategory applies, enter the general category.
- When selecting "archeology," "ethnic heritage," or "maritime history," also enter areas of significance that closely relate to the events, activities, characteristics, or information for which the property is significant, for example, "industry" for a prehistoric tool-making site or "military" for a liberty ship that was engaged in an important battle.
- Do not enter "local history" with "other." Local history is a **level of significance**, not an area of significance. Instead, enter the area that most closely relates to the theme or pattern in local history with which the property is associated, for example, "health/medicine" for the home of an eminent local physician, "commerce" for the site of a traditional marketplace, or "community planning and development" for a residential subdivision that established a pattern for a community's expansion.

DATA CATEGORIES FOR AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	DEFINITION	
AGRICULTURE		The process and technology of cultivating soil, producing crops, and raising livestock and plants.	
ARCHITECTURE		The practical art of designing and constructing buildings and structures to serve human needs.	
ARCHEOLOGY		The study of prehistoric and historic cultures through excavation and the analysis of physical remains.	
	PREHISTORIC	Archeological study of aboriginal cultures before the advent of written records.	
	HISTORIC — ABORIGINAL	Archeological study of aboriginal cultures after the advent of written records.	
	HISTORIC — NON-ABORIGINAL	Archeological study of non-aboriginal cultures after the advent of written records.	
ART		The creation of painting, printmaking, photography, sculpture, and decorative arts.	
COMMERCE		The business of trading goods, services, and commodities.	
COMMUNICATIONS		The technology and process of transmitting information.	
COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT		The design or development of the physical structure of communities.	
CONSERVATION		The preservation, maintenance, and management of natural or manmade resources.	
ECONOMICS		The study of the production, distribution, and consumption of wealth; the management of monetary and other assets.	
EDUCATION		The process of conveying or acquiring knowledge or skills through systematic instruction, training, or study.	
ENGINEERING		The practical application of scientific principles to design, construct, and operate equipment, machinery, and structures to serve human needs.	
ENTERTAINMENT/ RECREATION		The development and practice of leisure activities for refreshment, diversion, amusement, or sport.	
ETHNIC HERITAGE		The history of persons having a common ethnic or racial identity.	
	ASIAN	The history of persons having origins in the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent.	
	BLACK	The history of persons having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.	
	EUROPEAN	The history of persons having origins in Europe.	
	HISPANIC	The history of persons having origins in the Spanish-speaking areas of the Caribbean, Mexico, Central America, and South America.	
	NATIVE AMERICAN	The history of persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America, including American Indian and American Eskimo cultural groups.	
	PACIFIC ISLANDER	The history of persons having origins in the Pacific Islands, including Polynesia, Micronesia, and Melanesia.	
	OTHER	The history of persons having origins in other parts of the world, such as the Middle East or North Africa.	

CATEGORY	SUBCATEGORY	DEFINITION	
EXPLORATION/ SETTLEMENT		The investigation of unknown or little known regions; the establishment and earliest development of new settlements or communities.	
HEALTH/MEDICINE		The care of the sick, disabled, and handicapped; the promotion of health and hygiene.	
INDUSTRY		The technology and process of managing materials, labor, and equipment to produce goods and services.	
INVENTION		The art of originating by experiment or ingenuity an object, system, or concept of practical value.	
LANDSCAPE ARCHI- TECTURE		The practical art of designing or arranging the land for human use and enjoyment.	
LAW		The interpretation and enforcement of society's legal code.	
LITERATURE		The creation of prose and poetry.	
MARITIME HISTORY		The history of the exploration, fishing, navigation, and use of inland, coastal, and deep sea waters.	
MILITARY		The system of defending the territory and sovereignty of a people.	
PERFORMING ARTS		The creation of drama, dance, and music.	
PHILOSOPHY		The theoretical study of thought, knowledge, and the nature of the universe.	
POLITICS/GOVERN- MENT		The enactment and administration of laws by which a nation, State, or other political jurisdiction is governed; activities related to political process.	
RELIGION		The organized system of beliefs, practices, and traditions regarding mankind's relationship to perceived supernatural forces.	
SCIENCE		The systematic study of natural law and phenomena.	
SOCIAL HISTORY		The history of efforts to promote the welfare of society; the history of society and the lifeways of its social groups.	
TRANSPORTATION		The process and technology of conveying passengers or materials.	
OTHER		Any area not covered by the above categories.	

PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE

Enter the dates for one or more periods of time when the property attained the significance qualifying it for National Register listing. Some periods of significance are as brief as a single year. Many, however, span many years and consist of beginning and closing dates. Combine overlapping periods and enter them as one longer period of significance.

DEFINITION OF PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE

Period of significance is the length of time when a property was associated with important events, activities, or persons, or attained the characteristics which qualify it for National Register listing. Period of significance usually begins with the date when significant activities or events began giving the property its historic significance; this is often a date of construction. For prehistoric properties, the period of significance is the broad span of time about which the site or district is likely to provide information; it is often the period associated with a particular cultural group.

For **periods** in history, enter one year or a continuous span of years:

1928

1875 - 1888

For **periods in prehistory**, enter the range of time by millennia.

8000 - 6000 B.C.

GUIDELINES FOR SELECTING THE PERIODS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Criterion A: For the site of an important event, such as a pivotal fivemonth labor strike, the period of significance is the time when the event occurred. For properties associated with historic trends, such as commercial development, the period of significance is the span of time when the property actively contributed to the trend.

Criterion B: The period of significance for a property significant for Criterion B is usually the length of time the property was associated with the important person.

Criterion C: For architecturally significant properties, the period of significance is the date of construction and/or the dates of any significant alterations and additions.

Criterion D: The period of significance for an archeological site is the estimated time when it was occupied or used for reasons related to its importance, for example, 3000-2500 B.C.

ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES

- The property must possess historic integrity for all periods of significance entered.
- Continued use or activity does not necessarily justify continuing the period of significance. The period of significance is based upon the time when the property made the contributions or achieved the character on which significance is based.
- Fifty years ago is used as the closing date for periods of significance where activities begun historically continued to have importance and no more specific date can be defined to end the historic period. (Events and activities occurring within the last 50 years must be exceptionally important to be recognized as "historic" and to justify extending a period of significance beyond the limit of 50 years ago.)

Base the period of significance on specific events directly related to the significance of the property, for example, the date of construction for a building significant for its design or the length of time a mill operated and contributed to local industry.

Enter one period of significance in each blank on the form, placing the ones most important to the property first. Use a continuation sheet, if more space is needed. Complete this item for all properties, even if the period is less than one year.

SIGNIFICANT DATES

Enter the year of any events, associations, construction, or alterations qualifying the property for National Register listing or adding to its significance. A property may have several dates of significance; all of them, however, must fall within the periods of significance. Enter one date in each blank, placing those most important to the property first. Use a continuation sheet for additional entries. Some properties with a period of significance spanning many years may not have any specific dates of significance. In these cases, enter "N/A."

DEFINITION OF SIGNIFICANT DATE

A **significant date** is the year when one or more major events directly contributing to the significance of a historic property occurred. Examples include:

construction of an architecturally significant building

opening of an important transportation route

alteration of a building that contributes to its architectural importance

residency of an important person

SIGNIFICANT PERSON

Complete this item only if Criterion B is checked as a qualifying criterion. Enter the full name of the person with whom the property is importantly associated. Do not exceed 26 characters, including spaces and punctuation.

GUIDELINES FOR IDENTIFYING SIGNIFICANT DATES

- The property must have historic integrity for all the significant dates entered.
- The beginning and closing dates of a period of significance are "significant dates" only if they mark specific events directly related to the significance of the property, for example, the date of construction that also marked the beginning of an important individual's residency, or the closing of a mine that ended a community's growth.
- For a property significant for Critcrion C, enter the date of the construction or alterations through which the property achieved its importance. Enter the dates of alterations only if they contribute to the property's significance.
- For districts, enter construction dates of only those buildings that individually had an impact on the character of the district as a whole. Enter dates of events for which the district as a whole and not individual buildings is significant, for example, the opening of a trolley line that spurred a community's suburban development.

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING NAMES OF SIGNIFICANT PERSONS

- Do not enter the name of a family, fraternal group, or other organization.
- Enter the names of several individuals in one family or organization, if each person made contributions for which the property meets Criterion B.
- Enter the name of a property's architect or builder only if the property meets Criterion B for association with the life of that individual, such as the home, studio, or office of a prominent architect.

Enter as complete a name as possible, placing the last name first. If the individual is listed in the *Dictionary of American Biography*, enter the name as it appears in that source.

White, Edward Gould Bartlett, Stephen Jameson

For properties associated with several important persons, enter the name of the person most important to

the property on the form, and list all others in order of their importance on a continuation sheet. (If no one stands out as most important, place the name of the person with the earliest associations on the form.) For additional guidance on evaluating properties for Criterion B, see the National Register bulletin entitled Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Properties Associated with Significant Persons.

If Criterion Bhas not been marked, enter "N/A."

CULTURAL AFFILIATION

Complete only if Criterion D is marked on the form. Enter one or more cultural affiliations reflected by the site or district. Use only commonly accepted and used terms. Enter one cultural affiliation in each blank, placing the most important or predominant ones first. Use a continuation sheet for additional entries.

Enter important cultural affiliations for properties significant for other criteria, including ethnographic properties, as areas of significance. Enter "ethnic heritage" following the instructions in *Guidelines for Selecting Area of Significance* on page 39.

If a cultural affiliation cannot be identified, enter "undefined."

DEFINITION OF CULTURAL AFFILIATION

Cultural affiliation is the archeological or ethnographic culture to which a collection of artifacts or resources belongs. It is generally a term given to a specific cultural group for which assemblages of artifacts have been found at several sites of the same age in the same region.

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING CULTURAL AFFILIATION

• For aboriginal prehistoric and historic cultures, enter the name commonly used to identify the cultural group, or enter the period of time represented by the archeological remains.

Cochise

Hopewell

Mississippian

Red Ochre

Paleo-Indian

Late Archaic

• For non-aboriginal historic cultures, enter the ethnic background, occupation, geographical location or topography, or another term that is commonly used to identify members of the cultural group.

Sea Islander

Appalachian

Black Freedman

Italian-American

Shaker

Euro-American



Several groups of prehistoric mounds comprise the Mealy Mounds Archeological Site in central Missouri. The mounds and the remains of a nearby village are a valuable source of information about the prehistoric groups that occupied the banks of the Missouri River during the Late Woodland Period. (Howard W. Marshall)

ARCHITECT/BUILDER

Enter the full name of the person(s) responsible for the design or construction of the property. This includes architects, artists, builders, craftsmen, designers, engineers, and landscape architects.

Enter as complete a name as possible, not exceeding 36 characters. If the person is listed in the *Dictionary* of *American Biography*, enter the name as it appears in that source.

Richardson, Henry Hobson

Benton, Thomas Hart

Enter one name in each blank. For more than one architect/builder, place the name of the one most important to the property first. Use a continuation sheet, if additional space is needed.

If the property has no built resources, enter "N/A."

NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Explain how the property meets the National Register criteria, using one or more continuation sheets. Drawing on facts about the history of the property and the historic trends—local, State, or national—that the property reflects, make the case for the property's historic significance and integrity (see Chapter II for an explanation of these terms). The statement should explain the information entered on the form for the following:

- National Register criteria
- criteria considerations
- significant persons
- period of significance
- significant dates
- areas of significance
- cultural affiliation

The statement of significance contains several parts:

- 1. A paragraph summarizing the property's significance.
- 2. Several **supporting** paragraphs that briefly discuss:

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING NAME OF ARCHITECT/BUILDER

- Enter the names of architectural and engineering firms, only if the names of the specific persons responsible for the design are unknown.
- If the property's design is derived from the stock plans of a company or government agency and is credited to a specific individual, enter the name of the company or agency.

U.S. Treasury

Southern Pacific Railroad

U.S. Army

- Enter the name of property owners or contractors **only** if they were actually responsible for the property's design or construction.
- For **districts**, enter the names of the known architect/builders in order of their importance to the district.
- If the architect or builder is not known, enter "unknown."

WRITING A STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Some general principles for stating significance:

- In the summary paragraph, simply and clearly state the reasons why the property meets the National Register criteria. Add to the information marked on the form for section 8, by providing brief facts that explain how the property meets the criteria, how it contributed to the areas of significance listed, and the ways it was important to the history of its locality, State, or the nation during the period of significance. Mention the important themes or historic contexts to which the property relates.
- Using the summary paragraph as an outline, make the case for significance in subsequent paragraphs. Begin by providing a brief chronological history of the property. Then for each area of significance, beginning with the ones of primary importance, discuss the facts and circumstances in the property's history that led to its importance. Make clear the connection between each area of significance, its corresponding criterion, and period of significance.
- Be selective about the facts you present. Consider whether they directly support the significance of the property. Avoid narrating the entire history of the property. Focus on the events, activities, or characteristics that make the property significant. For example, identify significant architectural details if a building is significant for its design, or explain the role the property played in local commerce or industry.
- Be specific in all references to history or geography. Give dates and proper names of owners, architects or builders, other people, and places. Keep in mind the reader who will have little or no knowledge of the property or the area where it is located.
- Include descriptive and historical information about the area where the property is located to orient the reader to the property's surroundings and the kind of community or place where it functioned in the past. Again, focus on facts that help explain the property's role and illustrate its importance.



A streetscape in the Minneapolis Warehouse Historic District, Hennepin County, Minnesota, shows the diverse scale, period, and styles of the district's warehouses and commercial buildings. Begun as the city's warehouse and wholesaling center in the late 19th century, the district became a major shipping and jobbing center for the upper Midwest by the early 20th century. (Rolf T. Anderson)

- the history of the property, particularly as it represents important historic contexts and reflects the significant events, associations, characteristics, or other reasons the property meets the National Register criteria, and
- the historic contexts, themes, trends, and patterns of development relating to the property.

The statement should be concise, factual, well-organized, and in paragraph form. Include only information pertinent to the property and its eligibility. Additional documentation should be maintained by the SHPO, Certified Local Government, Federal agency, or another institution.

SUMMARY PARAGRAPH

Identify the following items:

- Specific associations or characteristics through which the property has acquired significance, including historic events, activities, persons, physical features, artistic qualities, architectural styles, and archeological evidence that represent the historic contexts within which the property is important to the history of the local community, the State, or the nation.
- Specific ways the property meets the qualifying criterion and has contributed to each area of significance entered on the form.
- Role of any important persons or cultural affiliations entered on the form.

 Ways the property meets the special standards for any criteria considerations marked on the form.

The Edward Jones House, built in 1911, is a product of the dissemination of the Arts and Crafts philosophy and aesthetic in America and is an exceptional example of the craftsmanship of a regionally prominent master builder. Contextually it relates to the influence of the American Arts and Crafts Movement in Texas and to the statewide context, Arts in Texas. Secondarily, the Jones House relates to the context, Community and Regional Planning in Texas, as a product of the urban growth of Hilldale and the planned development of Shadyside. The house meets National Register Criterion C in the area of Architecture as one of the best residential examples of the Arts and Crafts style in the State and as the work of master builder and craftsman Gustav Gustavsen.

SUPPORTING PARAGRAPHS—HISTORY OF PROPERTY

Discuss the chronology and historic development of the property. Highlight and focus on the events, activities, associations, characteristics, and other facts that relate the property to its historic contexts and are the basis for its meeting the National Register criteria. Follow the Guidelines for Evaluating and Stating Significance listed on pages 47 to 49. The guidelines, in the form of questions, address the key points that should be covered. Consult with SHPO and FPO staff to determine what and how much information is needed to support the property's significance and integrity.

GUIDELINES FOR EVALUATING AND STATING SIGNIFICANCE

The following questions should be considered when evaluating the significance of a property and developing the statement of significance. Incorporate in the narrative the answers to the questions directly pertaining to the property's historic significance and integrity.

ALL PROPERTIES

- A. What events took place on the significant dates indicated on the form, and in what ways are they important to the property?
- B. In what ways does the property physically reflect its period of significance, and in what ways does it reflect changes after the period of significance?
- C. What is the period of significance based on? Be specific and refer to existing resources or features within the property or important events in the property's history.

BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES AND OBJECTS

- A. If the property is significant for its association with historic events, what are the historically significant events or patterns of activity associated with the property? Does the existing building, object, or structure reflect in a tangible way the important historical associations? How have alterations or additions contributed to or detracted from the resource's ability to convey the feeling and association of the significant historic period?
- B. If the property is significant because of its association with an individual, how long and when was the individual associated with the property and during what period in his or her life? What were the individual's significant contributions during the period of association? Are there other resources in the vicinity also having strong associations with the individual? If so, compare their significance and associations to that of the property being documented.
- C. If the property is significant for architectural, landscape, aesthetic, or other physical qualities, what are those qualities and why are they significant? Does the property retain enough of its significant design to convey these qualities? If not, how have additions or alterations contributed to or detracted from the significance of the resource?
- D. Does the property have possible archeological significance and to what extent has this significance been considered?
- E. Does the property possess attributes that could be studied to extract important information? For example: does it contain tools, equipment, furniture, refuse, or other materials that could provide information about the social organization of its occupants, their relations with other persons and groups, or their daily lives? Has the resource been rebuilt or added to in ways that reveal changing concepts of style or beauty?
- F. If the property is no longer at its original location, why did the move occur? How does the new location affect the historical and architectural integrity of the property?

HISTORIC SITES

- A. How does the property relate to the significant event, occupation, or activity that took place there?
- B. How have alterations such as the destruction of original buildings, changes in land use, and changes in foliage or topography affected the integrity of the site and its ability to convey its significant associations? For example, if the forested site of a treaty signing is now a park in a suburban development, the site may have lost much of its historic integrity and may not be eligible for the National Register.
- C. In what ways does the event that occurred here reflect the broad patterns of American history and why is it significant?

ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES

- A. What is the cultural context in which the property is considered significant? How does the site relate to what is currently known of the region's prehistory or history and similar known sites?
- B. What kinds of information can the known data categories yield? What additional kinds of information are expected to be present on the basis of knowledge of similar sites? What similarities permit comparison with other known sites?
- C. What is the property's potential for research? What research questions may be addressed at the site? How do these questions relate to the current understanding of the region's archeology? How does the property contribute or have the potential for contributing important information regarding human ecology, cultural history, or cultural process? What evidence, including scholarly investigations, supports the evaluation of significance?
- D. How does the integrity of the property affect its significance and potential to yield important information?
- E. If the site has been totally excavated, how has the information yielded contributed to the knowledge of American cultures or archeological techniques to the extent that the site is significant for the investigation that occurred there?
- F. Does the property possess resources, such as buildings or structures, that in their own right are architecturally or historically significant? If so, how are they significant?

ARCHITECTURAL AND HISTORIC DISTRICTS

- A. What are the physical features and characteristics that distinguish the district, including architectural styles, building materials, building types, street patterns, topography, functions and land uses, and spatial organization?
- B. What are the origins and key events in the historical development of the district? Are any architects, builders, designers, or planners important to the district's development?
- C. Does the district convey a sense of historic and architectural cohesiveness through its design, setting, materials, workmanship, or association?
- D. How do the architectural styles or elements within the district contribute to the feeling of time and place? What period or periods of significance are reflected by the district?
- E. How have significant individuals or events contributed to the development of the district?
- F. How has the district affected the historical development of the community, region, or State? How does the district reflect the history of the community, region, or State?
- G. How have intrusions and noncontributing structures and buildings affected the district's ability to convey a sense of significance?
- H. What are the qualities that distinguish the district from its surroundings?
- I. How does the district compare to other similar areas in the locality, region, or State?
- J. If there are any preservation or restoration activities in the district, how do they affect the significance of the district?
- K. Does the district contain any resources outside the period of significance that are contributing? If so, identify them and explain their importance (see *Determining Contributing and Noncontributing Resources* on page 16).
- L. If the district has industrial significance, how do the industrial functions or processes represented relate to the broader industrial or technological development of the locality, region, State or nation? How important were the entrepreneurs, engineers, designers, and planners who contributed to the development of the district? How do the remaining buildings, structures, sites, and objects within the district reflect industrial production or process?

- M. If the district is rural, how are the natural and manmade elements of the district linked historically or architecturally, functionally, or by common ethnic or social background? How does the open space constitute or unite significant features of the district?
- N. Does the district have any resources of possible archeological significance? If so, how are they likely to yield important information? How do they relate to the prehistory or history of the district?

ARCHEOLOGICAL DISTRICTS

- A. What is the cultural context in which the district has been evaluated, including its relationship to what is currently known about the area's prehistory and history and the characteristics giving the district cohesion for study?
- B. How do the resources making up the district as a group contribute to the significance of the district?
- C. How do the resources making up the district individually or in the representative groupings identified in section 7 contribute to the significance of the district?
- D. What is the district's potential for research? What research questions may be addressed at the district? How do these questions relate to the current understanding of the region's archeology? How does the property contribute or have the potential for contributing important information regarding human ecology, cultural history, or cultural process? What evidence, including scholarly investigations, supports the evaluation of significance? Given the existence of material remains with research potential, what is the context that establishes the importance of the recoverable data, taking into account the current state of knowledge in specified topical areas?
- E. How does the integrity of the district affect its significance and potential to yield important information?
- F. Does the district possess resources, such as buildings or structures, that in their own right are architecturally or historically significant? If so, how are they significant?

SUPPORTING PARAGRAPHS—HISTORIC CONTEXT

Relate the property to important themes in the prehistory or history of its community, State, or the nation. Include information about the history of the community or larger geographical area that explains the ways the property is unique or representative of its theme, place, and time.

Consider, for example, the historic context of the Hartstene Island Community Hall (see the *Completed Form* on page 73). The significance of the hall is based on its role in the community over a period of 45 years. This significance becomes apparent when facts about the community's settlement, isolated location, and social activities are considered.

Similarly, the context for a small town general store relies on facts about its role in the commercial development of the community:

The railroad affected the growth and development of Greeneville, creating the opportunity for businesses like Bartlett's General Store to flourish.

Such a business, in turn, served not only its local community but took on the regional trade of farmers who came to town to ship their produce, collect staples and equipment, and conduct business. Greeneville flourished through the enterprising spirit and forward thinking of merchants and local leaders, such as Stephen Bartlett. Among the several commercial buildings established in the era following the railroad's introduction, Bartlett's Store was the largest and continued in business the longest, adapting to changing times and needs. Recognition of Bartlett's establishes a standard for the significance and integrity of a successful and pivotal commercial property reflecting the history of the town.

Incorporate the following information to the extent that it relates to the significance of the property:

- specific events
- activities and uses
- influence of technology
- aspects of development

- common architectural styles or types
- construction materials and methods
- role of important persons or organizations
- cultural affiliations
- political organization
- social or cultural traditions
- trends in local or regional development
- patterns of physical development
- economic forces
- presence and condition of similar properties

The discussion of historic context should do several things:

- Explain the role of the property in relationship to broad historic trends, drawing on specific facts about the property and its community.
- Briefly describe the prehistory or history of the community where the property is located as it di-

- rectly relates to the property. Highlight any notable events and patterns of development that affected the property's history, significance, and integrity.
- Explain the importance of the property in each area of significance by showing how the property is unique, outstanding, or strongly representative of an important historic context when compared with other properties of the same or similar period, characteristics, or associations.

For example, the statement for a residential historic district should discuss how the associations, architectural styles and types, and periods reflected by the district represent one or several important aspects of the historic development of the community, whether the

community has a number of neighborhoods with the same or similar qualities, and how the district is unique or representative in comparison to other districts representing its theme and period.

Incorporate the facts needed to make the case for significance and integrity. Consult with the SHPO or FPO staff for help in determining how much and what kinds of information are needed. The site of a pivotal battle or a textbook example of a prominent architectural style usually requires less documentation than a property associated with a commonplace local event or exhibiting a vernacular building form about which little is written.

GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPING HISTORIC CONTEXT

Identify and provide facts about one or more themes of history to which the property relates through its historic uses, activities, associations, and physical characteristics. These facts should be organized by theme, geographical place, and period of time. Facts may relate to other properties having similar associations or characteristics and dating in the same place and time. (For a complete discussion of historic context, see the bulletins entitled *How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation* and *How to Complete the National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form.*)

PROPERTIES SIGNIFICANT FOR CRITERION A

Explain how the **event or pattern of events** made an important contribution to the history of the community State, or nation, and how related types of properties reflect these events, for example, how the advent of the rail-road affected the growth and character of a town in the late 19th century and is represented today by the 1870 depot.

PROPERTIES SIGNIFICANT FOR CRITERION B

Explain why the **person with whom the property is associated** is important to the history of the community, State, or nation. Identify also other properties associated with the person and explain their role in the career of the person, for example, how an author who depicted the people, events, and places of her region achieved statewide recognition and how a rustic mountain retreat and boarding house where she wrote and found inspiration are the surviving properties best associated with her life and career.

PROPERTIES SIGNIFICANT FOR CRITERION C

Type or method of construction: Explain why the type, period or method of construction represents architecectural features that are significant in the development of the community, State, or nation, for example, how a local variation of a split-log I-house represents a once common but now rare housing type of the early 19th century regionally and is a good example of its type.

Work of a master: Provide facts about the career and work of the artist, architects engineer, or landscape architect to explain how the person was accomplished in his or her field and made contributions to the art, architecture, or landscape architecture of the community, State, or nation, for example, how an architect achieved recognition for his homes of wealthy merchants and produced a large number of middle and upper class residences on the late 1700s in a prosperous seaport.

High artistic values: Describe the quality of artistry or craftsmanship present in comparable works in the community, State, or nation, for example, how the elaborate hand-carved woodwork apparent in the public buildings and private homes of a rural county seat in a western State is the notable achievement of a local carpenter and his family over several generations.

PROPERTIES SIGNIFICANT FOR CRITERION D

Explain why the **information the site is likely to yield** is important to the knowledge of the prehistory or history of the community, State, or nation, for example, how the data on hunting and gathering practices and technology of a Late Archaic culture will broaden the knowledge and understanding of the culture's occupation regionally.

PROPERTIES OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE

Identify the local events and activities relating to the property and discuss their importance to local history.

PROPERTIES OF STATE SIGNIFICANCE

Discuss how the property reflects the history of the State and the ways in which the property is one of the best of similarly associated properties in the State to represent the theme.

PROPERTIES OF NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Discuss how the property reflects an important aspect of the history of the Nation as a whole or has contributed in an exceptional way to the diverse geographical and cultural character of the Nation. Also, explain how the property relates to other properties nationwide having similar associations. (*See Chapter V, Documenting Nationally Significant Properties.*)

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

 9. Major Bibliographical References Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on 	one or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
 □ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested □ previously listed in the National Register □ previously determined eligible by the National Register □ designated a National Historic Landmark □ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey 	☐ State Historic Preservation Office ☐ Other State agency ☐ Federal agency ☐ Local government ☐ University ☐ Other Name of repository:
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Enter the primary and secondary sources used in documenting and evaluating this property on one or more continuation sheets. These include books, journal or magazine articles, interviews, oral history tapes, planning documents, historic resource studies or survey reports, census data, newspaper articles, deeds, wills, correspondence, business records, diaries, and other sources. Do

not include general reference works unless they provide specific information about the property or have assisted in evaluating the property's significance.

Use a standard bibliographical style such as that found in *A Manual of Style* or *A Manual for Writers* by Kate L. Turabian, both published by the University of Chicago Press.

Lancaster, Clay. <u>The American Bungalow</u>, 1880-1930. New York: Abbeville Press, 1985.

Page, Jane. "Gustave Gustavsen: Architect and Craftsman." <u>Texas Journal of Art 2</u> (June 1989): 113-25.

Stickley, Gustave. <u>Craftsman Homes:</u>
<u>Architecture and Furnishings of the American Arts and Crafts Movement.</u>
2nd ed. New York: Craftsman Publishing Company, 1909; reprint ed.
New York: Dover Publications, 1979.

PREVIOUS DOCUMENTATION ON FILE (NPS)

This item is completed by the nominating official. Mark "x" in the appropriate box for any other previous NPS action involving the property being registered. Also enter the survey number, if the property has been recorded by the Historic American Buildings Survey (HABS) or Historic American Engineering Record (HAER). Also indicate any requests for preliminary determinations of individual listing (Tax Act Certification Application—Part One) currently in process.

GUIDELINES FOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- For all printed materials, list the author, full title, location and date of publication, and publisher.
- For articles, list also the name, volume, and date of the journal or magazine.
- For **unpublished manuscripts**, indicate where copies are available.
- For **interviews**, include the date of the interview, name of the interviewer, name and title of the person interviewed, and the location where the tape or transcript is stored.
- Cite any established historic contexts that have been used to evaluate the property. (Contact the SHPO for information about historic contexts that may be useful.)
- For National Park Service properties that have been listed as classified structures, cite *List of Classified Structures*.

PRIMARY LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Mark "x" in the box to indicate where most of the additional documentation about the property is stored. Enter the name of any repository other than the SHPO.

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

40. On a way bigg! Date	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
1 Zone Easting Northing 2 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Zone Easting Northing 4
	See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

This section defines the location and extent of the property being nominated. It also explains why the boundaries were selected. Review the guidelines on pages 56 and 57 before selecting boundaries and completing this information. For additional guidance, see the National Register bulletin entitled *How to Establish Boundaries for National Register Properties*.

For discontiguous districts, provide a set of geographical data—including acreage, UTMs, and a boundary description and justification—for each separate area of land. (See page 57 for an explanation of discontiguous districts.)

ACREAGE OF PROPERTY

Enter the number of acres comprising the property in the blank. Acreage should be accurate to the nearest whole acre; fractions of acres to the nearest tenth should be recorded, if known. If the property is substantially smaller than one acre, "less than one acre" may be entered. Where accuracy to one acre is not practical, for example, for districts over 100 acres, a USGS acreage estimator may be used to calculate acreage.

UTM REFERENCES

Enter one or more Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) grid references to identify the exact location of the property. Enter only complete, unabbreviated references. Up to 26 references will be entered in the NRIS data base.

A United States Geological Survey (USGS) quadrangle map and a UTM counter are necessary tools for determining UTM reference points. The USGS map is also required documentation (see Maps on pages 61 to 63). Refer to Appendix VIII and the National Register bulletin on Using the UTM Grid System to Record Historic Sites for instructions on determining the references. Many State historic preservation offices will assist applicants in completing this item.

GUIDELINES FOR ENTERING UTM REFERENCES

- For **properties less than 10 acres**, enter the UTM reference for the point corresponding to the center of the property.
- For **properties of 10 or more acres**, enter three or more UTM references. The references should correspond to the vertices of a polygon drawn on the USGS map according the following steps:
 - 1. Draw a polygon of three or more sides on the USGS map that approximately encompasses the area to be registered.
 - 2. Label the vertices of the polygon numerically, beginning at the northwest corner and moving clockwise.
 - 3. Determine the UTM reference for the point corresponding to each vertex (see *Appendix VIII*).
 - 4. Enter the references numerically on the form. Use a continuation sheet for additional references.
- For linear properties of 10 or more acres, such as railroad, canal, highway, or trail, enter three or more UTM references. The references should correspond to the points along a line drawn on the USGS map according to the following steps:
 - 1. Draw a line on the USGS map indicating the course of the property.
 - 2. Mark and label numerically points along the line that correspond to the beginning, end, and each major shift in direction. Order numbers in sequence from beginning to end.
 - 3. Determine the UTM reference for each point.
 - 4. Enter the references numerically on the form. Use a continuation sheet for additional references.
- If UTM references define the boundaries of the property, as well as indicate location, the polygon or line delineated by the references must correspond exactly with the property's boundaries. (See *Appendix VIII*.)

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Describe the boundaries of the property. Use one of the following forms:

- A map may be substituted for a narrative verbal boundary description. Reference to the map should be made in the blank on the form. (See page 58.)
- A legal parcel number.
- A block and lot number.
- A sequence of metes and bounds.

 Dimensions of a parcel of land fixed upon a given point such as the intersection of two streets, a natural feature, or a manmade structure.

The description must be **accurate** and **precise**. Follow guidelines on page 58.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

For all properties, provide a brief and concise explanation of the reasons for selecting the boundaries. The reasons should be based on the property's historic significance and integrity, and they should conform to the *Guidelines for Selecting Boundaries* on pages 56 and 57.

The **complexity and length** of the justification depends on the nature of the property, the irregularity of the boundaries, and the methods used to determine the boundaries. For example, a city lot retaining its original property lines can be justified in a short sentence, while a paragraph may be needed where boundaries are very irregular, where large portions of historic acreage have been lost, or where a district's boundaries are ragged because of new construction. Properties with substantial acreage require more explanation than those confined to small city lots.

The boundary includes the farm-house, outbuildings, fields, orchards, and forest that have historically been part of Meadowbrook Farm and that maintain historic integrity. That parcel of the original farm south of Highway 61 has been excluded because it has been subdivided and developed into a residential neighborhood.

Boundaries for archeological properties often call for longer justifications, referring to the kinds of methodology employed, distribution of known sites, reliability of surveybased predictions, and amount of unsurveyed acreage.

The southern boundary of the site is established by the limit of cultural materials and features and roughly corresponds to a lowering in grade. The highest artifact densities recovered during surface collection were noted at the northern and western edges of the plowed field. By extrapolation, it is likely that the site extends into the wooded areas to the north and west. The western boundary is established by the railroad cut which corresponds roughly to the original terrace edge. The northern and eastern boundaries are set by the contour line marking an abrupt fall to the wetland.

For **discontiguous districts**, explain in the boundary justification how the property meets the conditions for a discontiguous district and how the boundaries were selected for each area.

GUIDELINES FOR SELECTING BOUNDARIES

ALL PROPERTIES

- Carefully select boundaries to encompass, but not to exceed, the full extent of the significant resources and land area making up the property.
- The area to be registered should be large enough to include all historic features of the property, but should not include "buffer zones" or acreage not directly contributing to the significance of the property.
- Leave out peripheral areas of the property that no longer retain integrity, due to subdivision, development, or other changes.
- "Donut holes" are not allowed. No area or resources within a set of boundaries may be excluded from listing in the National Register. Identify nonhistoric resources within the boundaries as noncontributing.
- Use the following features to mark the boundaries:
 - 1. Legally recorded boundary lines.
 - 2. Natural topographic features, such as ridges, valleys, rivers, and forests.
 - 3. Manmade features, such as stone walls; hedgerows; the curblines of highways, streets, and roads; areas of new construction.
 - 4. For large properties, topographic features, contour lines, and section lines marked on USGS maps.

BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES AND OBJECTS

- Select boundaries that encompass the entire resource, with historic and contemporary additions. Include any surrounding land historically associated with the resource that retains its historic integrity and contributes to the property's historic significance.
- For **objects**, such as sculpture, and **structures**, such as ships, boats, and railroad cars and locomotives, the boundaries may be the land or water occupied by the resource without any surroundings.
- For **urban and suburban properties** that retain their historic boundaries and integrity, use the legally recorded parcel number or lot lines.
- Boundaries for rural properties may be based on:
 - 1. A small parcel drawn to immediately encompass the significant resources, including outbuildings and associated setting, or
 - 2. Acreage, including fields, forests, and open range, that was associated with the property historically and conveys the property's historic setting. (This area must have historic integrity and contribute to the property's historic significance.)

HISTORIC SITES

For historic sites, select boundaries that encompass the area where the historic events took place. Include
only portions of the site retaining historic integrity and documented to have been directly associated with the
event.

HISTORIC AND ARCHITECTURAL DISTRICTS

- Select boundaries to encompass the single area of land containing the significant concentration of buildings, sites, structures, or objects making up the district. The district's significance and historic integrity should help determine the boundaries. Consider the following factors:
 - 1. **Visual barriers** that mark a change in the historic character of the area or that break the continuity of the district, such as new construction, highways, or development of a different character.
 - 2. **Visual changes** in the character of the area due to different architectural styles, types or periods, or to a decline in the concentration of contributing resources.

- 3. **Boundaries** at a specific time in history, such as the original city limits or the legally recorded boundaries of a housing subdivision, estate, or ranch.
- 4. Clearly differentiated patterns of historical development, such as commercial versus residential or industrial.
- A historic district may contain discontiguous elements only under the following circumstances:
 - 1. When visual continuity is not a factor of historic significance, when resources are geographically separate, and when the intervening space lacks significance: for example, a cemetery located outside a rural village.
 - 2. When manmade resources are interconnected by natural features that are excluded from the National Register listing: for example, a canal system that incorporates natural waterways.
 - 3. When a portion of a district has been separated by intervening development or highway construction and when the separated portion has sufficient significance and integrity to meet the National Register criteria.

ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES AND DISTRICTS

- The selection of boundaries for archeological sites and districts depends primarily on the scale and horizontal extent of the significant features. A regional pattern or assemblage of remains, a location of repeated habitation, a location or a single habitation, or some other distribution of archeological evidence, all imply different spatial scales. Although it is not always possible to determine the boundaries of a site conclusively, a knowledge of local cultural history and related features such as site type can help predict the extent of a site. Consider the property's setting and physical characteristics along with the results of archeological survey to determine the most suitable approach.
- Obtain evidence through one or several of the following techniques:
 - 1. **Subsurface testing**, including test excavations, core and auger borings, and observation of cut banks.
 - 2. **Surface observation** of site features and materials that have been uncovered by plowing or other disturbance or that have remained on the surface since deposition.
 - 3. **Observation of topographic or other natural features** that may or may not have been present during the period of significance.
 - 4. **Observation of land alterations** subsequent to site formation that may have affected the integrity of the site.
 - 5. **Study of historical or ethnographic documents**, such as maps and journals.
- If the techniques listed above cannot be applied, set the boundaries by conservatively estimating the extent and location of the significant features. Thoroughly explain the basis for selecting the boundaries in the boundary justification.
- If a portion of a known site cannot be tested because access to the property has been denied by the owner, the boundaries may be drawn along the legal property lines of the portion that is accessible, provided that portion by itself has sufficient significance to meet the National Register criteria and the full extent of the site is unknown.
- Archeological districts may contain discontiguous elements under the following circumstances:
 - 1. When one or several outlying sites has a direct relationship to the significance of the main portion of the district, through common cultural affiliation or as related elements of a pattern of land use, and
 - 2. When the intervening space does not have known significant resources.

(Geographically separate sites not forming a discontiguous district may be nominated together as individual properties within a multiple property submission.)

GUIDELINES FOR VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

• A map drawn to a scale of at least 1" = 200 feet may be used in place of a narrative verbal description. When using a map, note under the heading "verbal boundary description" that the boundaries are indicated on the accompanying base map. The map must clearly indicate the boundaries of the property in relationship to standing structures or natural or manmade features such as rivers, highways, or shorelines. Plat, local planning, or tax maps may be used. Maps must include the scale and a north arrow.

The boundary of Livermore Plantation is shown as the dotted line on the accompanying map entitled "Survey, Livermore Plantation, 1958."

• For **properties** whose boundaries correspond to a polygon, section lines, or contour lines on the USGS map, the boundaries marked on the USGS map may be used in place of a verbal boundary description. In this case, simply note under the heading "verbal boundary description" that the boundary line is indicated on the USGS map. If USGS quadrangle maps are not available, provide a map of similar scale and a careful and accurate description including street names, property lines, or geographical features that delineate the perimeter of the boundary.

The boundary of the nominated property is delineated by the polygon whose vertices are marked by the following UTM reference points: A 18 313500 4136270, B 18 312770 4135940, C 18 313040 4136490.

• To describe only a **portion of a city lot**, use fractions, dimensions, or other means.

The south 1/2 of Lot 36

The eastern 20 feet of Lot 57

• If none of the options listed above are feasible, describe the boundaries in a narrative using street names, property lines, geographical features, and other lines of convenience. Begin by defining a fixed reference point and proceed by describing the perimeter in an orderly sequence, incorporating both dimensions and direction. Draw boundaries that correspond to rights-of-way to one side or the other but not along the centerline.

Beginning at a point on the east bank of the Lazy River and 60' south of the center of Maple Avenue, proceed east 150' along the rear property lines of 212-216 Maple Avenue to the west curbline of Main Street. Then proceed north 150' along the west curbline of Main Street, turning west for 50' along the rear property line of 217 Maple Avenue. Then proceed north 50' to the rear property line of 215 Maple Avenue, turning west for 100' to the east bank of the Lazy River. Then proceed south along the river bank to the point of origin.

• For **rural properties** where it is difficult to establish fixed reference points such as highways, roads, legal parcels of land, or tax parcels, refer to the section grid appearing on the USGS map if it corresponds to the actual boundaries.

NW 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, SW 1/4, Section 28, Township 35, Range 17

• For **rural properties less than one acre**, the description may be based on the dimensions of the property fixed upon a single point of reference.

The property is a rectangular parcel measuring 50×100 feet, whose northwest corner is 15 feet directly northwest of the northwest corner of the foundation of the barn and whose southeast corner is 15 feet directly southeast of the southeast corner of the foundation of the farmhouse.

• For **objects and structures**, such as sculpture, ships and boats, railroad locomotives or rolling stock, and aircraft, the description may refer to the extent of dimensions of the property and give its location.

The ship at permanent berth at Pier 56.

The statue whose boundaries form a circle with a radius of 17.5 feet centered on the statue located in Oak Hill Park.

11. FORM PREPARED BY

11. Form Prepared By		
name/title		
organization	date	
street & number	telephone	
city or town	state zip code	

This section identifies the person who prepared the form and his or her affiliation. This person is responsible for the information contained in the form. The SHPO, FPO, or the National Park Service may contact this person if a question arises about the form or if additional information is needed.

In the blanks, enter the following information:

- 1. Name of the person who prepared the form.
- 2. Professional title, if applicable.
- Organization with which preparer is affiliated, if applicable.
- 4. Address.
- 5. Daytime telephone number.
- 6. Date the form was completed.

Use a continuation sheet, if more space is needed.

ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION

CONTINUATION SHEETS

Use the National Register Continuation Sheet (NPS 10-900-a) or a computer-generated form for additional entries and narrative items.

NPS Form 10-800-a (8-88)		CMB Approval No. 1024-0018	
United States Depar National Park Service	Inited States Department of the Interior lational Park Service		
National Regi Continuation	lational Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet		
Section number	Page		

GUIDELINES FOR CONTINUATION SHEETS

- On each sheet, enter the following information:
 - 1. Section and page number in the blanks at the top of the form.
 - 2. Name of the property, county, and State in the space to the right of the page number or at the upper left below the line.
 - 3. A heading for each item with the corresponding information.
- Information for several sections may be placed on one continuation sheet. In this case, enter the section numbers at the top of the page. Enter the information numerically by section.
- Order pages in numerical sequence regardless of the section number. For example, ten sheets accompanying a form would be numbered "1" through "10."

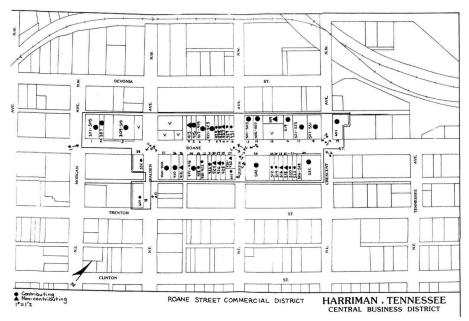
MAPS

GEOGRAPHICAL MAP

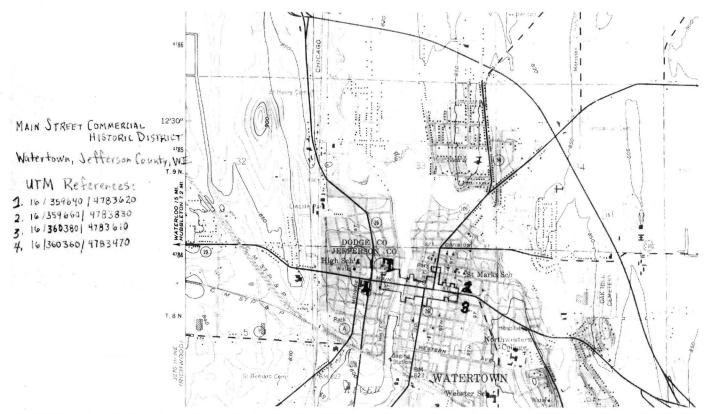
Submit a United States Geological Survey map clearly locating the property within a city or other geographical area. Follow guidelines on page 63.

SKETCH MAP

Submit at least one detailed map or sketch map for districts and for properties containing a substantial number of sites, structures, or buildings. Plat books, insurance maps, bird's-eye views, district highway maps, and hand-drawn maps may be used. Sketch maps need not be drawn to a precise scale, unless they are also used in place of a boundary description. (See page 62 for guidelines.)



Sketch map for Roane Street Commercial Historic District, Harriman, Tennessee, shows contributing and noncontributing resources, street addresses, the numbers and vantage points of photographs accompanying the nomination, and streets in and surrounding the district. (Tennessee State Historic Preservation Office)



This USGS quadrangle shows the location and boundaries of the Main Street Commercial Historic District, in Watertown, Wisconsin. The district encompasses the city's downtown commercial center, which developed over a 100-year period from 1841 to 1938. (Wisconsin State Historical Society)

GUIDELINES FOR SKETCH MAPS

- Maps should be drawn or printed on archival paper and folded to fit an archival folder approximately 8 1/2 by 11 inches. When submitting a large map that is not on archival paper, fold the map and submit it in an archival folder no larger than 8 1/2 by 11 inches.
- Display on one or several identical maps the following information:
 - 1. Boundaries of the property, carefully delineated.
 - 2. Names of streets, including those bordering the district.
 - 3. Names of places, such as street addresses or parcel numbers, that correspond to the description of resources in section 7.
 - Highway numbers.
 - 5. A north arrow (magnetic or true).
 - 6. Approximate scale.
 - 7. Contributing buildings, sites, structures, and objects, keyed to the photographs and sections 7 and 8 (see *Guidelines for Describing Properties*, pages 31 to 34, for instructions on providing a list in place of identifying contributing and noncontributing resources on a sketch map).
 - 8. Noncontributing buildings, sites, structures, and objects, keyed to the photographs and sections 7 and 8.
 - Land uses and natural features covering substantial acreage or having historic significance, such as forests, fields, orchards, rivers, lakes, and harbors.
 - 10. Number and vantage point of each accompanying photograph.
- Use coding, crosshatching, numbering, transparent overlays, or other graphic techniques to indicate the information. Do not use color because it can not be reproduced by microfilming or photocopying.
- For archeological sites and districts, include the following additional items:
 - 1. Location and extent of disturbances, including previous excavations.
 - 2. Location of specific significant features and artifact loci.
 - Distribution of sites in a district.
- For properties of 10 or more acres, a USGS map may be used in place of a sketch map as long as it contains the required information. Several maps drawn to a larger scale may be used to show the concentration of resources in a small area; these should be keyed as inserts to a map covering the entire property, such as a large area map or the USGS map.
- Sketch maps may also supplement section 7 to illustrate the following:
 - 1. Evolution of a property.
 - 2. Alterations to a building or complex of buildings.
 - 3. Floor plans of a significant interior.
 - 4. Major architectural styles, periods, or building types in a historic district.
 - 5. Composition of representative sites within an archeological district.

GUIDELINES FOR GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS

- Use a 7.5 or 15 minute series United States Geological Survey (USGS)
 Map. Do not submit fragments or copies of USGS maps because they
 cannot be checked for UTM references. If there is no USGS map for
 the area, a State highway map or, for maritime resources, nautical
 charts may be used.
- Do not use adhesive labels or ink on the map. Use pencil only.
- On the map, identify the following items:
 - 1. Name of the property.
 - 2. Location of the property.
 - 3. UTM references entered in section 10 and their corresponding points (see page 55).
- For properties less than 10 acres, label the UTM reference for the point corresponding to the center of the property.
- For properties having 10 or more acres:
 - 1. Indicate the approximate boundaries of the property.
 - 2. Draw a polygon encompassing the boundaries.
 - 3. Label each vertex of the polygon by number and UTM reference as entered in section 10. Order numbers sequentially, beginning in the northwest corner and moving clockwise.
- For linear properties:
 - 1. Draw a line indicating the course of the property.
 - 2. Label, by UTM reference and number, the points along the line that correspond to the beginning, end, and each major shift in direction (as entered in section 10). Order numbers in sequence from beginning to end.



The Farmington Canal in Hartford and New Haven Counties, Connecticut, was constructed between 1828 and 1847. Along its 56 miles, the canal contains 28 locks, numerous bridges, culverts, and an aqueduct. (Historic Resources Consultants)

PHOTOGRAPHS

Submit clear and descriptive black and white photographs with each registration form. Photographs should give an honest visual representation of the historic integrity and significant features of the property. They should illustrate the qualities discussed in the description and statement of significance. One photograph may be adequate to document a property consisting of a single building or object, while many will be needed for districts and larger properties. One copy of each photograph is submitted to the National Register. The SHPO or FPO may require one or more additional sets of photographs.

For advice and guidance on photographing architecture and other historic resources, see the bulletin entitled *How to Improve the Quality of Photos for National Register Nominations*.

BASIC REQUIREMENTS

Photographs must be:

- unmounted (do not affix photographs to forms by staples, clips, glue, or any other material),
- · high in quality,
- at least 3 1/2 x 5 inches; preferably 8 x 10 inches,
- printed on double or mediumweight paper having a standard finish (matte, glossy, satin),
- properly processed and thoroughly washed, and
- labelled in pencil (see *Resincoated Papers* on page 65.)

USE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC PAPERS

Black and white papers currently available may be used. Recommended to ensure longterm durability are fiber-based papers or resin-coated papers that have been processed in trays. Resin-coated papers that have been processed automatically, however, will be accepted provided they contain no evidence of residual chemicals, fading, or yellowing. Archival printing (as required for Historic American Buildings Sur-

vey and Historic American Engineering Record documentation), the use of a hypo-clearing or neutralizing agent, thorough washing, and toning in selenium or sepia are further recommended to prolong the useful life of photographs submitted to the National Register. Photographs with borders are preferred, but not required.

LABELLING PHOTOGRAPHS

The preferred way to label photographs is to print in pencil (soft lead pencils work best) on the back of the photograph. Include the following information:

- Name of property or, for districts, the name of the building or street address followed by the name of the district.
- 2. County and State where the property is located.
- 3. Name of photographer.
- 4. Date of photograph.
- 5. Location of original negative.
- 6. Description of view indicating direction of camera.
- 7. Photograph number. (For districts, use this number to identify the vantage point on the accompanying sketch map.)

An alternative method of labelling is to use a continuation sheet. To do this, label the photographs by name of property, city and State, and photograph number (items 1, 2, and 7). List the remaining information (items 3-6) on a continuation sheet, identifying the number of each photograph and each item. Information common to all photographs, such as the photographer's name or the location of negatives, may be listed once with a statement that it applies to all photographs.

GUIDELINES FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

The number of photographic views depends on the size and complexity of the property. Submit as many photographs as needed to depict the current condition and significant aspects of the property. Include representative views of both contributing and noncontributing resources. Prints of historic photographs may supplement documentation and may be particularly useful in describing the historic integrity of properties that have undergone many alterations or changes.

BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, AND OBJECTS

- Submit one or more views to show the principal facades and the environment or setting in which the property is located.
- Additions, alterations, intrusions, and dependencies should appear in the photographs.
- Include views of interiors, outbuildings, landscaping, or unusual details if the significance of the property is entirely or in part based on them.

HISTORIC AND ARCHEOLOGICAL SITES

- Submit one or more photographs to depict the condition of the site and any above-ground or surface features and disturbances.
- If they are relevant to the evaluation of significance, include drawings or photographs that illustrate artifacts that have been removed from the site.
- At least one photograph should show the physical environment and configuration of the land making up the site.

ARCHITECTURAL AND HISTORIC DISTRICTS

- Submit photographs representing the major building types and styles, pivotal buildings and structures, representative noncontributing resources, and any important topographical or spatial elements defining the character of the district.
- Streetscapes, landscapes, or aerial views are recommended.
- Views of individual buildings are not necessary, if streetscapes and other views clearly illustrate the significant historical and architectural qualities of the district.
- Key all photographs to the sketch map for the district.

ARCHEOLOGICAL DISTRICTS

• Submit photographs of the principal sites and site types within the district following the guidelines above for archeological sites.

RESIN-COATED PAPERS

To label photographs on paper that will not accept pencil marks (including many resin-coated papers), print with a permanent audio-visual marking pen or pencil the name and location of the property and number of the photograph (items 1, 2, and 7) in the lower right of the front border. If there is no border, this information may be printed in the lower right on the back of the photograph. List additional information on a continuation sheet. Because no marking pens are archivally stable, take care to confine any marks to the edges of the print and make sure that ink does not smudge or bleed through to adjoining prints.

ADHESIVE LABELS

Photographs with adhesive labels will not be accepted, because the labels detach from the photograph and

their acidity may cause the photograph to deteriorate.

USE OF NATIONAL REGISTER PHOTOGRAPHS

By allowing a photograph to be submitted to the National Park Service with a National Register form, photographers grant permission to the National Park Service to use the photograph for publication and other purposes, including duplication, display, distribution, study, publicity, and audio-visual presentations.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS

In addition to the requirements described in this bulletin, SHPOs and FPOs may require additional information not requested on the National Register form. Additional items may include a duplicate set of

photographs for the State files, sketch maps, footnotes, or chain of title. This information may have a variety of purposes, including documentation for State registers.

All SHPOs will need the names and addresses of all fee-simple property owners. This information is used to notify owners of the intended nomination of their property to the National Register and afterwards its listing. The SHPO or FPO may ask applicants to enter this information on the form, on continuation sheets, or in another form.

When there are any special circumstances, the SHPO or FPO will also submit the following items with the completed National Register form:

- Notarized letters of objection from property owners
- Comments received from public officials, owners, and the general public.

IV. DOCUMENTING PROPERTIES WITHIN MULTIPLE PROPERTY SUBMISSIONS

Document each property within a multiple property submission on a separate registration form (NPS 10-900). Each property will be listed individually in the National Register. (Note: While a district may be one of the types of property within a multiple property group, it is by definition an individual property not a mul-

tiple property group.)

Registration forms for properties may be completed at the same time as the multiple property documentation form, or any time thereafter. One of the major reasons for grouping properties together for listing is to reduce the amount of documentation on each property. This applies particularly to information about methodology, bibliography, and historic context that relates to the group as a whole. Common information is discussed once in the multiple property documentation form (NPS 10-900-b) and can be simply referenced in the individual registration forms.

Follow the instructions in *Chapter III* to complete these forms, noting the shortcuts listed in this chapter. Applicants should also consult with the SHPO or FPO when documenting a property within a multiple listing.

See the instructions for completing the multiple property form in the bulletin on How to Complete the National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form for an explanation of property types and registration requirements.

1. NAME OF PROPERTY

When naming the property, select a name that is different from that of other properties in the multiple property group. If necessary, differentiate similar names by adding a number, the location, or some other descriptive term.

World War II Japanese Fortification— Site 2

United States Post Office—Main Branch

3. CERTIFICATION

The appropriate certifying and commenting officials sign each registration form. (See Appendix VII.)

5. CLASSIFICATION

Enter the name of the multiple property listing to which the property belongs.

Port Huron Multiple Properties

Historic and Historic Archeological Resources of the Iron Industry on the Westland Highland Rim

7. DESCRIPTION

Identify the physical features that identify the property as a member of

its property type. Describe also additional features that make it unique or distinctive. When discussing the property's historic and current condition, address any alterations, additions, disturbances, or other changes that affect the property's representation of its property type.

8. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

For most properties within a multiple property listing, a summary paragraph is sufficient. The paragraph identifies the themes or historic contexts for the property and provides specific facts about the property's history and condition that link it to the historic contexts and property types documented on the multiple property documentation form. The more specific the registration requirements are in the multiple property form, the shorter and simpler the statement of significance will be.

In the summary paragraph:

- Identify the historic contexts and property types represented by the property. (These should correspond to those documented on the multiple property form.)
- Provide facts relating the property to each historic context and showing that the property possesses the physical or associative characteristics required for listing as a member of its property type.
- **Discuss** how the property meets the National Register criteria and



The Tekoa Grain Company Elevator and Flathouse, Whitman County, Washington, is one of several properties listed in the National Register as part of the multiple property group, Grain Production in Eastern Washington. (Holstine)

any criteria considerations as a member of its property type.

Additional paragraphs should:

- Discuss any additional significance, mentioning other historic contexts, themes, or areas of significance related to the property.
- Provide background information linking the property with the prehistory or history of the geographical area where the property is located, if this is not covered in the multiple property form.

• Discuss any reasons why a property not meeting the registration requirements for its property type merits listing in the National Register. (For example, upon further information the registration requirements should be revised, or, under certain conditions, some of the requirements should be waived.)

9. BIBLIOGRAPHY

Cite only sources specifically relating to the property being documented. Cite sources relating to the group as a whole on the multiple property form.

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Provide a complete set of geographical data with each completed form.

ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION

MAPS

A single USGS quadrangle map may be used to indicate the location of several properties. Also, a single tax map or other large area map may be used as a sketch map or in place of a verbal boundary description for more than one property.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Submit one or more photographs with each registration form. Photographs must illustrate the characteristics that relate the property to its property type, as well as depict its overall character and condition.

CONTINUATION SHEETS

Label and number continuation sheets for each registration form separately from the multiple property form and each other. Include the name of the multiple property listing with the property's name and location. Do not combine items for separate properties on a single continuation sheet.

ORGANIZING THE SUBMISSION

Submit completed registration forms either separately or together as a group. This may be done at the same time or after the multiple property form is submitted.

When submitting a core group of properties with a multiple property form, include a continuation sheet listing the properties. Additional properties can be added to the multiple property listing at any time. Properties will be identified in the NRIS by the name of both the property and the multiple property listing.

V. DOCUMENTING NATIONALLY SIGNIFICANT PROPERTIES

The SHPO, FPO, and others may use the National Register Registration Form, with certain additional information, to recommend properties for designation as National Historic Landmarks (NHLs).

This chapter supplements Chapter III and explains how persons preparing National Register forms can document national significance. Those who believe a property has national significance and qualifies for NHL designation should first review the NHL criteria for national significance in *Appendix V*.

WHAT ARE NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS (NHLS)?

NHLs are districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects found to possess national significance in illustrating or representing the prehistory and history of the United States.

NHLs are designated by the Secretary of the Interior. Other than inclusion in the National Park System, Landmark designation is the Federal government's only official designation of the national significance of a historic property. NHLs number less than four percent of the properties listed in the National Register.

NHL CRITERIA

While the NHL criteria are similar, they are not identical to those of the National Register, and set a very stringent test for national significance, including high historic integrity. If, after reviewing the criteria, applicants are satisfied that the property is a reasonable candidate for NHL designation, they should then contact the SHPO and the National Historic Landmarks Survey staff in the History Division of the National Park Service (see *Appendix IX*). If the property is an archeological site or district, they should also consult the archeological assistance staff in the National Park Service regional office. SHPO and NPS staff will help the applicant determine whether NHL designation should be pursued and what information is needed to make the case for national significance.

NHL DESIGNATION

NHLs are designated by the Secretary of the Interior after the National Park System Advisory Board reviews National Register forms explaining the national significance of the properties. The National Historic Landmarks Survey staff prepares, reviews, or revises these forms before they are considered by the Board. The Landmarks Survey staff is eager to work directly with interested individuals, organizations, and SHPO and Federal agency staff who wish to document properties for NHL designation.

NHL designation requires different and more comprehensive documentation than National Register listing and a substantial amount of time, at least 18 months in most cases. Through the National Register nomination process, a property documented as having national importance can be listed for its State and local importance. After the property has been listed, the National Register staff may recommend it to the Landmarks staff for consideration as a NHL.

NHL THEME STUDIES

NHLs are most often identified through theme studies by the Landmarks Survey staff. Theme studies consist of a context or theme statement and a series of National Register forms relating to a particular topic in U.S. history or archeology, such as westward expansion, architecture, science, or education. There are 34 themes, divided into subthemes and facets. These are listed in *History* and Prehistory in the National Park System and National Historic Landmarks Program (1987), which is available from NPS's History Division. Theme studies will consider properties already listed in the National Register, but may include others not yet listed. If a property has not been listed, designation as a NHL confers listing in the National Register.

It is easier to make the case for national significance if a theme study provides the context to judge relative significance. If no theme study of comparable properties exists, or if it is incomplete, the applicant will need to document the context on the form. This can be done, for example, by cit-

ing judgements of national significance from professional literature.

DOCUMENTING NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Applicants are encouraged to provide information in the National Register form that makes the case for NHL designation. This information is entered on continuation sheets and supplements the documentation for National Register listing (i.e., State or local significance). The continuation sheets should:

- Cite the qualifying NHL criteria (see *Appendix V* for listing of criteria),
- State the related NHL theme and explain the property's relationship to it, and
- Explain how the property has significance at the national level.

If a property is already listed in the National Register, the documentation may be amended from State or local significance to national significance (particularly if new information is available). Applicants can do this by revising the entire form or by submitting additional documentation on continuation sheets (see *Chapter VI* on amending forms).

All continuation sheets documenting national significance will become part of the official file if the property is designated as a NHL.

When documenting a property believed to be of national significance, follow the instructions for completing the registration form in *Chapter III* and the special instructions given below.

1. NAME OF PROPERTY

Select the historic name reflecting the highest level at which the property is important.

Bethune, Mary McLeod, Home Princeton Battlefield Fort Sheridan Historic District

2. LOCATION

If the property having national significance is different than the property having State and local importance, provide two sets of information for location. Enter the information for the locally or State significant property on the form, and that for the nationally significant portion on a continuation sheet.

3. STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION

LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE

The certifying official marks "x" in all the boxes that apply. "National" is interpreted as a recommendation only until NHL designation is approved.

7. DESCRIPTION

Identify the resources contributing to national significance. Do this in one of the following ways:

- List on a separate continuation sheet the names of the resources contributing to the national significance of the property.
- Identify, on a separate sketch map, the resources contributing to national significance.

If only a portion of a National Register property has national significance and is being recommended for NHL designation, explain the differences between the two sets of boundaries. The description should clearly describe what is within the nationally significant portion of the property and what is not.

Differences in boundaries may result from:

- An individual property of national significance being within a National Register district.
- A smaller NHL district lying within a district of State and local significance.
- A property of local or State importance being within a NHL district.

(In some cases, it may be advisable to prepare separate forms and reference them within the larger district nomination.)

8. SIGNIFICANCE

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

When filling in the blanks on the form, enter only the information applying to the National Register significance of the property.

List on a continuation sheet entitled, "National Significance":

- 1. Applicable NHL criteria.
- 2. Any exceptions to the NHL criteria.
- 3. NHL theme(s), subthemes, and facets to which the property relates (refer to History and Prehistory in the National Park System and the National Historic Landmarks Program 1987).
- 4. Periods and dates of national significance.

Emerald Mound Adams County, Mississippi

National Significance

Criterion: 6
Theme: The Original
Inhabitants
Subthemes: Native Village
and Communities
Indian Meets European
Period of National Significance:
AD 1200-1730

Johnson's Island Civil War Prison Ottawa County, Ohio

National Significance

Criteria: 1 and 6
Theme: Civil War
Subthemes: War in the East
War in the West
Period of National Significance:
1861-1865

On continuation sheets, summarize the case for national significance, developing the statement at the national level, and relating it to the NHL criteria and themes as well as the National Register (State and local) significance. Although the statement is a recommendation only until designation occurs, state it af-

firmatively and support it by a discussion of the proposed historic theme and facts about the property. Quotations from nationally known sources with careful citations may be a strong testimony for national significance.

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

If a different set of boundaries is proposed for the nationally significant property and separate forms will not be prepared, define two sets of boundaries and provide separate geographical data for each. Enter the set based on the property having National Register significance (State and local) on the form; enter the set defining the property of national importance on a continuation sheet.

ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION

MAPS

If different boundaries are being proposed for the nationally significant property, indicate the location, boundaries, and other information for both sets on separate sketch and USGS maps. On the map for the nationally significant property, identify the following information by coding or graphics (do not use color):

- Boundaries of the nationally significant property.
- Resources contributing to the national significance of the property.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Include representative views of the resources that contribute to national significance.

GUIDELINES FOR DOCUMENTING NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

- Support claims for national significance by historical facts and comparisons of the property to themes of national importance and to similar properties nationwide. Often the easiest way to do this is to compare the property to existing NHLs and units of the National Park System.
- NHL themes are not necessarily represented uniformly nationwide. Regional patterns and property types found only in one part of the country may be significant nationally if the pattern they represent reflects an important trend in the history of the United States.
- Areas of national significance may differ from those of local and State significance. For example, a hospital may be important for its architectural design nationally, statewide, and locally, but have importance in medicine only statewide.
- National significance requires that a property be exceptionally important compared to similar properties. For example, only the finest or the most influential works by a master American architect are likely to be designated NHLs. Also, not all residences of nationally prominent persons are strong candidates; only those with the strongest and longest associations are likely to be designated.
- Establishing national significance requires the examination of the theme in which the property is significant to the extent necessary to ascertain that the property represents an important aspect of the theme on a national scale and is outstanding in its representation.
- NHL nominations of archeological sites are encouraged but require careful documentation. Anyone who wishes to document one for national significance should contact the archeological assistance representative in the appropriate regional office, as well as the SHPO, for guidance.
- An altered or seriously deteriorated property will not be a strong candidate for NHL designation as long as other properties with similar importance and a higher historic integrity exist.
- Landmark nominations require advance planning. It takes at least 18 months for review and designation once the documentation is received by the National Park Service. This is in part because there are only two opportunities each year to present studies to the National Park Service Advisory Board. Do not assume the documentation will be presented at the next board meeting; if an urgent situation arises, contact the Landmarks program staff at once.

VI. AMENDING NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS

Documentation on a National Register Registration Form may be revised, expanded, or updated at any time after National Register listing. Amendments may be made for many reasons:

- change a property's historic name
- update the condition of the property
- · clarify boundaries
- expand significance for:
 - 1. additional levels (including recommendations for NHL designation)
 - 2. additional criteria
 - 3. new areas of significance
 - 4. additional periods of significance

- document the individual significance of a resource within the property
- increase boundaries
- decrease boundaries
- reclassify contributing and noncontributing resources
- gain approval to move the property
- list a property that was previously determined eligible
- remove a property from the National Register

Registration forms may be amended in any of the following ways:

- Submit continuation sheets with the new information and an explanation of the amendment.
- 2. Complete a new form that incorporates former documentation, new information, and proposed changes.
- 3. For boundary changes, provide a form that documents just the area being added or deleted.

The SHPO or FPO must certify the amendment. This is done on a continuation sheet with the certification statement (see *Appendix VII*).

GUIDELINES FOR AMENDING FORMS

When amending a registration form, revise all items affected by the proposed change. The items requiring revision are outlined below.

NAME CHANGES

• Enter, in section 1, the new name, and explain, in section 8, the reasons for the name change.

INCREASING SIGNIFICANCE

- Revise counts and identification of contributing and noncontributing resources in sections 5 and 7 and on sketch map.
- Revise areas of significance, period of significance, and other items in section 8.
- Discuss, in section 8, additional significance and related historic contexts.
- Provide additional photographs if necessary to represent new significance or contributing resources.

BOUNDARY CHANGES (INCREASES AND DECREASES)

- In section 1, enter the name of the property previously registered, and in parentheses indicate whether the documentation is for a boundary increase or decrease, for example, Abington Historic District (Boundary Increase). A name change may also be requested.
- In section 2, enter only the address of the area being added or deleted.

- Provide new information in section 5 on contributing and noncontributing resources. Indicate how many resources are affected by the boundary change. For increases, indicate the number and type of resources being added. For decreases, indicate the number and type of resources being deleted. For both increases and decreases, enter the total number of previously listed contributing resources (not just those affected by the change) under *Number of Contributing Resources Previously Listed*.
- Identify and describe the areas and resources being added or deleted in the narrative for section 7.
- Explain the reasons for the increase (such as the removal of false facades, expanded area survey, or discovery of new information) or decrease (such as loss of historic integrity) in section 8.
- Document any additional significance in section 8.
- Provide new geographical data in section 10, including location, boundary description and justification, acreage, and UTM references, for only the area being added or deleted.
- Provide new USGS maps and, if required, sketch maps, reflecting the changes in geographical data.
- Provide photographs of the area being added.

APPROVAL FOR A MOVE

- Provide new information for location and geographical data in sections 2 and 7.
- Describe the procedures for the move and the new location, its setting, and proposed orientation of the moved resource on the new site, in section 7.
- Explain the reasons for the move, the appropriateness of the new setting and orientation, and the effect the move and the new location will have on the significance and integrity of the property.
- Indicate, in section 8, how the property, after the move, will meet the special requirements for criteria consideration B.
- Provide at least one photograph of the proposed site. Photographs of the moved resource on the new site should be submitted to the SHPO and FPO **after** the move.
- Explain the effects of the move on any archeological or other historic resources at the new location.
- Approvals for moves are evaluated on the basis of the impact of the move on the property's significance and integrity and the appropriateness of the new location. For additional guidance, refer to 36 CFR Part 60 and the National Register bulletin on *Contributions of Moved Buildings to Historic Districts*. Properties moved without prior approval are automatically removed from the National Register.

LISTING A PROPERTY PREVIOUSLY DETERMINED ELIGIBLE

• To request the listing of a property previously determined eligible because of owner objection (nonfederal determination of eligibility), submit to the SHPO and FPO a notarized letter from either the owner withdrawing his or her previous objection or the new owner stating that they are the current owner and do not object to the listing of the property.

REMOVING A PROPERTY FROM THE NATIONAL REGISTER

 Under very special circumstances, such as deterioration or loss of historic integrity, a property can be removed from the National Register. These circumstances are explained in 36 CFR Part 60. To request removal, provide the SHPO and FPO with an explanation of the reasons for removal and any supportive items such as photographs and newsclippings.

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

. Name of Property		
istoric nameHartstene Island	Community Hall	
ther names/site numberN/A		
. Location		
		Land Design
treet & numberNorth Island D	rive and nartstene is	not for publication
ity or town <u>Hartstene Island</u>		x vicinity
tate <u>Washington</u> code <u>W</u>	A county Mason	code045 zip code98584
. State/Federal Agency Certification		
☐ request for determination of eligibility meets Historic Places and meets the procedural and ☐ meets ☐ does not meet the National Region ☐ nationally ☐ statewide ☐ locally. (☐ See	professional requirements set forth in 36 CF ster criteria. I recommend that this property	R Part 60. In my opinion, the property be considered significant
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau		
In my opinion, the property meets does comments.) Signature of certifying official/Title	not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional
State or Federal agency and bureau		
. National Park Service Certification hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Data of Assign
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet.	Signature of the Reeper	Date of Action
determined eligible for the		
National Register See continuation sheet.		
☐ See continuation sheet. ☐ determined not eligible for the		

Mason County, WA
County and State

5. Classification **Ownership of Property Category of Property Number of Resources within Property** (Check as many boxes as apply) (Check only one box) (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.) building(s) □ private Contributing Noncontributing public-local ☐ district 1 0 buildings public-State ☐ site 0 0 public-Federal ☐ structure sites □ object 0 structures 0 0 objects 1 0 Total Name of related multiple property listing Number of contributing resources previously listed (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.) in the National Register N/A 0 6. Function or Use **Historic Functions Current Functions** (Enter categories from instructions) (Enter categories from instructions) SOCIAL: meeting hall SOCIAL: meeting hall 7. Description **Architectural Classification Materials** (Enter categories from instructions) (Enter categories from instructions) foundation $\underline{\text{STONE}}$ Bungalow/Craftsman walls _____ WOOD: Weatherboard

METAL

other $\underline{\ ^{WOOD}}$

roof

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

8. St	atement of Significance		
	cable National Register Criteria	Areas of Significance	
(Mark	"x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property	(Enter categories from instructions)	
for Na	tional Register listing.)	SOCIAL HISTORY	
X A	Property is associated with events that have made		
	a significant contribution to the broad patterns of		
	our history.		
	Described in accordated with the lives of sevense		
⊔в	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.		
	significant in our past.		
□ c	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics		
	of a type, period, or method of construction or		
	represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and		
	distinguishable entity whose components lack	Period of Significance	
	individual distinction.	1914-1939	
	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield,		
	information important in prehistory or history.		
Crite	ria Considerations	Significant Dates	
	"x" in all the boxes that apply.)	N/A	
Drop	orty io:		
Prope	erty is:		
	owned by a religious institution or used for		
	religious purposes.		
	and the same the parising the parising	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)	
ΠВ	removed from its original location.	N/A	
□с	a birthplace or grave.		
	,	Cultural Affiliation	
	a cemetery.	N/A	
ΠF	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.		
	a reconstructed banding, object, or structure.		
\Box F	a commemorative property.		
		Architect/Builder	
□G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Sund, Bill	
	within the past 50 years.		
Narra	tive Statement of Significance		
	in the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)		
	ajor Bibliographical References		
	o graphy ne books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on on	e or more continuation sheets.)	
	ous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:	
	preliminary determination of individual listing (36	☑ State Historic Preservation Office	
	CFR 67) has been requested	☐ Other State agency	
	previously listed in the National Register	☐ Federal agency	
	previously determined eligible by the National	☐ Local government	
	Register designated a National Historic Landmark	☐ University ☐ Other	
	recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	Name of repository:	
	#		
	recorded by Historic American Engineering		_ _
	Record #		7 !

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	 Page1		

Hartstene Island Community Hall Mason County, WA

Description

The Hartstene Island Community Hall is a large one-story meeting hall located at the intersection of two main roads at the northern end of the island. Since its construction in 1914, it has been in continuous use as a gathering place for the island's social, recreational, and political activities and is the focal point of all community life. Built by volunteer labor with donated materials, the building embodies the frontier spirit that prevailed on the island in the early decades of the twentieth century. A 1916 shed-roofed addition to the main hall provided kitchen and dining space, and another early addition at the rear provided for a stage and backstage facilities. Except for the modernization of plumbing and mechanical systems and upgrading of the kitchen, the community hall retains its original appearance and continues its historical associations with the island's community groups.

The original community hall has a rectangular plan, approximately 55 feet by 30 feet, including an open porch on the east facade. The original foundation, still visible on the eastern half, consists of uncut stone footings supporting sections of logs acting as posts. In 1987, a poured concrete foundation was incorporated at the western end where the land slopes downward to allow a partial basement area above grade. The wood-frame building is sheathed in horizontal drop siding with vertical board-and-batten skirting. Window and door surrounds are plain milled boards with no moulding. Cornerboards, fascia, knee braces at the gable ends, and porch railings are all of the same simple millwork. The hip roof of the porch is supported by square posts with chamfered edges, although two of the original have been replaced with peeled poles. The porch roof and the main gable roof were originally covered by wood shingles, which remain under modern corrugated metal roofing.

In 1916, an addition was made to the south side, approximately 15 feet wide and extending the entire length of the building. This addition provided dining space and a kitchen area. The interior wall surfaces are now covered with gypsum board, the kitchen facilities have been modernized, and bathrooms have been added, but the simple window frames and rectangular four-light wood sash are original. Another early shed roofed addition at the north provided space for a shallow elevated stage and a small backstage area that now includes modern electrical equipment.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	7.8	Page	2
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Hartstene Island Community Hall Mason County, WA

Description (continued)

The interior of the hall itself is covered with narrow tongue-and-groove wood sheathing as is the ceiling. The flooring is hardwood maple, which early on replaced the original fir, which still can be seen on the narrow slightly raised platforms around the three edges of the room. The dimensions of the hall, approximately 47 feet by 30 feet, include a ceiling height of approximately 16 feet, necessitated by early recreational use of the space for basketball and volleyball games. When electricity was brought to the island in the 1940s, six ceiling fixtures were added. These early fixtures were replaced by handing fluorescent lights.

The setting of the community hall remains quite rural in character. The building is easily visible from both roads and has a large open graveled area to the south that is used for parking, but the vicinity remains wooded and the area is still sparsely inhabited.

Statement of Significance

The Hartstene Island Community Hall is historically significant for its long association with the development of civic life on the island in the 20th century. Since its construction in 1914, the hall has been the single most important structure in community affairs, serving as the home of the local grange, women's club, community club, and the venue of all of the island's important public gatherings and social events. The simple frame structure, well-preserved and carefully maintained, continues to serve Hartstene Island in the same capacity today.

Historical background and significance:

Located in the south Puget Sound, with Case Inlet on the east and Pickering Passage and Peale Passage on the west, Hartstene Island is comprised of 12,000 acres, sparsely settled and accessible to the Mason County mainland only by ferry until the late 1960s. Although the island was explored by the Wilkes expedition in 1841 (and named for crew member Henry J. Harstein), economic activity on the heavily forested island remained limited to logging and isolated subsistence farms through the early 20th century. Because of the

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	8	Page	3
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Hartstene Island Community Hall Mason County, WA

Statement of Significance (continued)

small and scattered population and its remote location, the island had no central village or community meeting place through the first decade of the new century.

To address that problem, the Hartstene Island Community Club was established in 1914, with the intention of erecting a community hall on one-half acre of land donated by Andrew Johnson near the northern tip of the island. From the beginning, the project was a community effort. Island resident August Carlson donated trees for the lumber; John Edgert, Arthur Wingert, and Alan McKay used two teams of horses to haul the logs from the woods to the beach, where they were rafted and towed by the Marie and the Levina to a sawmill at Taylor Bay on the mainland; and the finished lumber was towed back to the island in a scow by the Marie, and hauled from the beach to the building site by volunteers with horses and wagons.

Although Grapeview carpenters were hired to supervise construction, they were assisted by islanders including Lee Carlson, Ed Wilson, Arlo Wingert, Arthur Wingert, and Paul Hitchcock. Work parties were held during construction with pot-luck dinners provided by the island women. In 1916, a lean-to shed addition was constructed to accommodate a large dining hall and kitchen. Construction of the dining hall was supervised by Bill Sayers, with assistance from Tony Goetsch, Wilson, Carlson, and others and a large stove was donated by Mark Reed of the Simpson Logging Company in Shelton. At about the same time, a stage was added to the rear of the main hall to accommodate performances.

With construction complete, the hall quickly became a true community center. From its inception, the hall was the home of the young community club. The hall was also the meeting site of Hartstene Island Grange #568, established the year the hall opened, and an important organization in the lives of the island's farm families. Two years later (with the kitchen complete), the Hartstene Women's Club was founded at the center. The hall clearly reflects the growing role of civic associations in the life of American communities in the early 20th century.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8,9,10 Page 4

Hartstene Island Community Hall Mason County, WA

Statement of Significance (continued)

Initially, the hall was without electricity or plumbing, and island residents brought wood and buckets of water from their homes. But that did not inhibit important community-wide events. Dances and festivals attracted participants from as far away as Agate, Stadium, and Vaughn, who arrived by boat or ferry. The community hall also served as the polling place for every election; the site of the annual Harvest Home Festival, sponsored by the Grange; the playing court for the island basketball and volleyball teams; and the performance hall for local theatrical productions (later under the auspices of the Hartstene Island Theatre Club).

Since 1916, the hall has undergone very few changes. The building was wired for electricity in the 1940s, repairs to the roof were made in the 1970s, and a new basement was added in 1814. In every instance, the expenses and labor were borne by community volunteers. The island, too, has gone through a few changes since the hall was constructed. A bridge was built in the late 1960s, connecting the island to the mainland, which led to an increase in the construction of summer homes. But even today the island retains its quiet character, and the Hartstene Island Community Hall continues to serve as the well preserved focal point for civic life.

Bibliography

Hitchcock, Beulah, and Helen Wingert. <u>The Island Remembers</u>. Hartstene Island, WA: Hartstene Island Women's Club, 1979.

Verbal boundary description

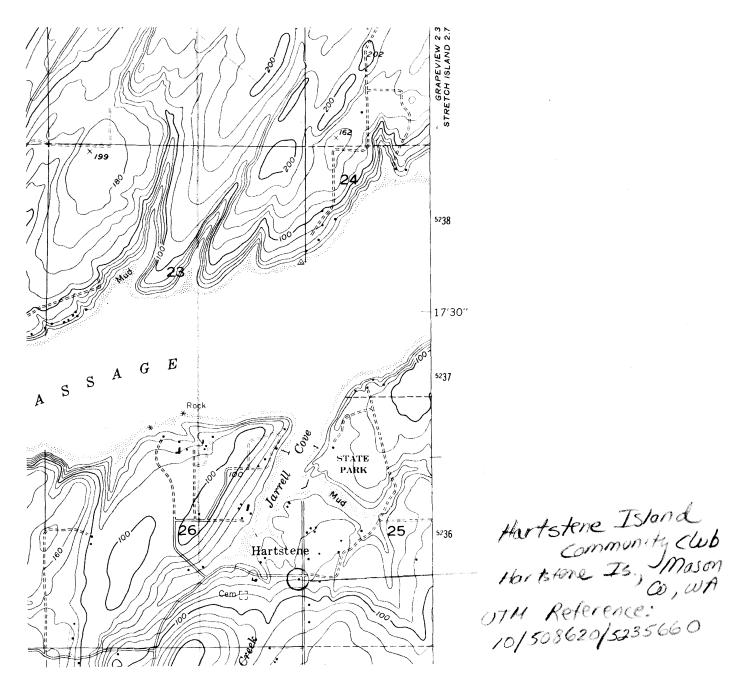
Tract 3, Lot 1, Section 26, T21N, R2W. Tract 3, NW, SW Section 25, T21N, R2W.

Verbal boundary justification

The nominated property includes the entire parcel historically associated with the community hall.



- 1. Hartstene Island Community Hall
- 2. Mason County, WA
- 3. Leonard Garfield
- 4. Sept. 1988
- 5. Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, Olympia, WA
- 6. East facade and north side elevation, looking southwest
- 7. #1



Quadrangle: Mason Lake, Washington

Scale: 1:24,000

UTM Reference: 10 508620 5235660

APPENDIX I: STATE CODES

AK	ALASKA	ME	MAINE	OK	OKLAHOMA
AL	ALABAMA	MH	MARSHALL ISLANDS	OR	OREGON
AS	AMERICAN SAMOA	MD	MARYLAND	PW	PALAU
ΑZ	ARIZONA	MA	MASSACHUSETTS	PA	PENNSYLVANIA
AR	ARKANSAS	MI	MICHIGAN	PR	PUERTO RICO
CA	CALIFORNIA	FM	FEDERATED STATES OF	RI	RHODE ISLAND
CO	COLORADO	MN	MICRONESIA MINNESOTA	SC	SOUTH CAROLINA
CT	CONNECTICUT			SD	SOUTH DAKOTA
DE	DELAWARE	MS	MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI	TN	TENNESSEE
DC	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	MO		TX	TEXAS
FL	FLORIDA	MT	MONTANA	UM	U.S. MINOR ISLANDS
GA	GEORGIA	NE	NEBRASKA	UT	UTAH
GU	GUAM	NV NH	NEVADA	VT	VERMONT
HI	HAWAII		NEW HAMPSHIRE	VI	VIRGIN ISLANDS
ID	IDAHO	NJ	NEW JERSEY	VA	VIRGINIA
IL	ILLINOIS		NEW MEXICO	WA	WASHINGTON
IN	INDIANA	NY	NEW YORK	wv	WEST VIRGINIA
IA	IOWA	NC	NORTH CAROLINA	WI	WISCONSIN
KS	KANSAS	ND	NORTH DAKOTA	WY	WYOMING
KY	KENTUCKY	MP	NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS		
LA	LOUISIANA	ОН	OHIO		

APPENDIX II: COUNTY CODES

ALAS	KA
010	Aleutian Islands
013	Aleutians East
020	
050	Anchorage Bethel
060	Bristol Bay
070	Dillingham
090	Fairbanks North Star
100	Haines
110	Juneau
122	Kenai Peninsula
130	Ketchikan Gateway
150	Kodiak Island
164	Lake and Peninsula
170	Matanuska-Susitna
180	Nome
185	North Slope
188	Northwest Arctic
201	Prince of Wales-Outer K.
220	Sitka
231	Skagway-Yakutat-Angoon
240	Southeast Fairbanks
261	Valdez-Cordova
270	Wade Hampton
280	Wrangell-Peterburg
290	Yukon-Koyukuk
ALAB	•
001	A 1
001	Autauga Baldwin
003	
005	Barbour
007	Bibb
009	Blount Bullock
011 013	Butler
015	Calhoun
017	Chambers
017	Cherokee
021	
023	Chilton Choctaw
025	Clarke
025	Clarke

043	Cullman
045	Dale
047	Dallas
049	De Kalb
051 053	Elmore Escambia
055	Etowah
057	Fayette
059	Franklin
061	Geneva
063	Greene
065	Hale
067	Henry
069 071	Houston Jackson
073	Jefferson
075	Lamar
077	Lauderdale
079	Lawrence
081	Lee
083	Limestone
085	Lowndes
087 089	Macon Madison
091	Marengo
093	Marion
095	Marshall
097	Mobile
099	Monroe
101	Montgomery
103	Morgan
105 107	Perry Pickens
109	Pike
111	Randolph
113	Russell
115	St. Clair
117	Shelby
119	Sumter
121 123	Talladega Tallapoosa
125	Tuscaloosa
127	Walker
129	Washington
131	Wilcox
133	Winston
AMER	ICAN SAMOA

Tutuila Island, Eastern

Tutuila Island, Western

Western
NA
Apache Cochise Coconino Gila Graham Greenlee La Paz Maricopa Mohave Navajo Pima Pinal Santa Cruz Yavapai Yuma
NSAS
Arkansas Ashley Baxter Benton Boone Bradley Calhoun Carroll Chicot Clark Clay Cleburne Cleveland Columbia Conway Craighead Crawford Crittenden Cross Dallas Desha Drew Faulkner Franklin Fulton

010 Eastern 020 Manu'a

Rose Island

Swains Island

020 030

040

027

029

031

033

035

037

039

Clay

Cleburne

Coffee

Colbert

Coosa

Conecuh

Covington

Crenshaw

051	Garland	023	Humboldt	029	Delta
053	Grant	025	Imperial	031	Denver
055	Greene	027	Inyo	033	Dolores
057		029	Kern	035	Douglas
	Hempstead	031	Kings	037	Eagle
059	Hot Spring			039	Elbert
061	Howard	033	Lake		
063	Independence	035	Lassen	041	El Paso
065	Izard	037	Los Angeles	043	Fremont
067	Jackson	039	Madera	045	Garfield
069	Jefferson	041	Marin	047	Gilpin
071	Johnson	043	Mariposa	049	Grand
073	Lafayette	045	Mendocino	051	Gunnison
075		047	Merced	053	Hinsdale
	Lawrence			055	Huerfano
077	Lee	049	Modoc		
079	Lincoln	051	Mono	057	Jackson
081	Little River	053	Monterey	059	Jefferson
083	Logan	055	Napa	061	Kiowa
085	Lonoke	057	Nevada	063	Kit Carson
087	Madison	059	Orange	065	Lake
089	Marion	061	Placer	067	La Plata
091	Miller	063	Plumas	069	Larimer
				071	Las Animas
093	Mississippi	065	Riverside		
095	Monroe	067	Sacramento	073	Lincoln
097	Montgomery	069	San Benito	075	Logan
099	Nevada	071	San Bernardino	077	Mesa
101	Newton	073	San Diego	079	Mineral
103	Ouachita	075	San Francisco	081	Moffat
105	Perry	077	San Joaquin	083	Montezuma
107	Phillips	079	San Luis Obispo	085	Montrose
107		081	San Mateo	087	Morgan
	Pike				
111	Poinsett	083	Santa Barbara	089	Otero
113	Polk	085	Santa Clara	091	Ouray
115	Pope	087	Santa Cruz	093	Park
117	Prairie	089	Shasta	095	Phillips
119	Pulaski	091	Sierra	097	Pitkin
121	Randolph	093	Siskiyou	099	Prowers
123	St. Francis	095	Solano	101	Pueblo
125	Saline	097	Sonoma	103	Rio Blanco
				105	
127	Scott	099	Stanislaus		Rio Grande
129	Searcy	101	Sutter	107	Routt
131	Sebastian	103	Tehama	109	Saguache
133	Sevier	105	Trinity	111	San Juan
135	Sharp	107	Tulare	113	San Miguel
137	Stone	109	Tuolumne	115	Sedgwick
139	Union	111	Ventura	117	Summit
141	Van Buren	113	Yolo	119	Teller
		115		121	Washington
143	Washington	113	Yuba		
145	White	COLO	ARA DO	123	Weld
147	Woodruff	COLO	PRADO	125	Yuma
149	Yell	001	Adams		
		003	Alamosa	CONN	IECTICUT
CALIF	FORNIA	005	Arapahoe	001	Fairfield
001	A 1	003		003	
001	Alameda		Archuleta		Hartford
003	Alpine	009	Baca	005	Litchfield
005	Amador	011	Bent	007	Middlesex
007	Butte	013	Boulder	009	New Haven
009	Calaveras	015	Chaffee	011	New London
011	Colusa	017	Cheyenne	013	Tolland
013	Contra Costa	019	Clear Creek	015	Windham
015	Del Norte	021	Conejos	0.10	
013	El Dorado	023	Costilla		
			V USHINA		
(110					
019	Fresno	025	Crowley		
019 021					

DELA	WARE	109	St Johns	099	Early
		111	St. Johns St. Lucie	101	Echols
001	Kent	113	Santa Rosa	103	Effingham
003	New Castle	115	Sarasota	105	Elbert
005	Sussex	117	Seminole	107	Emanuel
DICTE	DICT OF COLUMBIA	119	Sumter	109	Evans
	RICT OF COLUMBIA	121	Suwannee	111	Fannin
001	District of Columbia	123	Taylor	113	Fayette
		125	Union	115	Floyd
FLOR	IDA .	127	Volusia	117	Forsyth
001	Alachua	129	Wakulla	119	Franklin
003	Baker	131	Walton	121	Fulton
005	Bay	133	Washington	123	Gilmer
007	Bradford			125	Glascock
009	Brevard	GEOR	GIA	127	Glynn
011	Broward	001	Appling	129	Gordon
013	Calhoun	003	Atkinson	131	Grady
015	Charlotte	005	Bacon	133	Greene
017	Citrus	007	Baker	135	Gwinnett
019	Clay	009	Baldwin	137	Habersham
021	Collier	011	Banks	139	Hall
023	Columbia	013	Barrow	141	Hancock
025	Dade	015	Bartow	143	Haralson
027	De Soto	017	Ben Hill	145	Harris
029	Dixie	019	Berrien	147	Hart
031	Duval	021	Bibb	149	Heard
033	Escambia	023	Bleckley	151 153	Henry Houston
035	Flagler	025	Brantley	155	Irwin
037	Franklin	027	Brooks	157	Jackson
039	Gadsden	029	Bryan	159	Jasper
041	Gilchrist	031	Bulloch	161	Jeff Davis
043	Glades	033	Burke	163	Jefferson
045 047	Gulf Hamilton	035	Butts	165	Jenkins
		037	Calhoun	167	Johnson
049	Hardee	039	Camden	169	Jones
051 053	Hendry Hernando	043	Candler	171	Lamar
055	Highlands	045	Carroll	173	Lanier
057	Hillsborough	047	Catoosa	175	Laurens
059	Holmes	049	Charlton	177	Lee
061	Indian River	051 053	Chattabasehaa	179	Liberty
063	Jackson	055	Chattanaga	181	Lincoln
065	Jefferson	057	Chattooga Cherokee	183	Long
067	Lafayette	059	Clarke	185	Lowndes
069	Lake	061	Clay	187	Lumpkin
071	Lee	063	Clayton	189	McDuffie
073	Leon	065	Clinch	191	McIntosh
075	Levy	067	Cobb	193	Macon
077	Liberty	069	Coffee	195	Madison
079	Madison	071	Colquitt	197	Marion
081	Manatee	073	Columbia	199	Meriwether
083	Marion	075	Cook	201	Miller
085	Martin	077	Coweta	205	Mitchell
087	Monroe	079	Crawford	207	Monroe
089	Nassau	081	Crisp	209	Montgomery
091	Okaloosa	083	Dade	211	Morgan
093	Okeechobee	085	Dawson	213	Murray
095	Orange	087	Decatur	215	Muscogee
097	Osceola	089	De Kalb	217 219	Newton Oconee
099	Palm Beach	091	Dodge	219	Oglethorpe
101	Pasco	093	Dooly	223	Paulding
103	Pinellas	095	Dougherty	225	Peach
105	Polk	097	Douglas	227	Pickens
107	Putnam				1 101.01.0

229	Pierce	011	Bingham	045	Edgar
231	Pike	013	Blaine	047	Edwards
233	Polk	015	Boise	049	Effingham
235	Pulaski	017	Bonner	051	Fayette
237	Putnam	019	Bonneville	053	Ford
239	Quitman	021	Boundary	055	Franklin
241	Rabun	023	Butte	057	Fulton
243	Randolph	025	Camas	059	Gallatin
245	Richmond	027	Canyon	061	Greene
247	Rockdale	029	Caribou	063	Grundy
249	Schley	031	Cassia	065	Hamilton
251	Screven	033	Clark	067	Hancock
253	Seminole	035	Clearwater	069	Hardin
255	Spalding	037	Custer	071	Henderson
257	Stephens	039	Elmore	073 075	Henry
259	Stewart	041 043	Franklin Francet	073	Iroquois
261 263	Sumter Talbot	045	Fremont Gem	077	Jackson Jasper
265	Taliaferro	043	Gooding	079	Jefferson
267	Tattnall	049	Idaho	083	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
269	Taylor	051	Jefferson	085	Jersey Jo Daviess
271	Telfair	053	Jerome	087	Johnson
273	Terrell	055	Kootenai	089	Kane
275	Thomas	057	Latah	091	Kankakee
277	Tift	059	Lemhi	093	Kendall
279	Toombs	061	Lewis	095	Knox
281	Towns	063	Lincoln	097	Lake
283	Treutlen	065	Madison	099	La Salle
285	Troup	067	Minidoka	101	Lawrence
287	Turner	069	Nez Perce	103	Lee
289	Twiggs	071	Oneida	105	Livingston
291	Union	073	Owyhee	107	Logan
293	Upson	075	Payette	109	McDonough
295	Walker	077	Power	111	McHenry
297	Walton	079	Shoshone	113	McLean
299	Ware	081	Teton	115	Macon
301	Warren	083	Twin Falls	117	Macoupin
303	Washington	085	Valley	119	Madison
305	Wayne	087	Washington	121	Marion
307	Webster			123	Marshall
309	Wheeler	ILLIN	OIS	125	Mason
311	White	001	Adams	127	Massac
313	Whitfield	003	Alexander	129	Menard
315	Wilcox	005	Bond	131	Mercer
317	Wilkes	007	Boone	133	Monroe
319	Wilkinson	009	Brown	135	Montgomery
321	Worth	011	Bureau	137	Morgan
CITAR	.	013	Calhoun	139	Moultrie
GUAN		015	Carroll	141	Ogle
010	Guam	017	Cass	143	Peoria
		019	Champaign	145	Perry
HAW	AII	021	Christian	147 149	Piatt Pike
001	Hawaii	023	Clark	151	Pope
003	Honolulu	025	Clay	153	Pulaski
007	Kauai	027	Clinton	155	Putnam
009	Maui	029	Coles	157	Randolph
		031	Cook	159	Richland
IDAH	O	033	Crawford	161	Rock Island
001	Ada	035	Cumberland	163	St. Clair
001	Adams	037	De Kalb	165	Saline
005	Bannock	039	De Witt	167	Sangamon
007	Bear Lake	041 043	Douglas Du Paga	169	Schuyler
009	Benewah	043	Du Page	171	Scott

173	Shelby	091	La Porte	029	Cass
1 7 5	Stark	093	Lawrence	031	Cedar
177	Stephenson	095	Madison	033	Cerro Gordo
179	Tazewell	097	Marion	035	Cherokee
181	Union	099	Marshall	037	Chickasaw
		101		039	
183	Vermilion		Martin		Clarke
185	Wabash	103	Miami	041	Clay
187	Warren	105	Monroe	043	Clayton
189	Washington	107	Montgomery	045	Clinton
191	Wayne	109	Morgan	047	Crawford
193	White	111	Newton	049	Dallas
195	Whiteside	113	Noble	051	Davis
197	Will	115	Ohio	053	Decatur
199	Williamson	117	Orange	055	Delaware
201		119	Owen	057	Des Moines
	Winnebago				
203	Woodford	121	Parke	059	Dickinson
	274	123	Perry	061	Dubuque
INDIA	NA	125	Pike	063	Emmet
001	Adams	127	Porter	065	Fayette
003	Allen	129	Posey	067	Floyd
		131	Pulaski	069	Franklin
005	Bartholomew	133	Putnam	071	Fremont
007	Benton	135	Randolph	073	Greene
009	Blackford	137	Ripley	075	Grundy
011	Boone	139		077	Guthrie
013	Brown		Rush	079	
015	Carroll	141	St. Joseph		Hamilton
017	Cass	143	Scott	081	Hancock
019	Clark	145	Shelby	083	Hardin
021	Clay	147	Spencer	085	Harrison
023	Clinton	149	Starke	087	Henry
025		151	Steuben	089	Howard
	Crawford	153	Sullivan	091	Humboldt
027	Daviess	155	Switzerland	093	Ida
029	Dearborn	157	Tippecanoe	095	Iowa
031	Decatur	159	Tipton	097	Jackson
033	De Kalb	161		099	•
035	Delaware		Union		Jasper
037	Dubois	163	Vanderburgh	101	Jefferson
039	Elkhart	165	Vermillion	103	Johnson
041	Fayette	167	Vigo	105	Jones
043	Floyd	169	Wabash	107	Keokuk
	Fountain	171	Warren	109	Kossuth
045		173	Warrick	111	Lee
047	Franklin	175	Washington	113	Linn
049	Fulton	177	Wayne	115	Louisa
051	Gibson	179	Wells	117	Lucas
053	Grant	181	White	119	Lyon
055	Greene			121	Madison
057	Hamilton	183	Whitley	123	Mahaska
059	Hancock	TOTALA			
061	Harrison	IOWA	L.	125	Marion
063	Hendricks	001	Adair	127	Marshall
065	Henry	003	Adams	129	Mills
067	Howard	005	Allamakee	131	Mitchell
		007		133	Monona
069	Huntington		Appanoose	135	Monroe
071	Jackson	009	Audubon	137	Montgomery
073	Jasper	011	Benton	139	Muscatine
075	Jay	013	Black Hawk	141	O Brien
077	Jefferson	015	Boone	143	Osceola
079	Jennings	017	Bremer	145	
081	Johnson	019	Buchanan		Page
083	Knox	021	Buena Vista	147	Palo Alto
085	Kosciusko	023	Butler	149	Plymouth
087	Lagrange	025	Calhoun	151	Pocahontas
089	Lagrange	027	Carroll	153	Polk
009	Lunc	J - .		155	Pottawattamie

157 Powes		081	Haskell	209	Wyandotte
159 Ringgo	old	083 085	Hodgeman	KENT	UCKY
161 Sac 163 Scott		087	Jackson Jefferson		
165 Shelby	7	089	Jewell	001 003	Adair Allen
167 Sioux	•	091	Johnson	005	Anderson
169 Story		093	Kearny	007	Ballard
171 Tama		095	Kingman	009	Barren
173 Taylor		097	Kiowa	011	Bath
175 Union		099	Labette	013	Bell
177 Van B		101	Lane	015	Boone
179 Wapel 181 Warre		103 105	Leavenworth Lincoln	017	Bourbon
183 Washi		107	Linn	019	Boyd
185 Wayn		109	Logan	021 023	Boyle Bracken
187 Webst		111	Lyon	025	Bracken Breathitt
189 Winne		113	McPherson	027	Breckinridge
191 Winne		115	Marion	029	Bullitt
193 Wood		117	Marshall	031	Butler
195 Worth		119	Meade	033	Caldwell
197 Wrigh	it	121	Miami	035	Calloway
KANSAS		123	Mitchell	037	Campbell
		125 127	Montgomery Morris	039	Carlisle
001 Allen		129	Morton	041	Carroll
003 Ander		131	Nemaha	043	Carter
005 Atchis		133	Neosho	045 047	Casey Christian
007 Barber 009 Bartor		135	Ness	047	Clark
009 Bartor 011 Bourb		137	Norton	051	Clay
013 Brown		139	Osage	053	Clinton
015 Butler		141	Osborne	055	Crittenden
017 Chase		143	Ottawa	057	Cumberland
019 Chaut		145	Pawnee	059	Daviess
021 Chero		147	Phillips	061	Edmonson
023 Cheye	enne	149 151	Pottawatomie Pratt	063	Elliott
025 Clark		151	Rawlins	065	Estill
027 Clay		155	Reno	067	Fayette
029 Cloud		157	Republic	069 071	Fleming
031 Coffey 033 Coma		159	Rice	071	Floyd Franklin
035 Comle		161	Riley	075	Fulton
037 Crawf		163	Rooks	073	Gallatin
039 Decati		165	Rush	079	Garrard
041 Dickin		167	Russell	081	Grant
043 Donip	han	169	Saline	083	Graves
045 Dougl		171	Scott	085	Grayson
047 Edwar	rds	173 175	Sedgwick Seward	087	Green
049 Elk		177	Shawnee	089	Greenup
051 Ellis	4]-	179	Sheridan	091	Hancock
053 Ellswo 055 Finney		181	Sherman	093 095	Hardin Harlan
057 Ford	Y	183	Smith	093	Harrison
059 Frankl	lin	185	Stafford	099	Hart
061 Geary		187	Stanton	101	Henderson
063 Gove		189	Stevens	103	Henry
065 Graha	m	191	Sumner	105	Hickman
067 Grant		193	Thomas	107	Hopkins
069 Gray		195 197	Trego Wabaunsee	109	Jackson
071 Greele		199	Wallace	111	Jefferson
073 Green		201	Washington	113	Jessamine
075 Hamil 077 Harpe		203	Wichita	115 117	Johnson Kenton
077 Harpe 079 Harve		205	Wilson	117	Knott
o, y Tiai ve	J	207	Woodson	**/	

121	Knox	LOUIS	SIANA	125	West Feliciana
123	Larue	001	Acadia	127	Winn
125	Laurel	003	Allen	NAATNI	E
127 129	Lawrence Lee	005	Ascension	MAIN	
131	Leslie	007	Assumption	001	Androscoggin
133	Letcher	009	Avoyelles	003	Aroostook
135	Lewis	011	Beauregard	005	Cumberland
137	Lincoln	013	Bienville	007 009	Franklin Hancock
139	Livingston	015 017	Bossier Caddo	009	Kennebec
141	Logan	017	Calcasieu	013	Knox
143	Lyon	021	Caldwell	015	Lincoln
145	McCracken	023	Cameron	017	Oxford
147	McCreary	025	Catahoula	019	Penobscot
149	McLean	027	Claiborne	021	Piscataquis
151 153	Madison Magoffin	029	Concordia	023	Sagadaĥoc
155	Marion	031	De Soto	025	Somerset
157	Marshall	033	East Baton Rouge	027	Waldo
159	Martin	035	East Carroll	029 031	Washington
161	Mason	037 039	East Feliciana	031	York
163	Meade	039	Evangeline Franklin	MARS	SHALL ISLANDS
165	Menifee	041	Grant		
167	Mercer	045	Iberia	007 010	Ailinginae
169	Metcalfe	047	Iberville	030	Ailinglaplap Ailuk
171	Monroe	049	Jackson	040	Arno
173	Montgomery	051	Jefferson	050	Aur
175	Morgan	053	Jefferson Davis	060	Bikar
1 <i>77</i> 1 <i>7</i> 9	Muhlenberg Nelson	055	Lafayette	070	Bikini
181	Nicholas	057	Lafourche	073	Bokak
183	Ohio	059	La Salle	080	Ebon
185	Oldham	061	Lincoln	090	Enewetak
187	Owen	063	Livingston	100	Erikub
189	Owsley	065	Madison	110	Jabat
191	Pendleton	067 069	Morehouse Natabitaches	120	Jaluit
193	Perry	069	Natchitoches Orleans	130	Jemo Island
195	Pike	071	Ouachita	140 150	Kili Kunialain
197	Powell	075	Plaquemines	160	Kwajalein Lae
199	Pulaski	077	Pointe Coupee		Lib
201	Robertson	079	Rapides	180	Likiep
203	Rockcastle	081	Red River	190	Majuro
205	Rowan	083	Richland	300	Maloelap
207 209	Russell Scott	085	Sabine	310	Mejot
211	Shelby	087	St. Bernard	320	Mili
213	Simpson	089	St. Charles	330	Namorik
215	Spencer	091	St. Helena	340	Namu
217	Taylor	093	St. James	350	Rongelap
219	Todd	095 097	St. John The Baptist St. Landry	360	Rongrik
221	Trigg	097	St. Martin	385	Toke
223	Trimble	101	St. Mary	390 400	Ujae Llidana
225	Union	103	St. Tammany	410	Ujelang Utrik
227	Warren	105	Tangipahoa	420	Wotho
229	Washington	107	Tensas	430	Wotje
231	Wayne	109	Terrebonne		,
233 235	Webster Whitley	111	Union	MARY	(LAND
233	Wolfe	113	Vermilion	001	Allegany
239	Woodford	115	Vernon	003	Anne Arundel
207		117	Washington	510	Baltimore (Independent City)
		119 121	Webster West Baton Rouge	005	Baltimore (County)
		121	West Carroll	009	Calvert
		120		011	Caroline

013	Carroll	055	Grand Traverse	MINN	ESOTA
015	Cecil	057	Gratiot		
013	Charles	059	Hillsdale	001	Aitkin
017	Dorchester	061	Houghton	003	Anoka
019	Frederick	063	Huron	005	Becker
023	Garrett	065	Ingham	007	Beltrami
025	Harford	067	Ionia	009	Benton
023	Howard	069	Iosco	011	Big Stone
029	Kent	071	Iron	013	Blue Earth
031		073	Isabella	015	Brown
033	Montgomery Prince George's	075	Jackson	017	Carlton
035	Queen Anne's	077	Kalamazoo	019	Carver
037	St. Mary's	079	Kalkaska	021	Cass
039	Somerset	081	Kent	023	Chippewa
041	Talbot	083	Keweenaw	025	Chisago
043	Washington	085	Lake	027	Clay
045	Wicomico	087	Lapeer	029	Clearwater
043	Worcester	089	Leelanau	031	Cook
04/	Worcester	091	Lenawee	033	Cottonwood
MASS	ACHUSETTS	093	Livingston	035	Crow Wing
		095	Luce	037	Dakota
001	Barnstable	097	Mackinac	039	Dodge
003	Berkshire	099	Macomb	041	Douglas
005	Bristol	101	Manistee	043	Faribault
007	Dukes	103	Marquette	045	Fillmore
009	Essex	105	Mason	047	Freeborn
011	Franklin	107	Mecosta	049	Goodhue
013	Hampden	109	Menominee	051	Grant
015	Hampshire	111	Midland	053	Hennepin
017	Middlesex	113	Missaukee	055	Houston
019	Nantucket	115	Monroe	057	Hubbard
021	Norfolk	117	Montcalm	059	Isanti
023	Plymouth	119	Montmorency	061	Itasca
025	Suffolk	121	Muskegon	063	Jackson
027	Worcester	123	Newaygo	065	Kanabec
		125	Oakland	067	Kandiyohi
MICH	IGAN	127	Oceana	069	Kittson
001	Alcona	129	_	071	Koochiching
003	Alger	131	Ogemaw Ontonagon	073	Lac Qui Parle
005	Allegan	133	Osceola	075	Lake
007	Alpena	135	Oscoda	077	Lake Of The Woods
009	Antrim	137		079	Le Sueur
011	Arenac	139	Otsego Ottawa	081	Lincoln
013	Baraga	141	Presque Isle	083	Lyon
015	Barry	143	Roscommon	085	McLeod
017	Bay	145	Saginaw	087	Mahnomen
019	Benzie	147	St. Clair	089	Marshall
021	Berrien	149	St. Joseph	091	Martin
023	Branch	151	Sanilac	093	Meeker
025	Calhoun	153	Schoolcraft	095	Mille Lacs
027	Cass	155	Shiawassee	097	Morrison
029	Charlevoix	157	Tuscola	099	Mower
031	Cheboygan	159	Van Buren	101	Murray
033	Chippewa	161	Washtenaw	103	Nicollet
035	Clare	163	Wayne	105	Nobles
037	Clinton	165	Wexford	107	Norman
039	Crawford	103	Wexioid	109	Olmsted
041	Delta	FEDE	RATED STATES OF	111	Otter Tail
043	Dickinson		ONESIA	113	Pennington
045	Eaton			115	Pine
047	Emmet	005	Kosrae	117	Pipestone
049	Genesee	040	Ponape	119	Polk
051	Gladwin	050	Truk	121	Pope
053	Gogebic	060	Yap	123	Ramsey

125	Red Lake	073	Lamar	031	Cape Girardeau
127	Redwood	075	Lauderdale	033	Carroll
129	Renville	077	Lawrence	035	Carter
131	Rice	079	Leake	037	Cass
133	Rock	081	Lee	039	Cedar
		083			
135	Roseau		Leflore	041	Chariton
137	St. Louis	085	Lincoln	043	Christian
139	Scott	087	Lowndes	045	Clark
141	Sherburne	089	Madison	047	Clay
143	Sibley	091	Marion	049	Clinton
145	Stearns	093	Marshall	051	Cole
147	Steele	095	Monroe	053	Cooper
149	Stevens	097	Montgomery	055	Crawford
151	Swift	099	Neshoba	057	Dade
153	Todd	101	Newton	059	Dallas
155	Traverse	103	Noxubee	061	Daviess
157		105	Oktibbeha	063	De Kalb
	Wabasha				
159	Wadena	107	Panola	065	Dent
161	Waseca	109	Pearl River	067	Douglas
163	Washington	111	Perry	069	Dunklin
165	Watonwan	113	Pike	071	Franklin
167	Wilkin	115	Pontotoc	073	Gasconade
169	Winona	117	Prentiss	075	Gentry
171	Wright	119	Quitman	077	Greene
173	Yellow Medicine	121	Rankin	079	Grundy
170	renow weather	123	Scott	081	Harrison
MISSIM	SSIPPI	125	Sharkey	083	Henry
		127		085	Hickory
001	Adams		Simpson	087	
003	Alcorn	129	Smith		Holt
005	Amite	131	Stone	089	Howard
007	Attala	133	Sunflower	091	Howell
009	Benton	135	Tallahatchie	093	Iron
011	Bolivar	137	Tate	095	Jackson
013	Calhoun	139	Tippah	097	Jasper
		141	Tishomingo	099	Jefferson
015	Carroll	143	Tunica	101	Johnson
017	Chickasaw	145	Union	103	Knox
019	Choctaw	147	Walthall	105	Laclede
021	Claiborne	149	Warren	107	Lafayette
023	Clarke			109	Lawrence
025	Clay	151	Washington		
027	Coahoma	153	Wayne	111	Lewis
029	Copiah	155	Webster	113	Lincoln
031	Covington	157	Wilkinson	115	Linn
033	De Soto	159	Winston	117	Livingston
035	Forrest	161	Yalobusha	119	McDonald
037	Franklin	163	Yazoo	121	Macon
				123	Madison
039	George	MISSO	DURI	125	Maries
041	Greene			127	Marion
043	Grenada	001	Adair	129	Mercer
045	Hancock	003	Andrew	131	Miller
047	Harrison	005	Atchison	133	Mississippi
049	Hinds	007	Audrain	135	
051	Holmes	009	Barry		Moniteau
053	Humphreys	011	Barton	137	Monroe
055	Issaquena	013	Bates	139	Montgomery
057	Itawamba	015	Benton	141	Morgan
059	Jackson	017	Bollinger	143	New Madrid
061		019	Boone	145	Newton
	Jasper Jofforson	021	Buchanan	147	Nodaway
063	Jefferson	021		149	Oregon
065	Jefferson Davis		Butler	151	Osage
067	Jones	025	Caldwell	153	Ozark
069	Kemper	027	Callaway	155	Pemiscot
071	Lafayette	029	Camden	157	Perry
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10)	Pettis	051	Liberty	059	Fillmore
161	Phelps	053	Lincoln	061	Franklin
163	Pike	055	McCone	063	Frontier
165	Platte	057	Madison	065	Furnas
167	Polk	059	Meagher	067	Gage
169	Pulaski	061	Mineral	069	Garden
171	Putnam	063	Missoula	071	Garfield
173	Ralls	065	Musselshell	073	Gosper
175	Randolph	067	Park	075	Grant
177	Ray	069	Petroleum	077	Greeley
				079	Hall
179	Reynolds	071	Phillips		
181	Ripley	073	Pondera	081	Hamilton
183	St. Charles	075	Powder River	083	Harlan
185	St. Clair	077	Powell	085	Hayes
186	Ste. Genevieve	079	Prairie	087	Hitchcock
187	St. Francois	081	Ravalli	089	Holt
189	St. Louis (County)	083	Richland	091	Hooker
				093	
510	St. Louis (Independent City)	085	Roosevelt		Howard
195	Saline	087	Rosebud	095	Jefferson
197	Schuyler	089	Sanders	097	Johnson
199	Scotland	091	Sheridan	099	Kearney
201	Scott	093	Silver Bow	101	Keith
203	Shannon	095	Stillwater	103	Keya Paha
205	Shelby	097	Sweet Grass	105	Kimball
207	Stoddard	099	Teton	107	Knox
209	Stone	101	Toole	109	Lancaster
211	Sullivan	103	Treasure	111	Lincoln
213		105		113	
	Taney		Valley		Logan
215	Texas	107	Wheatland	115	Loup
217	Vernon	109	Wibaux	117	McPherson
219	Warren	111	Yellowstone	119	Madison
221	Washington	113	Yellowstone Nat Park Pt	121	Merrick
222	Wayne			123	Morrill
223					
		NEBR	ASKA	125	
225	Webster	NEBR		125 127	Nance
225 227	Webster Worth	NEBR 001	ASKA Adams	127	Nance Nemaha
225	Webster	001	Adams	127 129	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls
225 227	Webster Worth	001 003	Adams Antelope	127	Nance Nemaha
225 227 229	Webster Worth Wright	001 003 005	Adams Antelope Arthur	127 129 131	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe
225 227 229 MON	Webster Worth Wright FANA	001 003 005 007	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner	127 129 131 133	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee
225 227 229	Webster Worth Wright	001 003 005	Adams Antelope Arthur	127 129 131 133 135	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins
225 227 229 MON ' 001	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead	001 003 005 007 009	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine	127 129 131 133 135 137	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps
225 227 229 MON ' 001 003	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn	001 003 005 007 009 011	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone	127 129 131 133 135 137	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps
225 227 229 MON 001 003 005	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine	001 003 005 007 009 011 013	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte	127 129 131 133 135 137 139	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce
225 227 229 MON 7 001 003 005 007	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte
225 227 229 MON 001 003 005	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine	001 003 005 007 009 011 013	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk
225 227 229 MON 7 001 003 005 007 009	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte
225 227 229 MON ⁷ 001 003 005 007 009 011	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow
225 227 229 MON 7 001 003 005 007 009 011 013	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock
225 227 229 MON ⁷ 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders
225 227 229 MON ⁷ 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sioux
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031	Webster Worth Wright FANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171 173	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley Granite	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston Valley
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley Granite Hill	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045 047	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171 173	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston Valley
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley Granite Hill Jefferson	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045 047	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel Dixon	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171 173 175	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston Valley Washington
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley Granite Hill Jefferson Judith Basin	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045 047 049 051	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel Dixon Dodge	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171 173 175 177	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston Valley Washington Wayne
225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley Granite Hill Jefferson	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045 047	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel Dixon Dodge	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171 173 175 177 179 181	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston Valley Washington Wayne Webster
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225 227 229 MON' 001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045	Webster Worth Wright TANA Beaverhead Big Horn Blaine Broadwater Carbon Carter Cascade Chouteau Custer Daniels Dawson Deer Lodge Fallon Fergus Flathead Gallatin Garfield Glacier Golden Valley Granite Hill Jefferson Judith Basin	001 003 005 007 009 011 013 015 017 019 021 023 025 027 029 031 033 035 037 039 041 043 045 047 049 051	Adams Antelope Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel Dixon Dodge	127 129 131 133 135 137 139 141 143 145 147 149 151 153 155 157 159 161 163 165 167 169 171 173 175 177 179 181	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer Thomas Thurston Valley Washington Wayne Webster

NEVA	DA	013	Dona Ana	071	Orange
001	Churchill	015	Eddy	073	Orleans
003	Clark	017	Grant	075	Oswego
005	Douglas	019	Guadalupe	077	Otsego
007	Elko	021	Harding	079	Putnam
009	Esmeralda	023	Hidalgo	081	Queens
011	Eureka	025	Lea	083	Rensselaer
013	Humboldt	027	Lincoln	085	Richmond
015	Lander	028	Los Alamos	087	Rockland
017	Lincoln	029	Luna	089	St. Lawrence
019	Lyon	031	McKinley	091	Saratoga
021	Mineral	033	Mora	093	Schenectady
023	Nye	035	Otero	095	Schoharie
023	Pershing	037	Quay	097	Schuyler
029	Storey	039	Rio Arriba	099	Seneca
029	Washoe	041	Roosevelt	101	Steuben
031	White Pine	043	Sandoval	103	Suffolk
510	Carson City	045	San Juan	105	Sullivan
310	Carson City	047	San Miguel	107	Tioga
NEW F	HAMPSHIRE	049	Santa Fe	109	Tompkins
		051	Sierra	111	Ulster
001	Belknap	053	Socorro	113	Warren
003	Carroll	055	Taos	115	Washington
005	Cheshire	057	Torrance	117	Wayne
007	Coos	059	Union	119	Westchester
009	Grafton	061	Valencia	121	Wyoming
011	Hillsborough			123	Yates
013	Merrimack	NEW Y	YORK		
015	Rockingham			NORT	'H CAROLINA
017	Strafford	001	Allocany	001	Alamanaa
019	Sullivan	003 005	Allegany	001	Alamance
			Bronx	003	Alleghans
NEW J	ERSEY	007 009	Broome	005 007	Alleghany Anson
		(1(19	Cattaraugus	1117	Anson
001	Atlantic				
001	Atlantic Bergen	011	Cayuga	009	Ashe
003	Bergen	011 013	Cayuga Chautauqua	009 011	Ashe Avery
003 005	Bergen Burlington	011 013 015	Cayuga Chautauqua Chemung	009 011 013	Ashe Avery Beaufort
003 005 007	Bergen Burlington Camden	011 013 015 017	Cayuga Chautauqua Chemung Chenango	009 011 013 015	Ashe Avery Beaufort Bertie
003 005 007 009	Bergen Burlington Camden Cape May	011 013 015 017 019	Cayuga Chautauqua Chemung Chenango Clinton	009 011 013 015 017	Ashe Avery Beaufort Bertie Bladen
003 005 007 009 011	Bergen Burlington Camden Cape May Cumberland	011 013 015 017 019 021	Cayuga Chautauqua Chemung Chenango Clinton Columbia	009 011 013 015 017 019	Ashe Avery Beaufort Bertie Bladen Brunswick
003 005 007 009 011 013	Bergen Burlington Camden Cape May Cumberland Essex	011 013 015 017 019 021 023	Cayuga Chautauqua Chemung Chenango Clinton Columbia Cortland	009 011 013 015 017 019 021	Ashe Avery Beaufort Bertie Bladen Brunswick Buncombe
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115 Madison 039 Griggs 045 Fairfield 117 Martin 041 Hettinger 047 Fayette 119 Mecklenburg 043 Kidder 049 Franklin 121 Mitchell 045 La Moure 051 Fulton 123 Montgomery 047 Logan 053 Gallia 125 Moore 049 McHenry 055 Geauga 127 Nash 049 McHenry 055 Geauga 127 Nash 051 McIntosh 057 Greene 129 New Hanover 053 McKenzie 059 Guernsey 129 New Hanover 053 McKenzie 059 Guernsey 131 Northampton 055 McLean 061 Hamilton 133 Onslow 057 Mercer 063 Hancock Hardin 135 Orange 059 Morton 065 Hardin 136 Pasquotank 063 Nelson 069 Henry Highland 147 Pender 065 Oliver 071 Highland 147 Person 069 Pierce 075 Holmes 147 Pitt 071 Ramsey 077 Huron 149 Polk 073 Ransom 079 Jackson 151 Randolph 075 Renville 081 Jefferson 153 Rockingham 081 Sargent 087 Lawrence 085 Lake 157 Rockingham 081 Sargent 087 Lawrence 085 Lorain 161 Rutherford 085 Sioux 091 Logan 163 Sampson 087 Slope 093 Lorain 175 Transylvania 099 Walsh 105 Meigan 175 Transylvania 097 Traill 103 Medina 175 Morgan 187 Waren Northern Islands 117 Morrow 187 Walsunga 085 Northern Islands 117 Morrow 118 Walsunga 085 Northern Islands 117 Morrow 110 Ward 107 Morgan 108 Walkaga 085 Northern Islands 121 Moskingum 190 Walskaga 100 Rota 121 Noble 123 Ottawa 124 Noble 123 Ottawa			035			
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125	Paulding	071	Kay	039	Lane
127	Perry	073	Kingfisher	041	Lincoln
129	Pickaway	075	Kiowa	043	Linn
131	Pike	077	Latimer	045	Malheur
133	Portage	079	Le Flore	047	Marion
135	Preble	081	Lincoln	049	Morrow
137	Putnam	083	Logan	051	Multnomah
139	Richland	085	Love	053	Polk
141	Ross	087	McClain	055	Sherman
143	Sandusky	089	McCurtain	057	Tillamook
145	Scioto	091	McIntosh	059	Umatilla
147	Seneca	093	Major	061	Union
149	Shelby	095	Marshall	063	Wallowa
151	Stark	097	Mayes	065	Wasco
153	Summit	099	Murray	067	Washington
155	Trumbull	101	Muskogee	069	Wheeler
157	Tuscarawas	103	Noble	071	Yamhill
159	Union	105	Nowata		
161	Van Wert	107	Okfuskee	PALA	U
163	Vinton	109	Oklahoma	002	Aimeliik
165	Warren	111	Okmulgee	004	Airai
167	Washington	113	Osage	010	Angaur
169	Wayne	115	Ottawa	100	Kayangel
171	Williams	117	Pawnee	150	Koror
173	Wood	119	Payne	212	Melekeiok
175	Wyandot	121	Pittsburg	214	Ngaraard
07.7	770774	123	Pontotoc	218	Ngarchelong
OKLA	HOMA	125	Pottawatomie	222	Ngardmau
001	Adair	127	Pushmataha	223	Ngaremlengui
003	Alfalfa	129	Roger Mills	224	Ngatpang
005	Atoka	131	Rogers	226	Ngchesar
007	Beaver	133	Seminole	228	Ngiwai
009	Beckham	135	Sequoyah	300	Palau-unorg.
011	Blaine	137	Stephens	350	Peleliu
013	Bryan	139	Texas	370	Sonsorol
015	Caddo	141	Tillman	380	Tobi
017	Canadian	143	Tulsa		
019	Carter	145	Wagoner	PENN	SYLVANIA
021	Cherokee	147	Washington	001	Adams
023	Choctaw	149	Washita		Allegheny
025	Cimarron	151 153	Woods Woodward	005	Armstrong
027	Cleveland	153	woodward	007	Beaver
029	Coal	OREG	ON	009	Bedford
031	Comanche			011	Berks
033	Cotton	001	Baker	013	Blair
035	Craig	003	Benton	015	Bradford
037	Creek	005	Clackamas	017	Bucks
039	Custer	007	Clatsop	019	Butler
041	Delaware	009	Columbia	021	Cambria
043	Dewey	011	Coos	023	Cameron
045	Ellis	013	Crook	025	Carbon
047	Garfield	015	Curry	027	Centre
049	Garvin	017	Deschutes	029	Chester
051	Grady	019	Douglas	031	Clarion
053	Grant	021	Gilliam	033	Clearfield
055	Greer	023	Grant	035	Clinton
057	Harmon	025	Harney	037	Columbia
059	Harper	027	Hood River	039	Crawford
061	Haskell	029	Jackson	041	Cumberland
063	Hughes	031	Jefferson	043	Dauphin
065	Jackson	033 035	Josephine Klamath	045	Delaware
067	Jefferson Johnston	035	Lake	047	Elk
069	Johnston	037	Lanc	049	Erie

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023	Charles Mix	011	Bradley	139	Polk
025	Clark	013	Campbell	141	Putnam
027	Clay	015	Cannon	143	Rhea
029	Codington	017	Carroll	145	Roane
031	Corson	019	Carter	147	Robertson
033	Custer	021	Cheatham	149	Rutherford
035	Davison	023	Chester	151	Scott
037		025		153	
	Day		Claiborne		Sequatchie
039	Deuel	027	Clay	155	Sevier
041	Dewey	029	Cocke	157	Shelby
043	Douglas	031	Coffee	159	Smith
045	Edmunds	033	Crockett	161	Stewart
047	Fall River	035	Cumberland	163	Sullivan
049	Faulk	037	Davidson	165	Sumner
051	Grant	039	Decatur	167	Tipton
053	Gregory	041	De Kalb	169	Trousdale
055	Haakon	043	Dickson	171	Unicoi
057	Hamlin	045		173	Union
			Dyer		
059	Hand	047	Fayette	175	Van Buren
061	Hanson	049	Fentress	177	Warren
063	Harding	051	Franklin	179	Washington
065	Hughes	053	Gibson	181	Wayne
067	Hutchinson	055	Giles	183	Weakley
069	Hyde	05 <i>7</i>	Grainger	185	White
071	Jackson	059	Greene	187	Williamson
073	Jerauld	061	Grundy	189	Wilson
		063	Hamblen	107	VV113011
075	Jones			TEXAS	2
077	Kingsbury	065	Hamilton	ILAA)
079	Lake	067	Hancock	001	Anderson
081	Lawrence	069	Hardeman	003	Andrews
083	Lincoln	071	Hardin	005	Angelina
085	Lyman	073	Hawkins	007	Aransas
087	McCook	075	Haywood	009	Archer
089	McPherson	077	Henderson	011	
091	Marshall	079	Henry		Armstrong
093	Meade	081	Hickman	013	Atascosa
095	Mellette	083	Houston	015	Austin
				017	Bailey
097	Miner	085	Humphreys	019	Bandera
099	Minnehaha	087	Jackson	021	Bastrop
101	Moody	089	Jefferson	023	Baylor
103	Pennington	091	Johnson	025	Bee
105	Perkins	093	Knox	027	Bell
107	Potter	095	Lake	029	Bexar
109	Roberts	097	Lauderdale	031	Blanco
111	Sanborn	099	Lawrence	033	Borden
113	Shannon	101	Lewis		
115	Spink	103	Lincoln	035	Bosque
		105	Loudon	037	Bowie
117	Stanley			039	Brazoria
119	Sully	107	McMinn	041	Brazos
121	Todd	109	McNairy	043	Brewster
123	Tripp	111	Macon	045	Briscoe
125	Turner	113	Madison	047	Brooks
127	Union	115	Marion	049	Brown
129	Walworth	117	Marshall	051	Burleson
135	Yankton	119	Maury	053	Burnet
137	Ziebach	121	Meigs	055	Caldwell
10,	Zieback	123	Monroe		
TENN	ESSEE	125	Montgomery	057	Calhoun
		123	Moore	059	Callahan
001	Anderson			061	Cameron
003	Bedford	129	Morgan	063	Camp
005	Benton	131	Obion	065	Carson
007	Bledsoe	133	Overton	067	Cass
009	Blount	135	Perry	069	Castro
	•	137	Pickett		

071	Chambers	199	Hardin	327	Menard
073	Cherokee	201	Harris	329	Midland
075	Childress	203	Harrison	331	Milam
077	Clay	205	Hartley	333	Mills
079	Cochran	207	Haskell	335	Mitchell
081	Coke	209		337	
			Hays		Montague
083	Coleman	211	Hemphill	339	Montgomery
085	Collin	213	Henderson	341	Moore
087	Collingsworth	215	Hidalgo	343	Morris
089	Colorado	217	Hill	345	Motley
091	Comal	219	Hockley	347	Nacogdoches
093	Comanche	221	Hood	349	Navarro
095	Concho	223	Hopkins	351	Newton
097		225			
	Cooke		Houston	353	Nolan
099	Coryell	227	Howard	355	Nueces
101	Cottle	229	Hudspeth	357	Ochiltree
103	Crane	231	Hunt	359	Oldham
105	Crockett	233	Hutchinson	361	Orange
107	Crosby	235	Irion	363	Palo Pinto
109	Culberson	237	Jack	365	Panola
111	Dallam	239	•	367	Parker
			Jackson		
113	Dallas	241	Jasper	369	Parmer
115	Dawson	243	Jeff Davis	371	Pecos
117	Deaf Smith	245	Jefferson	373	Polk
119	Delta	247	Jim Hogg	375	Potter
121	Denton	249	Jim Wells	377	Presidio
123	De Witt	251	Johnson	379	Rains
125	Dickens	253	Jones	381	Randall
127		255			
	Dimmit		Karnes	383	Reagan
129	Donley	257	Kaufman	385	Real
131	Duval	259	Kendall	387	Red River
133	Eastland	261	Kenedy	389	Reeves
135	Ector	263	Kent	391	Refugio
137	Edwards	265	Kerr	393	Roberts
139	Ellis	267	Kimble	395	Robertson
141	El Paso	269	King	397	
143	Erath	271			Rockwall
			Kinney	399	Runnels
145	Falls	273	Kleberg	401	Rusk
147	Fannin	275	Knox	403	Sabine
149	Fayette	277	Lamar	405	San Augustine
151	Fisher	279	Lamb	407	San Jacinto
153	Floyd	281	Lampasas	409	San Patricio
155	Foard	283	La Salle	411	San Saba
157	Fort Bend	285	Lavaca	413	Schleicher
159	Franklin	287			
			Lee	415	Scurry
161	Freestone	289	Leon	417	Shackelford
163	Frio	291	Liberty	419	Shelby
165	Gaines	293	Limestone	421	Sherman
167	Galveston	295	Lipscomb	423	Smith
169	Garza	297	Live Oak	425	Somervell
171	Gillespie	299	Llano	427	Starr
173	Glasscock	301	Loving	429	
175	Goliad	303			Stephens
			Lubbock	431	Sterling
177	Gonzales	305	Lynn	433	Stonewall
179	Gray	307	McCulloch	435	Sutton
181	Grayson	309	McLennan	437	Swisher
183	Gregg	311	McMullen	439	Tarrant
185	Grimes	313	Madison	441	Taylor
187	Guadalupe	315	Marion	443	Terrell
189	Hale	317	Martin	445	Terry
191	Hall	319	Mason	447	
193	Hamilton	321			Throckmorton
195			Matagorda	449	Titus
	Hansford	323	Maverick	451	Tom Green
197	Hardeman	325	Medina	453	Travis

455	Trinity	047	Uintah	570	Colonial Heights (Indepen-
457	Tyler	049	Utah		dent City)
459	Upshur	051	Wasatch	580	Covington (Independent
461	Upton	053	Washington	o	City)
463	Uvalde	055	Wayne	045	Craig
465	Val Verde	057	Weber	047	Culpeper
467	Van Zandt	VEDA	IONIT	049	Cumberland
469 471	Victoria Walker	VERM		590 051	Danville (Independent City)
471	Waller	001	Addison	051	Dickenson Dinwiddie
475	Ward	003	Bennington	595	Emporia (Independent City)
477	Washington	005	Caledonia	057	Essex
479	Webb	007	Chittenden	059	Fairfax (County)
481	Wharton	009	Essex	600	Fairfax (Independent City)
483	Wheeler	011 013	Franklin Grand Isle	610	Falls Church (Independent
485	Wichita	015	Lamoille		City)
487	Wilbarger	017	Orange	061	Fauquier
489	Willacy	019	Orleans	063	Floyd
491	Williamson	021	Rutland	065	Fluvanna
493	Wilson	023	Washington	067	Franklin (County)
495	Winkler	025	Windham	620	Franklin (Independent City)
497	Wise	027	Windsor	069	Frederick
499	Wood			630	Fredericksburg (Independent
501	Yoakum	VIRG	IN ISLANDS	640	City)
503	Young	010	St. Croix	640	Galax (Independent City)
505	Zapata	020	St. John	071	Gles
507	Zavala	030	St. Thomas	073 075	Gloucester
II S M	INOR ISLANDS	000		073	Goochland
		VIRG	INIA	077	Grayson Greene
050	Baker Island	001	Accomack	081	Greensville
100	Howland	001	Albemarle	083	Halifax
150	Jarvis Island	510	Alexandria (Independent	650	Hampton (Independent City)
200	Johnson Atoll	510	City)	085	Hanover
250	Kingman Reef	005	Alleghany	660	Harrisonburg (Independent
300	Midway Islands Navassa Island	007	Amelia		City)
,350 400	Palmyra Atoll	009	Amherst	087	Henrico
450	Wake Island	011	Appomattox	089	Henry
450	Wake Bulla	013	Arlington	091	Highland
UTAH		015	Augusta	670	Hopewell (Independent City)
		017	Bath	093	Isle Of Wight
001	Beaver Box Elder	019	Bedford (County)	095	James City
003 005	Cache	515	Bedford (Independent City)	097	King And Queen
003	Carbon	021	Bland	099	King George
009	Daggett	023	Botetourt	101	King William
011	Davis	520	Bristol (Independent City)	103 105	Lancaster Lee
013	Duchesne	025	Brunswick	678	Lexington (Independent City)
015	Emery	027 029	Buchanan Budhingham	107	Loudoun
017	Garfield	530	Buckingham Buena Vista (Independent	109	Louisa
019	Grand	330	City)	111	Lunenburg
021	Iron	031	Campbell	680	Lynchburg (Independent
023	Juab	033	Caroline	000	City)
025	Kane	035	Carroll	113	Madison
027	Millard	036	Charles City	683	Manassas (Independent City)
029	Morgan	037	Charlotte	690	Martinsville (Independent
031	Piute	540	Charlottesville (Independent		City)
033	Rich		City)	115	Mathews
035	Salt Lake	550	Chesapeake (Independent	117	Mecklenburg
037	San Juan		City)	119	Middlesex
039	Sanpete	041	Chesterfield	121	Montgomery
041	Sevier	043	Clarke	125	Nelson
043 045	Summit Tooele	560	Clifton Forge (Independent	127	New Kent
043	TOOLIC		City)		

700	Newport News (Independent	WASH	IINGTON	043	Lincoln
	City)			045	Logan
710	Norfolk (Independent City)	001	Adams	047	McDowell
131	Northampton	003	Asotin	049	Marion
133	Northumberland	005	Benton	051	Marshall
135	Nottoway	007	Chelan	053	Mason
720	Norton (Independent City)	009	Clallam	055	Mercer
137	Orange	011	Clark	057	Mineral
139		013	Columbia	059	Mingo
	Page	015	Cowlitz	061	Monongalia
141	Patrick	017	Douglas	063	Monroe
730	Petersburg (Independent	019	Ferry	065	
1.40	City)	021	Franklin	067	Morgan Nicholas
143	Pittsylvania	023	Garfield		
735	Poquoson (Independent City)	025	Grant	069	Ohio
740	Portsmouth (Independent	027	Grays Harbor	071	Pendleton
	City)	029	Island	073	Pleasants
145	Powhatan	031	Jefferson	075	Pocahontas
147	Prince Edward	033	King	077	Preston
149	Prince George	035	Kitsap	079	Putnam
153	Prince William	037	Kittitas	081	Raleigh
155	Pulaski	039	Klickitat	083	Randolph
750	Radford (Independent City)	041	Lewis	085	Ritchie
157	Rappahannock			087	Roane
159	Richmond (County)	043	Lincoln	089	Summers
760	Richmond (Independent City)	045	Mason	091	Taylor
161	Roanoke (County)	047	Okanogan	093	Tucker
770	Roanoke (Independent City)	049	Pacific	095	Tyler
163	Rockbridge	051	Pend Oreille	097	Upshur
165	Rockingham	053	Pierce	099	Wayne
167	Russell	055	San Juan	101	Webster
775		057	Skagit	103	Wetzel
169	Salem (Independent City)	059	Skamania	105	Wirt
	Scott	061	Snohomish	107	
171	Shenandoah	063	Spokane		Wood
173	Smyth	065	Stevens	109	Wyoming
780	South Boston (Independent	067	Thurston	WISC	ONSIN
1.75	City)	069	Wahkiakum	WISC	ONSIN
175	Southampton	071	Walla Walla	001	Adams
177	Spotsylvania	073	Whatcom	003	Ashland
179	Stafford	075	Whitman	005	Barron
790	Staunton (Independent City)	077	Yakima	007	Bayfield
800	Suffolk (Independent City)	0.,	1 41	009	Brown
181	Surry	WEST	VIRGINIA	011	Buffalo
183	Sussex			013	Burnett
185	Tazewell	001	Barbour	015	Calumet
810	Virginia Beach (Independent	003	Berkeley	017	Chippewa
	City)	005	Boone	019	Clark
187	Warren	007	Braxton	021	Columbia
191	Washington	009	Brooke	023	
820	Waynesboro (Independent	011	Cabell	025	Crawford
	City)	013	Calhoun		Dane
193	Westmoreland	015	Clay	027	Dodge
830	Williamsburg (Independent	017	Doddridge	029	Door
000	City)	019	Fayette	031	Douglas
840	Winchester (Independent	021	Gilmer	033	Dunn
040		023	Grant	035	Eau Claire
105	City)	025	Greenbrier	037	Florence
195	Wise	027	Hampshire	039	Fond Du Lac
197	Wythe	027	Hancock	041	Forest
199	York	029		043	Grant
			Hardy	045	Green
		033	Harrison	047	Green Lake
		035	Jackson	049	Iowa
		037	Jefferson	051	Iron
		039	Kanawha	053	Jackson
		041	Lewis		•

055	Jefferson	103 Richland		
057	Juneau	105 Rock		
059	Kenosha	107 Rusk		
061	Kewaunee	109 St. Croix		
063	La Crosse	111 Sauk		
065	Lafayette	113 Sawyer		
067	Langlade	115 Shawano		
069	Lincoln	117 Sheboygar	1	
071	Manitowoc	119 Taylor		
073	Marathon	121 Trempeale	au	
075	Marinette	123 Vernon		
077	Marquette	125 Vilas		
078	Menominee	127 Walworth		
079	Milwaukee	129 Washburn		
081	Monroe	131 Washingto	n	
083	Oconto	133 Waukesha		
085	Oneida	135 Waupaca		
087	Outagamie	137 Waushara		
089	Ozaukee	139 Winnebage	0	
091	Pepin	141 Wood		
093	Pierce			
095	Polk	WYOMING	WYOMING	
097	Portage	001 Albany		
099	Price	003 Big Horn		
101	Racine	005 Campbell		

007	Carbon
009	Converse
011	Crook
013	Fremont
015	Goshen
017	Hot Springs
019	Johnson
021	Laramie
023	Lincoln
025	Natrona
027	Niobrara
029	Park
031	Platte
033	Sheridan
035	Sublette
037	Sweetwater
039	Teton
041	Uinta
043	Washakie
045	Weston

001	Albany
003	Big Horn
005	Campbell

APPENDIX III: FEDERAL AGENCY CODES

ACHP			FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION
AF	PRESERVATION AIR FORCE	FRA	FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION
ARMY	DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	FS	FOREST SERVICE
BIA	BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS	FWS	FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
BLM	BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	FmHA	FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION
BUREC	BUREAU OF RECLAMATION	GS	GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
CEQ	COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	GSA	GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
CG	COAST GUARD	HHS	HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
COE	ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS		DEPARTMENT
COMMERCE	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	HUD	HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT
CPD	COMMUNITY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT	IBWC	INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION
DOD Doe	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	ICC	INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION
DOL	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR	JUSTICE	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
DOT ED	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	LEAA	LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	MC	MARINE CORPS
EDA	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION	MINES	BUREAU OF MINES
EPA	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	NASA	NATIONAL AERONAUTICS & SPACE ADMINISTRATION
ETA	EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING	NAVY	DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
FAA	ADMINISTRATION FEDERAL AVIATION	NCPC	NATIONAL CAPITOL PLANNING COMMISSION
FOC	ADMINISTRATION	NPS	NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
FCC	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION	NRC	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
FDIC	FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE COMMISSION	NSF	NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION
FEA	FEDERAL ENERGY	OSM	OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING
	ADMINISTRATION	PHS	PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
FERC	FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY	RDS	RURAL DEVELOPMENT SERVICE
FHWA	COMMISSION FEDERAL HIGHWAY	REA	RURAL ELECTRIC ADMINISTRATION
INVA	ADMINISTRATION	SBA	SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
FMC	FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION	SCS	SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

SHPO	STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE	USDA	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	
SI	SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	USDI USPS	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U.S. POSTAL SERVICE	
STATE	STATE DEPARTMENT	VA	DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS	
TREASURY	DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY	VA	AFFAIRS	
TVA	TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY	WMATA	WASHINGTON METRO AND	
UDAG	URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION		TRANSIT AUTHORITY	
GRANT		WPRS	WATER AND POWER RESOURCES SERVICE	
UMTA	URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION		SERVICE	
UN	UNITED NATIONS			

APPENDIX IV: GLOSSARY OF NATIONAL REGISTER TERMS

- Accompanying documentation— USGS map, photographs, and sketch maps that accompany completed registration form.
- **Acreage** area of a historic property measured in acres.
- Amendment documentation— provided on a new registration form or continuation sheets for a property already listed in the National Register officially changing the significance, boundaries, name, or other aspect of the listing.
- Antiquities Act— enacted in 1906, the first legislation in the United States to preserve American antiquities, including the designation and protection of national monuments on federally owned land.
- Archeological district— a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of sites important in history or prehistory.
- Architectural classification— item on registration form calling for the entry of an architectural style or other term by which property can be identified.
- Architectural significance— importance of a property based on physical aspects of its design, materials, form, style, or workmanship, and recognized by criterion
- Area of significance— aspect of historic development in which a property made contributions for which it meets the National Register criteria, such as agriculture or politics/government.

- Association— link of a historic property with a historic event, activity, or person. Also, the quality of integrity through which a historic property is linked to a particular past time and place.
- Associative characteristic— an aspect of a property's history that links it with historic events, activities, or persons.
- **Boundaries** lines delineating the geographical extent or area of a historic property.
- **Boundary description** a precise description of the lines that bound a historic property.
- Boundary justification— an explanation of the reasons for selecting the boundaries of a historic property.
- Building— a resource created principally to shelter any form of human activity, such as house.
- Certification— process by which a nominating authority signs a National Register form or continuation sheet to verify the accuracy of the documentation and to express his or her opinion on the eligibility of the property for National Register listing; also, the signature through which the authority nominates a property or requests a determination of eligibility; also, the process and signature by which the Keeper of the National Register acts on a request for listing, a determination of eligibility, or other action.
- Certified local government (CLG) a local government officially certified to carry out some of the

- purposes of the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended.
- Certifying official— SHPO or FPO who initiates and supports a nomination or requests other official action related to National Register listing.
- CLG— see "certified local government."
- Commenting official— any official whose comment is required or requested on the nomination of a property to the National Register or other action related to National Register listings.
- Contributing resource— a building, site, structure, or object adding to the historic significance of a property.
- Criteria— general standards by which the significance of a historic property is judged; see "National Register criteria."
- Criteria Considerations— additional standards applying to certain kinds of historic properties.
- Cultural Affiliation— archeological or ethnographic culture to which a collection of sites, resources, or artifacts belong.
- Cultural resource— building, site, structure, object, or district evaluated as having significance in prehistory or history.
- Current function— purpose that a property, or portion of it, currently serves or will serve in the near future.
- Design— quality of integrity applying to the elements that create the physical form, plan, space, structure, and style of a property.

- Determination of eligibility— an action through which the eligibility of a property for National Register listing is decided but the property is not actually listed; nominating authorities and federal agency officials commonly request determinations of eligibility for federal planning purposes and in cases where a majority of private owners has objected to National Register listing.
- **Description** section of the registration form where the historic features and current condition of a property are described.
- Discontiguous district— a historic or archeological district containing two or more geographically separate areas.
- District— a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of sites, buildings, structures, or objects united historically or aesthetically by plan or physical development.
- **Documentation** information that describes, locates, and explains the significance of a historic property.
- Documentation standards—requirements for describing, locating, and stating the significance of a property for listing in the National Register.
- Eligibility— ability of a property to meet the National Register criteria.
- **Evaluation** process by which the significance and integrity of a historic property are judged and eligibility for National Register listing is determined.
- **Evaluation methods** steps through which the eligibility of a historic property is determined.
- Event— an occasion, circumstance, or activity that occurred within a particular period of time, or continued over an extended period of time.
- Federal Preservation Officer (FPO)—
 official designated by the head
 of each Federal agency to be responsible for coordinating the
 agency's activities under the National Historic Preservation Act,
 as amended, including nominat-

- ing properties to the National Register.
- Feeling— quality of integrity through which a historic property evokes the aesthetic or historic sense of past time and place.
- Function— (or use) purpose for which a building, site, structure, object, or district is used. (See also current and historic function.)
- Geographical area— an area of land containing historic or archeological resources that can be identified on a map and delineated by boundaries.
- Historic context— an organizing structure for interpreting history that groups information about historic properties which share a common theme, common geographical location, and common time period. The development of historic contexts is a foundation for decisions about the planning, identification, evaluation, registration, and treatment of historic properties, based upon comparative significance.
- Historic district— See "district."
- **Historic function** use of a district, site, building, structure, or object at the time it attained historic significance.
- **Historic property** any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object.
- Historic significance— importance for which a property has been evaluated and found to meet the National Register criteria.
- Historic Sites Act— enacted in 1935, the legislation providing for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, including the designation of National Historic Landmarks and historic units of the National Park System.
- **Identification** process through which information is gathered about historic properties.
- Identification methods— steps through which information about historic properties is gathered.

- Important person— an individual who has made significant contributions in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture.
- Information potential— ability of a property to provide important information about history or prehistory through its composition and physical remains; importance recognized by criterion D.
- Integrity— authenticity of a property's historic identity, evidenced by the survival of physical characteristics that existed during the property's historic or prehistoric period.
- Level of significance— geographical level—local, State, or national—at which a historic property has been evaluated and found to be significant.
- **Local significance** importance of a property to the history of its community, such as a town or county.
- Location— quality of integrity retained by a historic property existing in the same place as it did during the period of significance.
- Materials— quality of integrity applying to the physical elements that were combined or deposited in a particular pattern or configuration to form a historic property.
- Multiple property documentation form— official National Register form (NPS 10-900-b) used for documenting the contexts and property types for a multiple property listing.
- Multiple property listing— a group of historic properties related by common theme, general geographical area, and period of time for the purpose of National Register documentation and listing.
- Multiple property submission— format through which historic properties related by theme, general geographical area, and period of time may be documented as a group and listed in the National Register.
- Multiple resource submission— format previously used for documenting and listing groups of historic properties located within the same general geographical

- area; see "multiple property submission."
- National Historic Landmark—
 (NHL) a historic property evaluated and found to have significance at the national level and designated as such by the Secretary of the Interior.
- National Historic Preservation Act, as amended— 1966 legislation establishing the National Register of Historic Places and extending the national historic preservation programs to properties of State and local significance.
- National Register criteria for evaluation— established criteria for evaluating the eligibility of properties for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.
- National Register Information System (NRIS)— computerized data base of information on properties included in the National Register of Historic Places.
- National Register of Historic Places— official federal list of districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects significant in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering and culture.
- National significance— importance of a property to the history of the United States as a nation.
- Nominating Authority— Federal or State official authorized to nominate properties to the National Register of Historic Places.
- Noncontributing resource— a building, site, structure, or object that does not add to the historic significance of a property.
- Notification— process through which property owners, public officials, and the general public are notified of nominations to and listings in and determinations of eligibility for the National Register.
- Object— a construction primarily artistic in nature or relatively small in scale and simply constructed, such as a statue or milepost.
- Owner objection— a notarized written statement from a property owner disapproving the nomina-

- tion and listing of his or her property in the National Register.
- Ownership— legal status in which an owner holds fee simple title to a property, or portion of it.
- Period of significance— span of time in which a property attained the significance for which it meets the National Register criteria.
- Physical characteristics— visible and tangible attributes of a historic property or group of historic properties.
- Potential to yield information likelihood of a property to provide information about an important aspect of history or prehistory through its physical composition and remains.
- Preservation planning— series of activities through which goals, priorities, and strategies for identification, evaluation, registration, and protection of historic properties are developed.
- Preservation planning process—
 process by which goals, priorities, and strategies for preservation planning activities are set forth and carried out.
- Property— area of land containing a single historic resource or a group of resources, and constituting a single entry in the National Register of Historic Places.
- Property type— a grouping of properties defined by common physical and associative attributes.
- Public notice— notification made through a public notice in a local newspaper or public place.
- Public participation— process by which the opinions of property owners, public officials, and the general public are considered prior to making a decision to nominate or list a historic property in the National Register.
- Registration— process described in 36 CFR Part 60 which results in historic or archeological properties being listed or determined eligible for listing in the National Register.
- **Registration requirements** attributes of significance and integ-

- rity qualifying a property for listing in the National Register.
- **Resource** any building, structure, site, or object that is part of or constitutes a historic property.
- Resource type— the general category of property— building, structure, site, district, or object— that may be listed in the National Register.
- Setting— quality of integrity applying to the physical environment of a historic property.
- Significance— importance of a historic property as defined by the National Register criteria in one or more areas of significance.
- Significant date— date of an event or activity related to the importance for which a property meets the National Register criteria.
- Site— location of a significant event, a prehistoric or historic occupation or activity, or a building or structure, whether standing, ruined, or vanished, where the location itself possesses historic, cultural, or archeological value regardless of the value of any existing structure.
- State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO)— the official designated by the Governor to administer the State's historic preservation program and the duties described in 36 CFR Part 6l including nominating properties to the National Register.
- State historic preservation office—
 office in State or territorial government that administers the
 preservation programs under the
 National Historic Preservation
- State preservation plan— document that sets forth the process by which a State develops goals, priorities, and strategies for preservation planning purposes.
- State review board— a board, council, commission or other collegial body appointed by the SHPO to review the eligibility of nominated properties and the adequacy of nomination documentation.
- State significance— importance of a property to the history of the State where it is located.

- Statement of significance— section of the registration form where the reasons a property is significant and meets the National Register criteria are stated and explained.
- Structure— a functional construction made for purposes other than creating shelter, such as a bridge.
- Thematic resource submission format previously used for documenting and listing a group of

- historic properties related by a common theme; see "multiple property submission."
- Theme— a trend or pattern in history or prehistory relating to a particular aspect of cultural development, such as dairy farming or silver mining.
- UTM reference— a set of coordinates (easting and northing) that indicates a unique location according to the Universal Transmercator Grid appearing on

- maps of the United States Geological Survey.
- Verbal boundary description— a statement that gives the precise boundaries of a historic property, such as a lot number, metes and bounds, or township and range.
- Workmanship— quality of integrity applying to the physical evidence of the crafts of a particular culture, people, or artisan.

APPENDIX V: THE NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS CRITERIA

The quality of national significance is ascribed to districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that possess exceptional value or quality in illustrating or interpreting the heritage of the United States in history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture and that possess a high degree of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and:

- That are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to, and are identified with, or that outstandingly represent, the broad national patterns of United States history and from which an understanding and appreciation of those patterns may be gained; or
- That are associated importantly with the lives of persons nationally significant in the history of the United States; or
- That represent some great idea or ideal of the American people; or
- That embody the distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type specimen exceptionally valuable for a study of a period, style or method of construction, or that represent a significant, distinctive and exceptional entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- That are composed of integral parts of the environment not sufficiently significant by reason of historical association or artistic merit to warrant individual recognition but collectively compose an entity of exceptional historical

- or artistic significance, or outstandingly commemorate or illustrate a way of life or culture; or
- That have yielded or may be likely to yield information of major scientific importance by revealing new cultures, or by shedding light upon periods of occupation over large areas of the United States. Such sites are those which have yielded, or which may reasonably be expected to yield, data affecting theories, concepts and ideas to a major degree.

NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARK EXCLUSIONS

Ordinarily, cemeteries, birthplaces, graves of historical figures, properties owned by religious institutions or used for religious purposes, structures that have been moved from their original locations, reconstructed historic buildings and properties that have achieved significance within the past fifty years are not eligible for designation. If such properties fall within the following categories they may, nevertheless, be found to qualify:

- A religious property deriving its primary national significance from architectural or artistic distinction or historical importance; or
- A building or structure removed from its original location but which is nationally significant primarily for its architectural merit, or for association with persons or events of transcendent impor-

- tance in the nation's history and the association consequential; or
- A site of a building or structure no longer standing but the person or event associated with it is of transcendent importance in the nations's history and the association consequential; or
- A birthplace, grave or burial if it is of a historical figure of transcendent national significance and no other appropriate site, building, or structure directly associated with the productive life of that person exists; or
- A cemetery that derives its primary national significance from graves of persons of transcendent importance, or from an exceptionally distinctive design or an exceptionally significant event; or
- A reconstructed building or ensemble of buildings of extraordinary national significance when accurately executed in a suitable environment and presented in a dignified manner as part of a restoration master plan, and when no other buildings or structures with the same association have survived; or
- A property primarily commemorative in intent if design, age, tradition, or symbolic value has invested it with its own national historical significance; or
- A property achieving national significance within the past 50 years if it is of extraordinary national importance.

APPENDIX VI: CHECKLIST FOR DESCRIBING STRUCTURES OF ENGINEERING OR INDUSTRIAL SIGNIFICANCE

RAILROADS, SUBWAYS, AND RELATED RESOURCES

Dates of construction

Principal engineers

Distance (length in miles)
Terminus points
Grade: highest and lowest points
Type of track/gauge (standard or narrow)
Major buildings and structures along right-of-way that are included within the boundaries
Historic rolling stock
Cuts and earthfills
Dimensions of trolleys
Power system

ROADS, HIGHWAYS, AND PARKWAYS

Alterations

Dates of construction Distance (length in miles) Principal engineers and, if any, landscape architects Topography Width of roadway, shoulders, and right-of-way Number and type of bridges, culverts, and tunnels Major cuts and earthfills Grade of highest and lowest points and superelevation Surface material Types of entrances, exits, and intersections Traffic control systems Sloping of banks

Walls, guardrails, and curbing

Plantings and other landscape features Associated buildings within the boundaries, including gatehouses, tollbooths, and refectories Viewpoints, pull-offs, overlooks, and observation points Significant vistas Alterations

CANALS AND WATERWAYS

Dates of construction

Principal engineers
Elevation at terminus points and the summit level
Number and type of locks
Source of water supply
Average speed and type of navigation (steamboat, towpath, or bateau)
Typical lock dimensions
Typical boat dimensions
Wharves and docks
Lengths in both canalized and slackwater miles
Historical summary (original aims of

AIRPORTS

Alterations

company, etc.)

Dates of construction
Length of runways
Surface materials
Principal engineers
Air traffic tower (dimensions, height, materials, etc.)
Communications systems
Hangers
Terminals

Historic aircraft Alterations

BRIDGES

Dates of construction Manufacturer (if prefabricated) **Engineers** Association with particular railroad, road, or other transportation route Substructure (structure below deck) Height above feature spanned Material of abutments and piers Deck and superstructure (above deck) Type of truss, arch, etc. Materials and dimensions of deck Materials of superstructure Number of spans and lengths Construction depth Width of road Alterations

TRESTLES AND VIADUCTS

Dates of construction
Number of spans and lengths
Engineers
Association with particular railroad,
road, or other transportation route
Number of piers (bents)
Materials of construction
Double or single track
Manufacturer and/or contractor
Feature spanned (river valley, gorge,
etc.)
Width
Major height (water level to deck
level)
Alterations

TUNNELS

Dates of construction

Engineers

Association with particular railroad, road, or other transportation route

Feature traversed

Length

Dimensions of bore

Double or single track (if a railroad tunnel)

Materials of construction (liner, portals, etc.)

Ventilation system

Engineering problems encountered

Alterations

LIGHTHOUSES

Dates of construction

Engineers

Approximate dimensions of

lighthouse; dimensions at base and top, height of focal plane above sea level.

Material used in construction: brick, stone, iron, wood-painted, etc.

Form of lighthouse: conical, octagonal, rod or steel screw pile tower

Distinguishing architectural details Type of illuminant and lenses used: existing and previous source; shape of lantern panes; range of light beam

Special signaling equipment: fog horns, radio signals, etc.

Associated buildings and structures within the boundaries, including the keeper's house, oil house, sheds, and cisterns.

Alterations

WATER SUPPLY AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

Dates of construction Construction materials Principal engineers

Flood control systems

Water distribution systems

Filtration systems Settling tanks

Associated buildings and structures (gatehouse, dams, pumping station, reservoirs, etc.)

Purpose (public water, irrigation, flood control, etc.)

Alterations

POWER DAMS

Dates of construction Construction materials Principal engineers Levee dimensions Floodway dimensions

Gates

Channel dimensions

Storage reservoirs

Slope Size

Grade

Section

Waterwheel type (overshot, for

example) Penstocks

Power generators

Number of kilowatts

Alterations

POWER GENERATING PLANTS

Dates of construction Principal engineers Construction materials

Source of power: coal-fired, steam, nuclear, hydroelectric, etc.

Buildings and structures comprising facility

Alterations

(See also Power Dams and Electrical Systems)

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Dates of construction Principal engineers Wiring (type, placement above or below ground)

Substations

Towers for power lines (dimensions,

type, etc.) Light fixtures Transformer boxes

Switches

Alterations

(See also Power Generating Plants)

HEAVY POWER MACHINERY

Dates of construction
Cylinder bore and stroke
Horsepower
R.P.M. (revolutions per minute)
Pounds per square inch (of steam)
Manufacturer
Materials
Type of valves and gear
Type of crosshead guides

Type of connecting rod ends
Type of crank
Method of drive (rope, direct, etc.)
Flywheel diameter and face
Type of condenser
Uses of exhaust steam
Changes to engine
Boiler history, if known
Earlier power sources on site
Alterations

SANITARY SYSTEMS

Dates of construction
Principal engineers
Construction materials
Settling tanks
Piping system
Filtration systems
Alterations
(See also Water Supply and Control Systems)

MINES AND OTHER EXTRACTION FACILITIES

Dates of construction
Construction materials
Construction firm
Principal mining engineers
Mineral content
Type of mine (open-pit, etc.)
Mine dimensions
Materials and types of conveyance
systems (trams, railroads, etc.)
Shafts, tunnels, pits, and other
structures
Tailings
Alterations

MILLS, FACTORIES, AND OTHER PROCESSING FACILITIES

Dates of construction Construction materials Principal engineers

Plants and Hayny Power

Plants and Heavy Power Machinery)

Buildings and structures
(dimensions, functions, construction

materials, physical layout, etc.)
Historic machinery and equipment
Site transportation systems (railroad
spurs, loading and shipping docks,

etc.) Alterations

APPENDIX VII: INSTRUCTIONS FOR **CERTIFYING** REGISTRATION FORMS

☐ request for determination of eligibility me Historic Places and meets the procedural an ☐ meets ☐ does not meet the National Re	al Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this notes the documentation standards for registering properties in the National professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the pister criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant the continuation sheet for additional comments.)	Register of
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau		_
In my opinion, the property \square meets \square documents.)	s not meet the National Register criteria. (\Box See continuation sheet for	additional
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date	

Section 3 is completed by State **Historic Preservation Officers** (SHPOs), Federal Preservation Officers (FPOs), and other Federal officials. The certifying official (the official initiating the action) completes the first signature block. The commenting official (any State or Federal official whose comment is required under the National Register regulations, 36 CFR Part 60) completes the second signature block. (Local government officials, including those in CLGs, and other persons may express their opinions in a letter accompanying the form.)

For nominations to the National Register, the certifying official is usually the SHPO of the state where the property is located or, in the case of a Federal property, the FPO of the

agency responsible for property. Requests for Federal determinations of eligibility are certified by an official of the Federal agency responsible for the property or Federal activity affect-

ing the property.

The role of the SHPO, FPO, and other Federal officials, in each case, depends on several things: the action being requested, agency initiating the action, ownership of property, and requirements in 36 CFR Part 60.

To determine the appropriate certifying and commenting officials in a particular case, refer to Roles of Certifying and Commenting Officials on page 2 of this appendix.

By signing the form a certifying of-

ficial:

· indicates the action being requested,

- attests that the form accurately and coherently documents the property,
- · attests that all notification and review requirements have been fulfilled,
- provides an opinion on the eligibility of the property, and
- · recommends that property is significant either nationally, statewide, or locally.

By signing the form, a commenting official:

- acknowledges that he or she has had the opportunity to comment on the action being requested, and
- provides an opinion on the eligibility of the property.

ROLES OF CERTIFYING AND COMMENTING OFFICIALS

Action	Certifying Official	Commenting Official	
NOMINATIONS (including NONFEDERAL DETERMINATIONS OF ELIGIBILTY)			
Nomination of private and/or nonfederal publicly owned property	SHPO	None	
Nomination of Federal Property	FPO	SHPO	
Nomination of a historic district including Federal property	SHPO	FPO (signature not required)	
Nomination of Federal property initiated by SHPO	SHPO	FPO	
Concurrent nomination by two or more SHPOs	SHPOs of concurring States	None	
Concurrent nomination by SHPO and Federal agency	SHPO and FPO	None	
Nominations of property owned by the Federal government and other owners	Same as roles above for Concurrent by SHPO and FPO, Nomination of Federal Property by SHPO, or Nomination of a historic district including Federal property.		
Nomination of property in adjoining States(s)	SHPO initiating action	SHPO of adjoining States(s)	
FEDERAL DETERMINATIONS OF ELIGIBILITY			
Federal request for determination of eligibility (USE OF FORM IS OPTIONAL)	Federal official or designee	SHPO opinions may be provided by letter	

COMPLETING THE FIRST SIGNATURE BLOCK

The **certifying official** completes **the first signature block** by:

- 1. marking "x" in the boxes to indicate:
 - the action being requested,
 - his or her opinion on whether the property meets the National Register criteria, and
 - whether the property is significant nationally, statewide, or locally (more than one box may be marked); and
- 2. signing the form and entering his or her title, the date, and the name of the State or, for Federal officials, the abbreviated name of the agency and bureau (see *Appendix III* for abbreviations).

An official not believing the property meets the National Register criteria also marks the box for "see continuation sheet" and provides an explanation on a continuation sheet.

Each additional certifying official signs and dates a continuation sheet containing the following statement:

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property ____ meets ____ does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant ____ nationally ____ statewide ___ locally.

Any official not believing the property meets the National Register criteria may provide his or her explanation on the same continuation sheet.

COMPLETING THE SECOND SIGNATURE BLOCK

The commenting official, if any, completes the second signature block by:

- marking "x" in the box that indicates his or her opinion on the eligibility of the resource, and
- 2. signing the form and entering his or her title, the date, and the name of the State or, for Federal officials, the abbreviated name of the agency and bureau (see *Appendix III* for abbreviations).

Any commenting official not believing the property meets the National Register criteria also marks "x" in the box for "see continuation sheet" and provides an explanation on a continuation sheet.

Additional commenting officials sign a continuation sheet containing the following statement:

In my opinion, the property ______ does not meet the National Register criteria.

The same continuation sheet may be used for the explanation of a commenting official not believing the property meets the National Register criteria.

A continuation sheet with the above statement may be used in place of the second signature block, if a certifying official chooses to send the commenting officials a copy of the completed registration form rather than the original.

Whenever continuation sheets are used for the opinions of commenting officials, the certifying agency should mark "x" in the box for "see continuation sheet" on the form and provide each commenting official with a continuation sheet ready to complete, sign, and date.

CERTIFYING PROPERTIES IN STATES WITH NO APPROVED STATE PROGRAM

In States with no approved State program, a local government official or a private individual may nominate properties directly to the National Register according to the procedures set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.

In these cases, section 3 is left blank and the individual or local official submits the completed form to the National Park Service with a letter. The letter must include the following items:

- A statement that the documentation is accurate and meets the professional standards outlined in the National Register regulations.
- 2. The signature of the person making the nomination, plus his or her title, affiliation, mailing address, and daytime telephone number.
- 3. The names and mailing addresses of the appropriate local government official and all legal property owners, so that the National Park Service can notify these individuals in accordance with the National Register regulations.

To find out if a State has an approved program, contact the National Park Service.

ESTABLISHING SIGNIFICANCE LOCALLY, STATEWIDE, OR NATIONALLY

National Register properties have significance locally, statewide, or nationally. When a property is evaluated for National Register listing, its significance is considered in relationship to other properties and property types within a common historic context, that is a historic theme, period and geographical area: for ex-

ample, "Commercial Development of Greeneville, Tennessee, 1880 to 1930." This evaluation results in a finding that the property is eligible at one or several levels.

The certifying official marks "x" in one or more boxes to indicate his or her recommendation on the significance of the property. The

recommendation must be supported by the documentation on the registration form, including the case made for significance and the development of historic context. Consult National Register Bulletin 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation for guidance on establishing whether a property is significant locally, statewide, or nationally.

Mark "national" only if the property is documented as having national importance in the registration form and should be considered for designation as a National Historic Landmark. (See Chapter V, Documenting Nationally Significant Properties.)

APPENDIX VIII: INSTRUCTIONS FOR **DETERMINING UTM** REFERENCES

The Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Grid System provides a simple and accurate method for recording the geographic location of a historic property. The UTM Grid System has a number of advantages over the Geographic Coordinate System of latitude and longitude, particularly speed, precision, and the use of linear, metric units of measure. Determining UTM references, in its simplest application, requires only a straightedge, a coordinate counter, and a sharp pencil as working tools. (The coordinate counter, a plastic measuring tool, may be obtained from J & J Reproduction and Drafting Supplies, Inc., 9017-F Mendenhall Court, Columbia, MD 21045.)

The UTM grid references may be determined from many USGS quadrangles published since 1950, and all published since 1959. If there is no USGS map with UTM ticks for a location, enter the geographic coordinates for the location of the property using latitude and longitude or a

State's grid system.

In the UTM system, the Earth is divided into 60 zones, running north and south, each 6 degrees wide. Each zone is numbered (most of the USA is included in zones 10 through 19), beginning at the 180-degree meridian near the International Date Line. On a USGS map, each zone is flattened and a square grid is marked off in meters superimposed upon it. Any point in the zone may be referenced by citing its zone number, its distance in meters from a northsouth reference line ("easting"), and its distance in meters from the Equator ("northing"). These three figures—the zone number, easting, and northing—make up the complete UTM grid reference for any point and distinguish it from any other point on Earth.

The simplest method of determining a UTM reference is based on drawing part of the UTM grid on the map, and measuring from the grid lines to the point. It requires the following:

- a flat work surface on which the map may be spread out in full
- a straightedge (ordinary rulers may not be accurate enough) long enough to reach completely across the map—generally 28" to
- a very sharp pencil and a worksheet
- a UTM coordinate counter

To measure each point, follow these steps:

- 1. Draw a line from the top of the map to the bottom (north to south), connecting the UTM ticks of the same value directly west of the point, that is the ticks with the highest easting value west of the point.
- 2. Draw a line from the left to the right side of the map (west to east), connecting the grid ticks of the same value directly south of the point, that is the ticks with the highest northing value south of the point. This line will intersect the north-south

- line somewhere to the southwest of the point.
- 3. Record the zone number on a worksheet. This number appears in the lower left corner of the map.
- 4. Record on a worksheet the numbers given by the map ticks through which the lines have been drawn. These are the first three digits of the easting value and the first four digits of the northing value.
- 5. Locate the scale on the coordinate counter matching that of the map, eg. 1:24,000. Align the counter on the map so that:
 - a. the side of the scale that reads from right to left lies along the east-west line.
 - b. the side of the scale that reads from left to right passes directly through the point.

(Check the alignment to be sure that it is precise.)

- 6. Read the coordinate counter scales, right to left for the easting and upward for the northing to get a measured value in three decimal places. In each case, enter the measured value on the worksheet after the number recorded in step 4.
- 7. Check the readings—are all figures in the correct decimal place? The easting will have six digits and the northing seven.

- 8. Check the figures for accuracy by remeasuring.
- 9. Be sure the following is given: zone number, easting, and northing (Z,E,N).
- 10. Enter each grid reference on the USGS form (in pencil only) and in section 10 of the registration form (see instructions on page 55).

One UTM reference is required for properties less than ten acres; three or more references for larger properties.

For more information on determining UTM references and obtaining USGS maps, go to the United States Geological Service (USGS) Web site at: www.usgs.gov, or call 1-800-HELP-MAP.

Appendix VIII is based upon National Register Bulletin: Using the UTM Grid System to Record Historic Sites, formerly Bulletin 28, by Wilford P. Cole, National Park Service. Originally published in 1977, the bulletin is no longer in print, but is available in electronic form on the National Register Web site at: www.cr.nps.gov/nr.

APPENDIX IX: CONTACTS

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICES

For questions or comments concerning this listing, contact Tawana Jackson at (202) 343-9565, or via e-mail at Tawana_Jackson@.nps.gov

ALABAMA (AL)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Executive Director, Alabama Historical Commission 468 South Perry Street Montgomery, Alabama 36130-0900 (334) 242-3184

ALASKA (AK)

Chief; History and Archeology Department of Natural Resources Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation 3601 C Street, Suite 1278 Anchorage, Alaska 99503-5921 (907) 269-8715

AMERICAN SAMOA

Territorial Historic Preservation Officer c/o Department of Parks and Recreation American Samoa Government Pago Pago, American Samoa 96799 (684) 633-2384

ARIZONA (AZ)

State Historic Preservation Officer Office of Historic Preservation Arizona State Parks 1300 W. Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007 (602) 542-4009

ARKANSAS (AR)

Director Arkansas Historic Preservation Program 1500 Tower Building 323 Center Street Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 (501) 324-9880

CALIFORNIA (CA)

State Historic Preservation Officer Office of Historic Preservation Department of Parks and Recreation P. O. Box 942896 Sacramento, California 94296-0001 (916) 653-6624

COLORADO (CO)

State Historic Preservation Officer and President, Colorado Historical Society Colorado History Museum 1300 Broadway Denver, Colorado 80203-2137 (303) 866-3355

CONNECTICUT (CT)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Connecticut Historical Commission 59 South Prospect Street Hartford, Connecticut 06106 (860) 566-3005

DELAWARE (DE)

Director
Division of Historical and Cultural
Affairs
Hall of Records
P. O.Box 1401
Dover, Delaware 19901
(302) 739-5313

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA (DC)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs 614 H Street, NW, Suite 1120 Washington, DC 20001 (202) 727-7120

FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA (FSM)

Historic Preservation Officer
Office of Administrative Services
Division of Archives and Historic
Preservation
FM National Government
P.O. Box PS52
Palikir, Pohnpei 96941
Overseas Operator (691) 320-2343

FLORIDA (FL)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Division of Historical Resources Department of State R.A. Gray Building, 500 S. Bronough Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0250 (904) 488-1480

GEORGIA (GA)

Director, Historic Preservation Division Department of Natural Resources 500 The Healey Building 57 Forsyth Street, NW Atlanta, Georgia 30303 (404) 656-2840

GUAM (GU)

State Historic Preservation Officer Department of Parks and Recreation Division of Historic Resources Building 13-8 Tiyan, P.O. Box 2985 Agana Heights, Guam 96910 011-677-475-6259

HAWAII (HI)

State Historic Preservation Officer Department of Land and Natural Resources 1151 Punchbowl Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 (808) 548-6550

IDAHO (ID)

State Historic Preservation Officer 210 Main Street Boise, Idaho 83702-7264 (208) 334-3890

ILLINOIS (IL)

Associate Director Illinois Historic Preservation Agency Preservation Services Division One Old State Capitol Plaza Springfield, Illinois 62701 (217) 785-9045

INDIANA (IN)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Department of Natural Resources 402 W. Washington Street, Rm. W 274 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 (317) 232-4020

IOWA (IA)

Administrator and SHPO State Historical Society of Iowa 600 East Locust Street Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0290 (515) 281-8837

KANSAS (KS)

Executive Director Kansas State Historical Society Cultural Resources Division 6425 Southwest 6th Avenue Topeka, Kansas 66615-1099 (913) 272-8681 ext. 205

KENTUCKY (KY)

State Historic Preservation Officer & Director, Kentucky Heritage Council
300 Washington Street
Frankfort, Kentuck 40601
(502) 564-7005

LOUISIANA (LA)

Assistant Secretary Office of Cultural Development P.O. Box 44247 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804 (504) 342-8200

MAINE (ME)

Director Maine Historic Preservation Commission 55 Capitol Street, Station 65 Augusta, Maine 04333-0065 (207) 287-2132

REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS

Secretary of Interior Affairs and Historic Preservation Officer P.O. Box 1454 Majuro, Marshall Islands 96960 (692) 625-4642

MARYLAND (MD)

Executive Director, Historical and Cultural Programs Department of Housing and Community Development Peoples Resource Center 100 Community Place, 3rd Floor Crownsville, Maryland 21032-2023 (410) 514-7600

MASSACHUSETTS (MA)

State Historic Preservation Officer Executive Director, Massachusetts Historical Commission Massachusetts Archives Facility 220 Morrissey Boulevard Boston, Massachusetts 02125 (617) 727-8470

MICHIGAN (MI)

State Historic Preservation Officer Michigan State Historic Preservation Office Michigan Historical Center 717 W. Allegan Lansing, Michigan 48918-0001

MINNESOTA (MN)

(517) 373-0511

Director, Minnesota Historical Society State Historic Preservation Office 345 Kellogg Boulevard West St. Paul, Minnesota 55102 (612) 296-2747

MISSISSIPPI (MI)

Director State of Mississippi Department of Archives and History P.O. Box 571 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 (601) 359-6850

MISSOURI (MO)

Director
Department of Natural Resources
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, Missouri 65102
(314) 751-4732

MONTANA (MT)

State Historic Preservation Officer Montana Historical Society 1410 8th Avenue, P.O. Box 201202 Helena, Montana 59620-1202 (406) 444-7715

NEBRASKA (NE)

Director Nebraska State Historical Society 1500 R Street P. O. Box 82554 Lincoln, Nebraska 68501 (402) 471-4787

NEVADA (NV)

State Historic Preservation Officer Department of Museums, Library and Arts 100 S. Stewart Street Capital Complex Carson City, Nevada 89710 (702) 687-6360

NEW HAMPSHIRE (NH)

Director Division of Historical Resources P. O. Box 2043 Concord, New Hampshire 03302-2043 (603) 271-6435

NEW JERSEY (NJ)

Commissioner
Dept. of Environmental Protection
CN-402, 401 East State Street
Trenton, New Jersey 08625
(609) 292-2885

NEW MEXICO (NM)

Director State Historic Preservation Division Office of Cultural Affairs Villa Rivera Building, 3rdFloor 228 E. Palace Avenue Santa Fe, New Mexico 87503 (505) 827-6320

NEW YORK (NY)

Commissioner, Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Empire State Plaza Agency Building 1, 20th Floor Albany, New York 12238 (518) 474-0443

NORTH CAROLINA (NC)

Director Department of Cultural Resources Division of Archives and History 109 East Jones Street Raleigh, North Carolina 27601-2807 (919) 733-7305

NORTH DAKOTA (ND)

Superintendent
State Historical Society of
North Dakota
ND Heritage Center
612 East Boulevard Avenue
Bismarck, North Dakota 58505-0830
(701) 328-2672

COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

Historic Preservation Officer Department of Community and Cultural Affairs Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands Saipan, Mariana Islands 96950 (670) 664-2120

OHIO (OH)

State Historic Preservation Officer Historic Preservation Division Ohio Historical Society 567 E. Hudson Street Columbus, Ohio 43211-1030 (614) 297-2470

OKLAHOMA (OK)

Executive Director, Oklahoma Historical Society and State Historic Preservation Officer Wiley Post Historical Building 2704 Villa Prom, Shepherd Mall Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73107 (405) 522-4484

OREGON (OR)

Director, State Parks and Recreation Department 1115 Commercial Street NE Salem, Oregon 97310-1001 (503) 378-5019

REPUBLIC OF PALAU

Historic Preservation Officer Ministry of Social Services Division of Cultural Affairs P.O. Box 100, Government of Palau Koror, Republic of Palau 96940 (680) 488-2489

PENNSYLVANIA (PA)

State Historic Preservation Officer Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission P. O. Box 1026 Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17108-1026 (717) 787-2891

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO (PR)

State Historic Preservation Officer La Fortaleza P. O. Box 82 San Juan, Puerto Rico 00901 (809) 721-2676

RHODE ISLAND (RI)

State Historic Preservation Officer Historical Preservation Commission Old State House 150 Benefit Street Providence, Rhode Island 02903 (401) 277-2678

SOUTH CAROLINA (SC)

Director Department of Archives and History 8301 Parklane Road Columbia, South Carolina 29223-4905 (803) 896-6100

SOUTH DAKOTA (SD)

State Historic Preservation Officer South Dakota State Historical Society Historical Preservation 900 Governors Drive Pierre, South Dakota 57501-2217 (605) 773-3458

TENNESSEE (TN)

Deputy Commissioner,
Department of Environment and
Conservation and State Historic
Preservation Officer
2941 Lebanon Road
Nashville, Tennessee 37243-0442
(615) 532-0105

TEXAS (TX)

Executive Director Texas Historical Commission P. O. Box 12276, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711-2276 (512) 463-6100

UTAH (UT)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Utah State Historical Society 300 Rio Grande Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 (801) 533-3551

VERMONT (VT)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Agency of Commerce and Community Development

Vermont Division for Historic Preservation National Life Building, Drawer 20 Montpelier, Vermont 05620-0501 (802) 828-3226

VIRGIN ISLANDS (VI)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Commissioner, Department of Planning and Natural Resources Foster Plaza, 396-1 Anna's Retreat St. Thomas, Virgin Islands 00802 (809) 776-8605

VIRGINIA (VA)

Director
Department of Historic Resources
2801 Kensington Avenue
Richmond, Virginia 23221
(804) 367-2323

WASHINGTON (WA)

State Historic Preservation
Officer
Office of Archaeology and Historic
Preservation
Washington State Department of
Community, Trade, and Economic
Development
420 Golf Club Road, SE, Suite 201
Olympia, Washington 98504
(360) 407-0765

WEST VIRGINIA (WV)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Commissioner, Division of Culture and History 1900 Kanawha Boulevard, E. Capitol Complex Charleston, West Virginia 25305 (304) 558-0200

WISCONSIN (WI)

State Historic Preservation Officer and Director, Historic Preservation Division State Historical Society 816 State Street Madison, Wisconsin 53706 (608) 264-6500

WYOMING (WY)

State Historic Preservation Officer Wyoming State Historic Preservation Office 2301 Central Barrett Building Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002 (307) 777-7697

TRIBAL PRESERVATION OFFICES

Tribal Preservation Officer Hualapai Tribe P.O. Box 310 Peach Springs, AZ 86434 (520) 769-2223

Tribal Preservation Officer Yurok Tribe 1034 6th Street Eureka, CA 95501-1126 (707) 444-0433

Tribal Preservation Officer Leech Lake Band of Chippewa Indians R.R. 3, P.O. Box 100 Cass Lake, MN 55633 (218) 335-8095

Tribal Preservation Officer Standing Rock Sioux Tribe P.O. Box D Fort Yates, ND 58538 (701) 854-2120 Tribal Preservation Officer Narragansett Indian Tribe Archeological/Anthropological Committee P.O. Box 700 Wyoming, RI 02898 (401) 364-3977

Tribal Historic Officer
Lac du Flambeau Band
of Lake Superior Chippewa
Indians
P.O. Box 67
Lac du Flambeau, WI 54538
(715) 588-3303

Tribal Preservation Officer White Mountain Apache Tribe P.O. Box 700 Whiteriver, AZ 85941 (520) 338-5430

Tribal Preservation Officer Mille Lacs Band of Ojibewe HCR 67, Box 194 Onamia, MN 56359 (320) 532-4181

Tribal Preservation Officer Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation P.O. Box 638 Pendleton, OR 97801 (541) 276-1966

Tribal Preservation Officer Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation P.O. Box 150 Nespelem, WA 99155 (509) 634-8890

Tribal Preservation Officer Museum and Cultural Services Tunica-Biloxi Indians of Louisiana P.O. Box 331 Marksville, LA 71351 (318) 253-9767 Tribal Preservation Officer Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Nation P.O. Box 278 Pablo, MT 59855 (406) 675-2700

Tribal Preservation Officer Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation in Oregon P.O. Box C Warm Springs, OR 97761 (541) 553-3265

Tribal Preservation Officer Spokane Tribe of Indians P.O. Box 100 Wellpinit, WA 99040 (509) 258-4581

Tribal Preservation Officer Mescalero Apache Tribe P.O. Box 227 Mescalero, NM 88340 (505) 671-4494

Tribal Preservation Officer Navajo Nation P.O. Box 4950 Window Rock, AZ 86515 (520) 871-6437

Tribal Preservation Officer Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe P.O. Box 590 Eagle Butte, SD 57625 (605) 964-2542

OTHER PRESERVATION ORGANIZATIONS

NATIONAL TRUST FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION

President National Trust for Historic Preservation 1785 Massachusetts Avenue NW. Washington, DC 20036 (202) 588-6000

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS (NCSHPO)

Executive Director
National Conference of State Historic
Preservation Officers
Hall of the States
444 No. Capitol Street, NW., Suite 332
Washington, DC 20001
(202) 624-5465

THE ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Executive Director
Advisory Council on Historic
Preservation
The Old Post Office Building
1100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW.
Suite 809
Washington, DC 20004
(202) 606-8503

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION, OFFICE OF EDUCATION AND PRESERVATION

Director
Office of Education & Preservation
Assistance
Old Post Office Building
1100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW.,
Suite 803
Washington, DC 20004
(202) 606-8505

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE CONSERVATION OF CULTURAL PROPERTY

President
National Institute for the
Conservation of Cultural Property
3299 K Street NW., Suite 602
Washington, DC 20037
(202) 625-1495

FEDERAL PRESERVATION OFFICERS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Director

Conservation and Environmental Protection Division Farm Service Bureau 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W. Stop 0513 Washington, DC 20013

Senior Environmental Specialist Rural Housing and Community Development Service Room 6303 14th Street and Independence Avenue S.W. Washington, DC 20250

Preservation Officer Forest Service Auditors' Building, 4 Central P.O. Box 96090 Washington, DC 20090-6090

Environmental Policy Specialist Electric Staff Division, Rural Utilities Room 2240 14th Street and Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, DC 20250

National Archeologist Economics and Social Sciences Division Natural Resources Conservation Service, P.O. Box 2890 Washington, DC 20013-2890

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal Preservation Officer, National Program Division Department of Commerce Office of Federal Property Programs Room 1040 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20230

Economic Development
Administration
Department of Commerce
Room 7019, Herbert Hoover Building
14th Street and Constitution
Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20230

Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration 1305 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20901

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Deputy Assistant Secretary for the Air Force (Environment Safety and Occupational Health) SAF/MIQ Room 5C 866 1660 Air Force Pentagon Washington, DC 20330-1660

Deputy Assistant Secretary for the Army (Environmental Safety and Occupational Health) Room 2E 577 110 Army Pentagon Washington, DC 20310-01 10

Preservation Officer Directorate of Civil Works, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Washington, DC 20314-1000

Navy Federal Preservation Officer Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, 1000 Navy Pentagon Washington, DC 20360-5000

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Federal Preservation Office Department of Education 555 New Jersey Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20208-1430

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Office of Environmental Guidance Department of Energy 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, DC 20585

Secretary
Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission
PR-11.2
888 First Street, N.E.
Washington, DC 20426

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Historic Preservation Officer
Department of Health and Human
Services
Room 4714, Cohen Building
330 Independence Avenue, S.W.
Washington, DC 20201

Federal Preservation Officer National Institutes of Health Facilities Planning Office Building 13, Room 2W48 Bethesda, Maryland 20892

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Director
Office of Environment and Energy
Department of Housing and Urban
Development,
Room 7240
451 7th Street, S.W.
Washington, DC 20410

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Federal Preservation Officer Environmental Services Bureau of Indian Affairs Mail Stop 4525 (MIB), Department of the Interior 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20245

Federal Preservation Officer Bureau of Land Management (240) 204-LS 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20240

Assistant Director Refuges and Wildlife Mail Stop 3248-MIB, Fish and Wildlife Service 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20240

Archeologist
Branch of Environmental Operations
and Analysis
Mineral Management Service,
Mail Stop 4360
381 Elden Street
Herndon, Virginia 22070

Federal Preservation Officer Cultural Resource Stewardship and Partnerships National Park Service Room 3128 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20240

Federal Preservation Officer Division of Regulatory Programs Office of Surface Mining 1951 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20240 Federal Preservation Officer Environmental Affairs Program U.S. Geological Survey, National Center Mail Stop 423 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive Reston, Virginia 22092

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Preservation Officer Department of Justice, Suite 1060 National Place Building 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20250

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Federal Preservation Officer Division of Administrative Services Department of Labor, Room C-4513 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Federal Preservation Officer Office of Operations Department of State Room 1878 2201 C Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20520

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Preservation Officer Environmental Division Office of Transportation Regulatory Affairs Department of Transportation, Environmental Division (P-14) 400 7th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20590

Federal Preservation Officer Office of Environment and Energy AEE-300 Federal Aviation Administration 800 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, DC 20591

Federal Preservation Officer Environmental Analysis Division, HEP-40 Federal Highway Administration 400 7th Street, S.W., Room 3240 Washington, DC 20590

Federal Preservation Officer Office of Policy, Room 8302, RRP-32 Department of Transportation 400 7th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20590 Federal Preservation Officer Federal Transit Administration Department of Transportation, (TGM-22) 400 7th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20590

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Environmental Programs Officer Treasury Department Annex Building Room 6140 Washington, DC 20220

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

Federal Preservation Officer Historic Preservation Office (086B) Department of Veterans Affairs 810 Vermont Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20420

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Federal Preservation Officer Office of Federal Activities Environmental Protection Agency, 410 M Street, S.W. (2232-A) Washington, DC 20460

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Federal Preservation Officer Office of the General Counsel Federal Communications Commmission Room 616 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Federal Preservation Officer Division of Supervision, Room 5028 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation 550 17th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20429

FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE BOARD

Federal Preservation Officer Federal Housing Finance Board Housing Finance Directorate 1777 F Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20429

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Federal Preservation Officer Federal Emergency Management Agency Room 714 500 C Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20006

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Director, Arts and Historic Preservation Public Buildings Service General Services Administration Room 4209 1800 F Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20405

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

Chief
Section of Energy and Environment
Interstate Commerce Commission
12th Street and Constitution
Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20423

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Federal Preservation Officer American Folklife Center Library of Congress Washington, DC 20540-8100

METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS AUTHORITY

Federal Preservation Officer Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority Engineering Division, MWAA Washington National Airport Washington, DC 20001-4901

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

Federal Preservation Officer
Facilities Engineering Division,
Code JXG,
NASA Headquarters
Two Independence Square, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20546

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Federal Preservation Officer National Capital Planning Commission Suite 301 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20576

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS

Federal Preservation Officer National Endowment for the Arts 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Room 522 Washington, DC 20506

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES

Federal Preservation Officer National Endowment for the Humanities 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, Room 420 Washington, DC 20506

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Federal Preservation Officer Office of Legislative and Public Affairs National Science Foundation 4201 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, Virginia 22230

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Federal Preservation Officer Nuclear Regulatory Commission Mail Stop 3D-23 Washington, DC 20555

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Federal Preservation Officer Office of Personnel Management Washington, DC 20555

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Federal Preservation Officer
Design and Planning
Pennsylvania Avenue Development
Corporation
Suite 1220 North
1331 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20004

APPENDIX X: LIST OF NATIONAL REGISTER BULLETINS

The Basics

How to Apply National Register Criteria for Evaluation *

Guidelines for Completing National Register of Historic Places Form

Part A: How to Complete the National Register Form *

Part B: How to Complete the National Register Multiple Property Documentation Form

Researching a Historic Property *

How to Prepare National Historic Landmark Nominations *

Property Types

Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Historic Aids to Navigation *

Guidelines for Identifying, Evaluating and Registering America's Historic Battlefields *

Guidelines for Evaluating and Registering Historical Archeological Sites *

Guidelines for Evaluating and Registering Cemeteries and Burial Places *

How to Evaluate and Nominate Designed Historic Landscapes *

Guidelines for Identifying, Evaluating and Registering Historic Mining Sites *

How to Apply National Register Criteria to Post Offices *

Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Properties Associated with Significant Persons

Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Properties That Have Achieved Significance Within the Last Fifty Years *

Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Rural Historic Landscapes *

Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Traditional Cultural Properties *

Nominating Historic Vessels and Shipwrecks to the National Register of Historic Places

Technical Assistance

Contribution of Moved Buildings to Historic Districts; Tax Treatments for Moved Buildings; and Use of Nomination Documentation in the Part I Certification Process

Defining Boundaries for National Register Properties*

Guidelines for Local Surveys: A Basis for Preservation Planning *

How to Improve the Quality of Photographs for National Register Nominations

National Register Casebook: Examples of Documentation *

The above publications may be obtained by writing to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20240. Publications marked with an asterisk (*) are also available in electronic form on the World Wide Web at www.cr.nps.gov/nr, or send your request by e-mail to nr_reference@nps.gov.